

Vol 4. ~~Serials~~ Sub
~~Sub~~ J-L

~~67~~ ~~50~~ 50-156 2

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Interviews
il Order

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FBI - CENTRAL RECORDS CENTER

LA - LOS ANGELES

INTERVIEWS

Class / Case #	Sub	Vol.	Serial #
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CLASSIFICATION NO.

FEDERAL BUREAU
of
INVESTIGATION

Volume Number

Serials

Bureau File Number

See also Nos.

FBI

Muller
was he been interviewed
I 54a

RAMPART DETECTIVE DIVISION

INTERVIEWS - JUNE 6, 1968 KENNEDY SHOOTING DR 68-521-466

DARNELL JOHNSON - 9225 Holmes Avenue, Ph. 566-4746 Interviewed in rm 1184 new Hall of Records. Present during interview were Mr. Herb Carter, L.A. Co. Human Relations Commission, and Agents R. Morneau and I. Wells, L.A. Office F.B.I. and myself.

Mr. Johnson stated that he was present at the Ambassador Hotel when Senator Kennedy was shot. He stated that as Kennedy finished talk and started towards kitchen area, he entered kitchen area by another entrance and as Kennedy and party were approaching him down the kitchen aisle he observed a group of five people between he and Kennedy party.

The group was standing close enough that there was physical contact between the five people and they all appeared to be talking with the exception of the suspect that was taken into custody. The suspect did not appear to be engaging in the conversation. This group of people was described by Mr. Johnson as following:

1. F/C 23-25 5' 8" 140 well built, long lt hair wearing white dress with quarter size drk polka dots.
2. M/C 30-35 6' 1" 185-195 blnd hair poss surf syl wearing blue wash and wear coat and drker blue pants white shirt and tie.
3. M/C 24-25 5'10" - 11" med built brn hair long like needed a hair cut wearing spt coat w darker pants white shirt and tie
4. M/C 25-26 6' slim, dk brn hair, brn spt coat, white shirt and tie
5. Suspect -- Identified from mug.

When the ruckus started girl and 3 guys turned and left walking past me either out or back to ball room. "Girl" and guy in blue coat returned. "Girl" talked to a mex. girl (F/Mex 19-21 5'2" hvy) who was part of Kennedy group

56-1A-156 SUB J-L

RAMPART DETECTIVE DIVISION

I-54-B

INTERVIEWS - CONTINUED

As suspect was being escorted out of kitchen area, everybody started following. Girl was still in kitchen area as Johnson left area with the crowd. He does not recall seeing the guy in the blue coat at the time and didn't see the other two men again. Would recognize girl if he saw her again also the guy in the blue coat. Stated that Semate had features similar to Cheryl Wessels from mug shown him and hair also appears to be similar but "girls" poss shorter.

R. Johnson

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 7/19/68

~~Lieutenant ROY KEENE, Los Angeles Police Department,~~
made available the results of an interview with RAFER
JOHNSON which is as follows:

*P.D. Interview attached
original P.D. 302
See Ser 1214
to*

On 7/11/68 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 56-156
by SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR./mdm Date dictated 7/12/68

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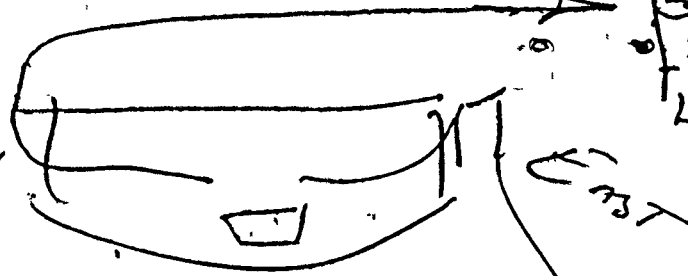
RAMPART DETECTIVE DIVISION

INTERVIEWS - JUNE 5, 1968 KENNEDY SHOOTING DR 68-521 466

INTERVIEWED BY M.J. MC GANN
R. L. CLAKINS HOMICIDE DIV.

STATEMENT OF RAFER JOHNSON
5470 West Blvd.
90043
Ph: 294-1270

Can I.D. susp. and gun. (Heard one shot, Kennedy entered door. Then heard several more, by the time 2nd shot fired, he was at door.) Susp. pacing Kennedy who was walking eastbound surrounded by newsmen. When Johnson entered through door, he saw Rosey Grier heading toward susp. who was holding the gun. Grier got to the susp. and grabbed him before Johnson did. Susp. was still waving gun out in front of him. Johnson thought it was held in his left hand. Johnson took possession of the gun. Susp. was held by Grier, Johnson, and other unk persons. Susp. turned over to uniform officer at scene. Susp. taken out through main lobby. Susp. described as Male Latin, 25/26, short, thin, dark curly hair, med. length, blue denim pants, jacket unk color, blk socks. Johnson asked, "Why did you do it" Susp stated in English, "I'll explaint it." As Johnson passed Kennedy, he noted Kennedy, an aide, and possibly a woman down.

Johnson

Susp DACING KENNEDY who was with
 FBI surrounded my newsmen. When
 Johnson entered through door he saw
 Roscy Grier heading toward susp who
 was holding the gun. Grier ~~took~~ ran
 to the susp & grabbed him before John
 did. Susp was still waving gun out in
 front of him. Johnson remarks it was

RECORDS
CHECKED

INTERVIEWS

FILE # I-617

TAPE # 29317

PERSON INTERVIEWED: KADAR, Gabor DATE/TIME 7-30-68 2:30 PM

SEX M RACE C HAIR Brn EYES Brn HT 5-8 WT 130 DOB 1-4-47

RESIDENCE ADDRESS 309 N. Ogden Dr. PHONE WE 42168

BUSINESS ADDRESS _____ PHONE _____

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

SEE: ATTACHED INTERVIEW

MS

kw/8-2-68

INVESTIGATORS MAKING INTERVIEW:
S/Collins/MacArthur/Patchett

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APPROVED BY: [Signature]

[Signature]

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION WAS GATHERED FROM AN INTERVIEW WITH GABOR KADAR CONDUCTED BY SGT. J.R. MAC ARTHUR, SGT. C.E. COLLINS, AND SGT. F.J. PATCHETT, ALL OF THE LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT AT 803 PARKER CENTER ON JULY 30, 1968 AT 2:30 P.M.

Gabor Kadar, Address: 309 North Ogden Drive, Los Angeles. Telephone No. Webster 42168. Male Caucasian. Birthdate: January 4, 1947. Height: five feet-eight inches. Weight: 130 pounds. Brown hair and brown eyes. Occupation: President of Diplomat Sales Company Incorporated of 309 North Ogden Drive, Los Angeles, California.

Witness states he arrived at the Ambassador Hotel at approximately 10:00 p.m. on June 4, 1968. Upon arriving, he had tried to gain entrance to the Embassy ballroom, but was refused. He then went to the Ambassador ballroom and remained there for approximately one half hour. He then went to the floor below the Ambassador ballroom into a kitchen area where he obtained a cook's uniform which he put on and then went back up the stairs to the Embassy room where he gained admittance. He removed the uniform.

During Senator Kennedy's speech, he stood in front of the podium on the west side. When the speech was concluded and Kennedy left the stage by the rear exit, witness jumped up on the stage and followed the Senator out the back. He observed the Senator enter the pantry area and was approximately three or four feet from the door when he heard what he thought was four or five firecrackers go off. He then ran forward and observed one man lying on the floor who appeared to be dead. He then observed two males struggling with the suspect. He believes one of the males was Roosevelt Grier. He then jumped up on the metal table where the struggle was going on. He yelled for someone to get the gun. He also states that he hit the suspect on the chest and on the knee.

He remained in the kitchen until after the police arrived and took the suspect away.

KAULITZ, DAVID TRENT (Registered Owner)
1112 18th St., Apt 2, Santa Monica
(60 Mercedes Benz 4-dr)

6-6-68 11:40pm
Cullum (Phone)

Sgt. Williams, DHQ, received call from unknown source stating they had seen a light blue Mercedes Benz auto on a parking lot at 22631 Ventura Blvd. with two long haired creeps in the car. License # JLE 166, with a Jordan license plate 6628 above the California plate. Above is registered to this plate.

INTERVIEWS

PERSON INTERVIEWED: KAWALEC, STANLEY STEVEN DATE/TIME 7-2-68 10amSEX M RACE Cauc HAIR EYES HT WT DOB 12-2-20RESIDENCE ADDRESS 502 S. Westlake #107 PHONE HU 36171BUSINESS ADDRESS Ambassador Hotel PHONE DU 37011 ext 356

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

Reinterview:

Kawalec was guard posted by Wm Gardner, chief of security, Ambassador Hotel, at rear door of stage. Just prior to conclusion of speech he was instructed by another security guard, Tom Perez (works back gate at Ambassador from 230pm to 1030pm), to clear the crowd in the kitchen area as the Senator would be coming through. Kawalec recalled there were a lot of people in the kitchen as he walked ahead of the senator. He attempted to have people stand back for the senator as he walked through the kitchen. He recalled the senator stopping to shake hands with people. He was not sure where he was when he first heard the shots. However, he did recall having to turn around, as the shots came from his rear - unknown if right or left side, and when he did he first observed the senator down. His next observation was the struggle with the suspect. He stated there was a fireman to his left (unknown name at this time) and the two joined hands to hold back the crowd. His position at this time was at the end of the ice machine furthest from the partition. He recalled hearing 4 or 5 shots, no more. He was in uniform at the time.

MS.
1b/8-7-68INVESTIGATORS MAKING INTERVIEW:
SGT PATCHETT

APPROVED BY:

FILE COPY

FILE # 1-210

Informants Name:

KENDALL CHARLES

Business Address & Phone: 337 3150

2107 WEST RADIOLA BLVD (WEST COVINA)

Residence & Phone:

TAPE # 29201
TAPE # 29270

Investigator Receiving Info:

MCGANN

Date & Time Received:

INFORMATION:

MEMBER S.G.V. Gun Club. TO BE
INTERVIEWED.

ASSIGNED TO:

MCGANN

ACTION TAKEN

- RESULTS:

ON 6-17-68 I INTERVIEWED MR. KENDALL AT HIS HOME.

HE STATED HE HAS BEEN A MEMBER OF THE SAN GABRIEL VALLEY GUN CLUB FOR THE PAST 10 YRS.

ON 6-4-68 APPROX. 12 PM. HE ARRIVED AT THE CLUB & ENTERED THE RANGE FROM THE PARKING AREA WALKING ALONG THE EAST END OF THE STORAGE SHED ADDENDUM #1 TO TARGET #5.

AFTER ARRIVING AT TARGET #5 HE NOTED SIKHAN -

Date/Time Completed:

6/18/68

Approved B.

Lt. P. B. B.

2.

FIRING ON TARGET # 12 OR 13. SIRHAN WAS FIRING A SHORT BARRELED REV. BLUE STEEL IN COLOR SMALL CAL. SIRHAN WAS FIRING DOUBLE ACTION RAPID FIRE.

KENDALL ALSO NOTED A BIRD FEM (NO FUR. DESCRIPTION) FIRING ON TARGET # 1 OR 2

ADDENDUM # 1. HE ALSO OBS TWO OR THREE YOUNG ADULTS FIRING ON TARGET 21 OR 22.

AFTER FIRING FOR ABOUT 20 min HE NOTED THE BIRD FEM. WAS GONE. HE DID NOT SEE THIS FEM AGAIN. SIRHAN WAS STILL FIRING RAPID FIRE & REMAINED ON THE RANGE FOR APPROX 1 1/2 hrs. WHEN KENDALL STARTED TO LEAVE THE RANGE HE NOTICED SIRHAN DISCUSSING HIS TARGETS WITH BACKNER (THE RANGE MASTER).

KENDALL DID ^{NOT} SEE SIRHAN HAVE A CONVERSATION WITH ANY ONE ON THE RANGE.

ON 6-5-68 12⁴⁵ AM KENDALL SAW SIRHAN ON T.V. & REMEMBERED him FROM THE RANGE.

ON 6-6-68 KENDALL RETURNED TO THE RANGE & TOLD MR Hayer (Gun Club Mgr) OF his discovery.

3.

BOTH KENDALL & HAGER CHECKED & THE
~~NAME~~ SIGN IN ROSTER & FOUND SIRHAN'S
NAME & ADDRESS.

KENDALL IS VERY COOPERATIVE & SEEMS
TO BE RELIABLE.

NORTH

DIRECTION OF FIRE

1 2,3 4,5 6,7 8,9 10,11 12,13 14,15 16,17 18,19 20,21 22,23 24

CONTROL
TOWER

STORAGE
SHACK

PISTOL RANGE

REPAIR SHACK

RIFLE RANGE

PARKING AREA

SAN GABRIEL VALLEY GUN CLUB 4001 FISH CANYON RD. DUARTE, CALIF.

NOT DRAWN TO SCALE

FBI

I-39

Rampart Detective Division

Interview -- June 6, 1968

Kennedy Shooting Dr#68-521-466

6-5-68 6:50 a.m.

After conducting several interviews at good Samaritan Hospital we attempted to interview Mrs. Kennedy. A representative of the family, Mr. Frederick Dutton, refused us permission to stating he wanted to talk to the Chief (referring to Chief Fisk). The Chief informed Mr. Dutton that he was interferring with the investigation, but Mr. Dutton remained adamant.

Pierre Salinger then entered the discussion and he promised that Mrs. Kennedy would not talk to anyone regarding the case until interviewed by the assigned investigations.

Chiquet/Henderson
Homicide 6-5-68 7:45 a.m.

Add. 2nd incident, Sgt. Jordon and Sgt. Barry

P.O. Package/ on
Khairi Khan

United Patriots For Justice
(Established 1951)

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THE KHAIBAR KHAN

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TAIMOUR KHAN OSIVAND

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MOHAMMAD KHAN KURDESTANI

Lur Tribe, Persia
DR. NOSRATOLAH KHAN BRUJERDI

Hamedan, Persia
DR. AHMAD HUSSEIN DAYARI

c/o Moss, Wels & Marcus
341 Madison Avenue
New York City, New York

February 15, 1965

To The Special Committee of 24
on the Situation With Regard To
the Implementation of the Declaration
on the Granting of Independence to
Colonial Countries and Peoples:

Your Excellencies:

I have the honor on behalf of the oppressed tribal peoples in Iran, who make a population of nearly five million and who consist of the Bakhtiari, the Arabs, the Kurds, the Lurs, the Ghashghais, the Mamesanis, the Baseris and the Bovir Ahmedis, to present to you this petition, to extend an urgent invitation to the Special Committee to send a mission to the tribal areas to confirm the fact of the oppression under which these people live, and the manner in which they have been systematically deprived of their freedom, their resources, and of all of the basic human rights which the Charter of the United Nations, the Declaration of Human Rights, and the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples have sought to assure them.

On January 12, 1944, President Franklin D. Roosevelt, expressing his interest in relieving the tribal peoples in Iran, said in a memorandum to Secretary of State Cordell Hull:

"Iran is definitely a very, very backward nation. It consists really of a series of tribes, and 99 percent of the population is, in effect, in bondage to the other 1 per cent. The 99 per cent do not own their land and cannot keep their own production or convert it into money or property.

I was rather thrilled with the idea of using Iran as an example of what we could do by an un-

- 2 -

February 15, 1965

selfish American policy. We could not take on a more difficult nation than Iran. I should like, however, to have a try at it. The real difficulty is to get the right kind of American experts who would be loyal to their ideals, not fight among themselves, and be absolutely honest financially. If we could get this policy started, it would become permanent if it succeeded as we hope during the first five or ten years. And incidentally the whole experiment need cost the taxpayers of the United States very little money."

Twenty years and \$ U. S. 2,000,000,000 later, the corrupt and greedy regime of the Shah had so systematically diverted from the people, and into private bank accounts and investments in Switzerland, the United States, the United Kingdom, and South America such a large portion of the billions of dollars of foreign aid and oil revenues that the condition of the tribal peoples was no different than had been described by President Roosevelt in 1944.

Indeed, so experienced a person in Middle Eastern affairs as Max Weston Thornburg (a senior official of the Bahrein Petroleum Company and the California-Texas Oil Company, Petroleum Adviser to the United States Department of State, adviser to the Governments of Turkey and Iran, and Professor at the University of California and at the Harvard Center for International Studies) in his book "People and Policy in the Middle East", published in 1964, had this to say:

"Persia is a good case to start with, because almost all the factors commonly regarded as favorable to accelerated growth seem to have been present during the thirty-five years that have passed since Reza Shah took over. Throughout this time, except for a short period following oil nationalization, there was ample money for substantial investment, public and private, including both foreign exchange and national currency. As for human resources, around 20,000,000 people were reasonably well distributed in respect to economic resources. A relatively small upper class was well educated in their own or European universities. This

February 15, 1965

group included lawyers, economists, and engineers and other technologists. As for political organization, throughout the period there has been a constitution modeled on Western patterns, with an elected Parliament (Majles) and Council of Ministers. Except for the period 1941-1946 while the country was occupied by Allied powers, and except for Mossadegh's three years in power, the Shah has had all but complete dictatorial powers - if he chose to exercise them - backed by the army and police.

Notwithstanding all this, a broad assessment of this thirty-five years of effort indicates that around 90% of the population is not better off than at the beginning. What has obstructed advancement?"

It is indeed surprising that the Shah himself who came from one of the poorest families in Iran and whose father Reza Ghuli as a boy of 12 in 1889 had to work in the stables of the Russian Legation in Azarbaijan, has so utterly forgotten the poor populace of the country. One would think that he would remember the poor condition in which he used to live as a small boy when his father was a private at the Cossack Army and even for this reason alone would do something to better the condition of living of the deprived and starved group, a group that once he himself belonged to, in Iran.

On June 4, 1964, Roger Baldwin and Jan Papnek on behalf of The International League For the Rights of Man, in a letter to the Secretary-General said:

"We have had occasion in the past to call to the attention of the proper agencies of the United Nations the grave violations of human rights in Iran. Documentary evidence makes it clear that under the guise of a constitutional monarchy with democratic professions, the present regime follows the most autocratic methods of suppressing opposition.

We have in our possession the names of many Iranian citizens, some of them well-known in

February 15, 1965

public life, prosecuted before military tribunals, for acts not associated with violence or subversion. It is a matter of record that martial law has been in effect for many years in order to silence the opposition; that political prisoners are tortured; that indeed a year ago, hundreds if not thousands of persons not engaged in armed rebellion were shot down by the military. These serious crimes against the Iranian people committed by agents of an autocratic government should not go unnoticed by the United Nations. We trust that whatever lies within the competence of any U. N. agency will be done to inquire into the situation - so grave as to shock all those familiar with it."

Vice-President Hubert Humphrey, in a letter published in Newsweek Magazine on May 22, 1961, said:

"Do you know what the head of the Iranian army told one of our people? He said the army is in good shape, thanks to U. S. aid - it was now capable of coping with the civilian population. That army isn't planning to fight Russians. It is planning to fight the Iranian people."

Yet, as was pointed out by George Liska in "The New Statecraft", published by the University of Chicago in 1960, and as appeared in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee Hearings on the Mutual Security Act of 1958, millions of dollars are spent from military aid funds to Iran each year to support Savak, the secret police, so that it can supervise the Army and make sure that it is not subverted into assisting the civilian population, including the tribal peoples, rather than fighting them.

As Richard W. Cottam has said in "Nationalism in Iran" published by the University of Pittsburg Press, the regime of the Shah has inevitably taken on the complexion of the police state. Describing the manner in which the peoples of Iran have found themselves in a totalitarian state, Professor Cottam said:

"Increasingly the Majles and the cabinet were

February 15, 1965

compelled to hew to the Shah's line, and few men in the post-Zahedi governments had any independent power. The Shah exercised control through the Government's security organs - the army, the gendarmery, the police, and the steadily growing Iranian equivalent of the Gestapo which bears the ominous-sounding initials of SAVAK."

As Max Thornburg has said, the rapacious regime of the Shah has bled both the treasury and the current production of the country into their own or their henchmen's pockets; the tribes and the urban populations have become openly defiant of the Shah's government; the peasant population has been facing starvation and pestilence; and the press has become nothing more than paid and controlled organs for slander, available to the highest bidder in a country where the only ones who can back such a bid are the regime.

The Government of Iran itself (through its representative in the United Nations) has stated very clearly and idealistically its position with regard to human rights. Mr. Mohied Din Nabavi, rapporteur for the SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE SITUATION WITH REGARD TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES, committed his Government to the strongest possible stand in favour of political and economic freedom for all peoples. Cannot the United Nations implement the words of the Iranian representative so that the subjugated oppressed Iranian peoples are afforded the noble liberties which their own representative so eloquently defends within the United Nations?

For example, on April 29, 1964, at a meeting of the Sub-Committee, concerning the United States Virgin Islands,

"MR. NAVABI (Iran) emphasized that the provisions of the Declaration on the granting of independence applied to all dependent Territories, irrespective of their size and population.

Since the promulgation of the Organic Act in 1936, progress in the United States Virgin Islands had generally been rapid and satisfactory. The Iranian delegation welcomed the economic and social successes achieved and the fact that the

February 15, 1965

population was able to participate actively in politics and in the administration of their Territory. The United States was fulfilling its obligations under the Charter with regard to the Virgin Islands. The only doubt which his delegation had, on which it would welcome clarification, was whether the 1964 Constitutional Convention would in any way be limited by the provisions of the United States Constitution in its choice of the Territory's future status. It was important that the population should decide freely how it would exercise its right to self-determination."

In this above passage, quoted verbatim from the Sub-Committee report, the Iranian representative supports unequivocally the right of populations to decide freely how they wish to exercise their right to self-determination. Since this is the stated position of the Iranian Government, surely the United Nations can have no reservations about determining whether these rights exist in Iran, or whether the population is utterly subjugated by a police state headed by the Shah and supported by American arms and foreign aid funds. Mr. Navabi even suggests indirectly a method by which the United Nations could investigate the appalling conditions in Iran. In his tender solicitude for the population of the United States Virgin Islands, Mr. Navabi remarks that:

"Although the Special Committee was fully entitled to send visiting missions to the Territories that it was considering, it would perhaps be better in the case of the smaller Territories to send one or more observers, who would report to the Special Committee."

Could not the United Nations send "visiting missions" to Iran to observe and report how this sovereign people has been enslaved by its self-appointed Sovereign? And how the tribal millions have been deprived of self-government, of human rights and civil liberties, and of their own resources?

Again, in July 20, 1964, the distinguished representative of Iran acted as rapporteur for the Sub-Committee (Report III). In this capacity, Mr. Navabi pronounced the following glowing conclusions:

".....the Sub-Committee was of the opinion that,

February 15, 1965

during the aforementioned Constitutional Convention, the people should be called upon to choose in complete freedom the form of their political future: full independence, free association or integration, without that freedom being subjected to any restriction whatsoever:

.....In any case, the people should be consulted to ascertain their wishes without any restriction whatsoever. No legal, political, constitutional or other obstacles should be permitted to interfere with their freedom of choice in the exercise of their right to self-determination. It was said that the Administering Power must respect the voice thus to be made by the population in accordance with the principles embodied in resolutions 1514 (XV) and 1541 (XV);"

These elementary truths of human rights, so unequivocally stated by Mr. Nabavi, are the very rights which the Iranian people are being denied completely. All that we ask for the Iranian people is that the United Nations compel the Iranian Government to honour its own words as spoken by its own delegate.

The true situation in Iran has been eloquently presented by the philosopher Bertrand Russel (in The Minority of One) November, 1964. All of the frightful facts marshaled by Lord Russel are well-known, even common-place, to every Iranian whether of high or low station. Can the United Nations in good conscience admit the following account to be true, and yet do nothing about it?

"The Iranian army, consisting of two hundred thousand men, serves the Shah, Mohammed Reza. It is said that this army is intended to defend Iran from outside attack. The army is supported by U. S. forces stationed in the Persian Gulf ostensibly for the purpose of maneuvers. There is a large police force and also a secret police numbering over sixty thousand. The actual function of this vast collection of armed men is the protection of American and British oil refineries and pipelines.

The Central Intelligence Agency plays an important role behind the scenes, as it proudly

February 15, 1965

admits with regard to the deposition of Mohammed Mossadeq when he nationalized the oil industry in Iran.

The Shah is supported by the large landowners and the army. He receives oil royalties of \$400 million annually in addition to which the United States sends him an annual sum of \$80 million.

Despite the substantial income from oil and aid alone, the average life expectancy of Iranians is under thirty and the death rate is approximately fifty per cent of all children born. Eighty-five percent of the population is illiterate. Oppression takes the form of complete control of the press and the Assembly. Restless university students are murdered in their classrooms, political opponents have been subjected to torture, and any ordinary Iranian may be held and beaten without formal recourse.

This aspect of Iranian life is rarely discussed in the Western press. The Shah spends large sums on advertising and on public relations firms. He is portrayed as a progressive monarch who faces opposition because of his attempts at reform! Yet despite his great "efforts", an examination of the Iranian budget reveals that twelve billion rials are spent on the army and one billion on the Ministry of Health. Six-tenths of billion rials are allocated for universities. Of the two latter figures, much disappears into the pockets of officials before reaching its nominal destination.

I shall discuss shortly the much vaunted land reform program of the Shah. I shall mention now only that no land whatever has been given away and that sixty percent of all farmers possess no land at all. The Shah himself is said to own 3.7 million acres, three million of which are the property of his heir upon coming of age. Any remaining land may be sold to peasants but nothing is given. The Shah receives honorary

February 15, 1965 ~

degrees in the United States, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation has formally "visited" opponents of the Shah living in America.

The four hundred million dollars revenue from oil is entirely absorbed by the military elite. They swallow, as well, the taxes taken, the profits from the proceeds of land sold to the peasants, allocations for various fake projects of development, and bribes for protection and favor. Newsweek gave an interesting account of this process in its issue of 16 April 1962. Not surprisingly, eighty-five percent of the population exists on an average annual income of \$70.

The national treasury, moreover, is perpetually bankrupt owing to the rate of depletion into foreign banks where the Shah has numerous accounts. Sums which do not so disappear are used to buy the service of aristocratic landowners, military officers and military police, which are the largest force of their kind in the Middle East. In addition, 60,000 secret police are used to spy continually upon all educated people and tribal leaders. Even the families of these men are ignorant of their position in the secret police.

The behavior of this secret police is in the tradition of tyranny. The Research and Information Commission of the International Students Conference reported that in December 1953, the Royal Military Guard and police agents entered the University of Teheran and shot to death three unarmed students suspected of dissident views. Frequent invasions of the University by armed soldiers in uniform, police and secret agents occurred, and if three or more students were observed talking together, they were approached and warned to cease their discussion.

May 2, 1961 saw Government troops attack 4,000 teachers in Teheran because of a teachers' strike for higher pay. One teacher was killed and three wounded according to a first hand report of Dr. Burton W. Marvin, Chairman of

February 15, 1965

the American Exchange Division at the University of Teheran (Saturday Evening Post, December 30, 1961).

Six months later, on January 21, 1962, paratroopers of the Shah broke into the University and attacked students with bayonets, injuring five hundred and disabling many permanently. The "crime" of the students, was a request that secondary school students, who had been expelled for spoken criticisms of the Government, should be readmitted, (Time Magazine, February 2, 1962). The Chancellor of the University of Teheran sent the following courageous message to the Prime Minister:

Pursuant to our conversation, at 11:00 a.m., soldiers and paratroopers have occupied Teheran University. There was no reason or excuse for the violation of the rights or regulations of the University.

Soldiers and paratroopers after entry attacked boys and girls indiscriminately ... many of the students were beaten to the point of death. I have never seen or heard of so much cruelty, sadism, atrocity and vandalism on the part of Government forces. Some of the girls were criminally attacked in the classrooms by the soldiers.

When we inspected the University buildings, we were faced with a situation as if an army of barbarians had invaded an enemy territory. Books were torn, shelves were broken, typewriters smashed, laboratory equipment stolen or destroyed, desks, chairs, doors, windows and walls were vandalized by the troops fighting unarmed students without interference from their officers.

Even the University hospital had not been immune from the soldiers. Many of the nurses and

February 15, 1965

patients were either beaten or wounded. The same pattern was followed in the faculty club and the foreign students' dormitory. At present, a great number of students are severely injured and are patients at the University hospital.

As the Chancellor of the University, also as the representative of the faculty and the student body, I take this opportunity to protest against this atrocious and criminal action. As long as the responsible individuals are not punished for their beastly action, all the deans of the colleges and I submit our resignations. (Dr. A. Farhad, Chancellor, Teheran University, as quoted in the report of the RIC of the International Student Conference.)

It will be enlightening to study the Shah's own private interests in this paragon country of liberty and enlightenment. The Minority of One in December 1962 documented how the Shah, while portraying himself as a reforming monarch giving land to the landless, actually owned (and still owns) a monopoly of all opium plantations. Whereas in 1953, heroin was unknown in Iran, today twenty percent of Iranians under thirty are addicted. The Shah introduced heroin in addition to opium because it is a more efficient crop. Millions of dollars are earned annually by the Shah and in 1960 his sister, Princess Ashraf, was arrested by the Swiss police for having suitcases full of heroin.

The United States Customs Department and the Federal Bureau of Investigation apparently know beyond doubt that Iran is the primary source of narcotics smuggled into the United States, but the Shah's value to Western oil interests and the other like members of the "Free World" grant him immunity.

The Shah spends over six million dollars annually on advertising his "benevolence" through the firm of Kaston, Hilton, Chesley, Clifford and

Atherton. Books are commissioned as apologia, such as A. Banani's "Modernization of Iran" which was found by Michael Parrish (TMO, December, 1962) to have been ghost-written by an American press agent (Donald Whilhelm).

The pattern of brutal repression continues today. The military tribunal investigating the appeal of the many prisoners of the national movement, the Iranian National Front, has confirmed the original sentences of long-term solitary confinement. These men were first sentenced in February 1964. Nine men were given a total of 51 years in the Shah's prisons because of verbal opposition to the oppressive measures of the Government. The men in question are Professor Mehdi Bazargan, former dean of the Faculty of Technology (ten years solitary confinement); Professor Ayatullah Talaghani, Department of Theology (ten years solitary confinement); Dr. Yadullah Sahabi, Professor of Geology (six years solitary confinement); Dr. Ahmad-ali Babai (six years solitary confinement); Engineer Izzatu Sahabi (four years solitary confinement); Mehdi Jafari (four years solitary confinement) and Parviz Adalatmanesh, (one year solitary confinement).

The trial was held in secret and the request of the accused to have the proceedings published at their own expense was turned down.

I shall now examine in some detail the nature of land reform in Iran, for it is upon this program that the Shah has hinged his campaign of respectability.

Of the fifteen million peasants of Iran, 600,000 have been sold parcels of land. Out of a total of 50,000 villages, 3,700 have been bought from the landlords. This took place over a period of sixteen months and resulted in installment obligations upon Iran's poor peasants which they can ill afford.

February 15, 1965

The Iranian Minister of Agriculture reported that the value of the land bought is 399,171,197 rials of which 338,937,942 rials have been paid as the first installment. This land, which sells for the benefit of landlords, is sold to the "middle peasants" who own one or several units of production (seed, water, cattle or agricultural tools). This is the explanation of the payment of 17,956,778 rials for the first installment. The poorest peasants, who are the greatest majority, in no way partake. The Shah once described them in a speech as "living in caves and mud houses in which even animals could not survive". These people have not paid 120,000,000 rials into "co-operatives" as claimed.

It should be remembered that these figures are Governmental and must be taken as the most optimistic on the land sold to middle peasants. They point clearly to the fact that the main beneficiaries are the landlords themselves. The Shah remains the largest holder of land in the country. Over 2,100 villages were accumulated during the 1930's by his father through confiscation and terror. When the Shah's father left in 1941 for exile, his accumulated holdings were given to the state to be freely distributed to the landless peasants. But, the final decision on this was "postponed" until 1951. The Shah then took possession of the title to this land personally. He proclaimed his intention to distribute the land and obtained 18,000,000 rials from the United States Operations Mission for "provision of credit" to new peasant owners. The Shah entered this amount into his private bank established for the purpose, as well as a further 9,000,000 rials for "personnel and expenditure". Sixty percent of the funds in this bank have been "donated" by public agencies to "help out" the peasants.

The U.S.O.M. report of 1960 shows that "Bank Iran's commercial banking activities have over-

February 15, 1965

shadowed its agricultural credit and development services to new landowners". The Shah receives payments for land holdings in hard cash from the bank and invests it in oil tankers, stocks in Europe and America, night clubs, hotels and restaurants throughout the world. The peasants pay the price of the land in difficult installments to the bank. Despite this, only 478 villages of the Shah, with the poorest land, have been sold. The U.S.O.M. further reports, "At the termination of distribution, approximately 660 villages will have been distributed to 50,000 families. The remaining villages are to become an endowment of the Crown Prince." Apart from this, 33 percent of the distributed land has gone to people of military and political importance not themselves engaged in agriculture.

The Crown Land distribution program makes clear that the Shah is a shrewd business speculator who has transferred insecure and unprofitable land into secure and profitable assets in and outside Iran. He is a skillful promoter of his own interests who fraudulently portrays himself as a benevolent monarch.

In visible practice, however, the current land program allows the large landowners to perpetuate their exploitation. Peasant protest in the Zanzan area led to the sacking of three villages, the arrest en masse of the total male population and their exile to remote prisons.

On April 16, 1964, the New York Times gave an account (report of Jay Walz) which is instructive. Sixteen percent of the villages have been distributed in the manner described above. The remainder will be "very difficult to distribute". Lesser landowners possessing one village or less number 100,000 and they command the labor of almost fifteen million. Of 3,500 "cooperatives" about 2,800 are in working condition according to the director Amir Parviz. The main function they possess is the collection of peasant member-

February 15, 1965

ship fees of 2,000 rials.

Last year the Shah ordered the construction of 2,000 houses as part of a program of "housing reform".

Seven hundred are near completion - for officers of the Imperial Guard. Four hundred more are planned for high Army officers in Teheran. These houses will have two to sixteen rooms (Ettelat, semi-Governmental newspaper). Others are to be built for ranking Army officers in different parts of the country and for distribution by the Ministries of Labor and Interior to those who carried out the election order of the Shah of summer 1963. It is estimated that ninety percent of the Iranian peasantry live in dark cave like shelters while such houses are provided as part of a program of reform for the military elite. The cost of meat, vegetables, fruit and eggs is higher than in the United States. The secret police and high ranking Army officers receive salaries of \$1,500 to \$2,000 monthly. The average income of an Iranian is \$80 a year.

When the national uprising occurs, will the United States protect Iranian "freedom" as in Vietnam by seeking at immense human cost to suppress the rebellion? The answer to this question depends on our ability to bring to the people of America and the West the truth about the Free World and the Cold War."

I earnestly request Your Excellencies that I may be granted an opportunity to appear before your Special Committee of 24, in order to present voluminous and documented evidence and substantiation of the absolute truth of Lord Russell's detailed and accurate account. The evidence and documents which I propose to present to your Special Committee of 24 is identical to that which has already been given by the United Patriots for Justice to the United States Department of Justice and to the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations of the Committee on Government Operations in May of 1963, at which time

February 15, 1965

the following statement was released by Senator McClellan, Chairman of the above mentioned Committee:

"May 16, 1963. Senator John L. McClellan (D., Ark.), Chairman of the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigation, announced today the beginning of a preliminary inquiry into certain aspects of the Foreign Aid Program. At the present time the inquiry is expected to deal primarily with the administration and the effectiveness of United States aid to Iran.

Yesterday the Subcommittee heard in executive session the testimony of The Khaibar Khan, leader of the Bakhtiari Tribe of Iran, who is temporarily living in the United States and who spoke for a group he described as "K. K. United Patriots for Justice." During the course of his secret testimony, The Khan described Foreign Aid operations in Iran and surrendered to the Subcommittee voluminous documents in his possession in full substantiation of the testimony he gave the Subcommittee. These documents, if corroborated, point to gross corruption and misuse of funds in excess of \$100,000,000.00 in connection with the administration of United States aid to Iran. The current inquiry will follow avenues of investigation suggested by the documents and by the testimony of The Khaibar Khan. Future action by this Subcommittee will be determined by the facts developed during the preliminary inquiry."

These documents prove beyond a doubt that \$322,651,758.10 in United States Foreign Aid and national revenues intended for development programs were shamefully diverted into the pockets of the Shah, his family, his Iranian satraps, and corrupt American and British officials and private citizens. Intensive investigation by the Justice Department and the McClellan Committee has served only to corroborate this evidence, and not one of these allegations has been challenged or disproved.

To give you a clear picture of these shameful diversions here are a few items which were checked by the McClellan

February 15, 1965

Committee with the records of the United States Treasury Department and proved to be accurate:

Check No. 81108 - Voucher No. 716 - Payee: Central Bank of Iran -
Date of Check 6/13/61 - Amount of Check \$24,300,000.

Check No. 105972 - Voucher No. 1013 - Payee: Central Bank of Iran -
Date of Check 9/11/62 - Amount of Check \$3,100,600.76.

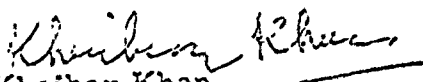
Check No. 117695 - Voucher No. 4458 - Payee: Central Bank of Iran -
Date of Check 4/16/63 - Amount of Check \$2,000,000.

These three checks issued by the United States Treasury Department and given to Iran for development programs have been endorsed by Mahmoud Foroughi, the present ambassador of the Shah in this country and deposited to private accounts.

When the Shah returned to Iran after his hasty flight to Italy in 1953 made numerous promises to the tribal leaders during his meetings with them, enclosed photograph, for full scale development programs in their areas and pledged to obey the constitution. Not only none of those promises were kept or carried out but he became more greedy and a brutal dictator.

In the name of justice for the tribal peoples of Iran, and for the whole Iranian population, I plead with all the force at my command that you allow me to present to you the case for the forgotten peoples of Iran.

Respectfully yours,


Khaibar Khan,
Honorary Chairman

cc: The Members of Committee:
Australia, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Chile, Denmark, Ethiopia, India,
Iran, Iraq, Italy, Ivory Coast, Madagascar, Mali, Poland,
Sierra Leone, Syria, Tunisia, USSR, United Kingdom, United
Republic of Tanzania, United States, Uruguay, Venezuela,
Yugoslavia.

His Excellency U Thant, Secretary General of the United Nations
His Excellency Alex Quaison-Sackey, President of the General
Assembly of the United Nations

United Patriots For Justice
(Established 1951)

THE RULING COUNCIL:

Honorary Chairman

THE KHAIBAR KHAN

Vice Chairman

SHEIKH ABDOL HAMID TAHERI

Honorary President

SHEIKH SALEH KHAZAL

Vice President

MOHAMMAD KHAN KURDESTAN

Arab Tribe, Persia

SHEIKH SALEH KHAZAL

Arab Tribe, Bahrein

SHEIKH ABDOL HAMID TAHERI

Arab Tribe, Kuwait

SHEIKH ABDOL AZIM

Arab Tribe, Qatar

SHEIKH MOHAMMAD KARIM

Bakhtiari Tribe, Persia

THE KHAIBAR KHAN

TAIMOUR KHAN OSIVAND

Baseri Tribe, Persia

ROSTAM ALI KHAN BASERI

Ghashghai Tribe, Persia

SATAR KHAN GHASHGHA

Kurd Tribe, Persia

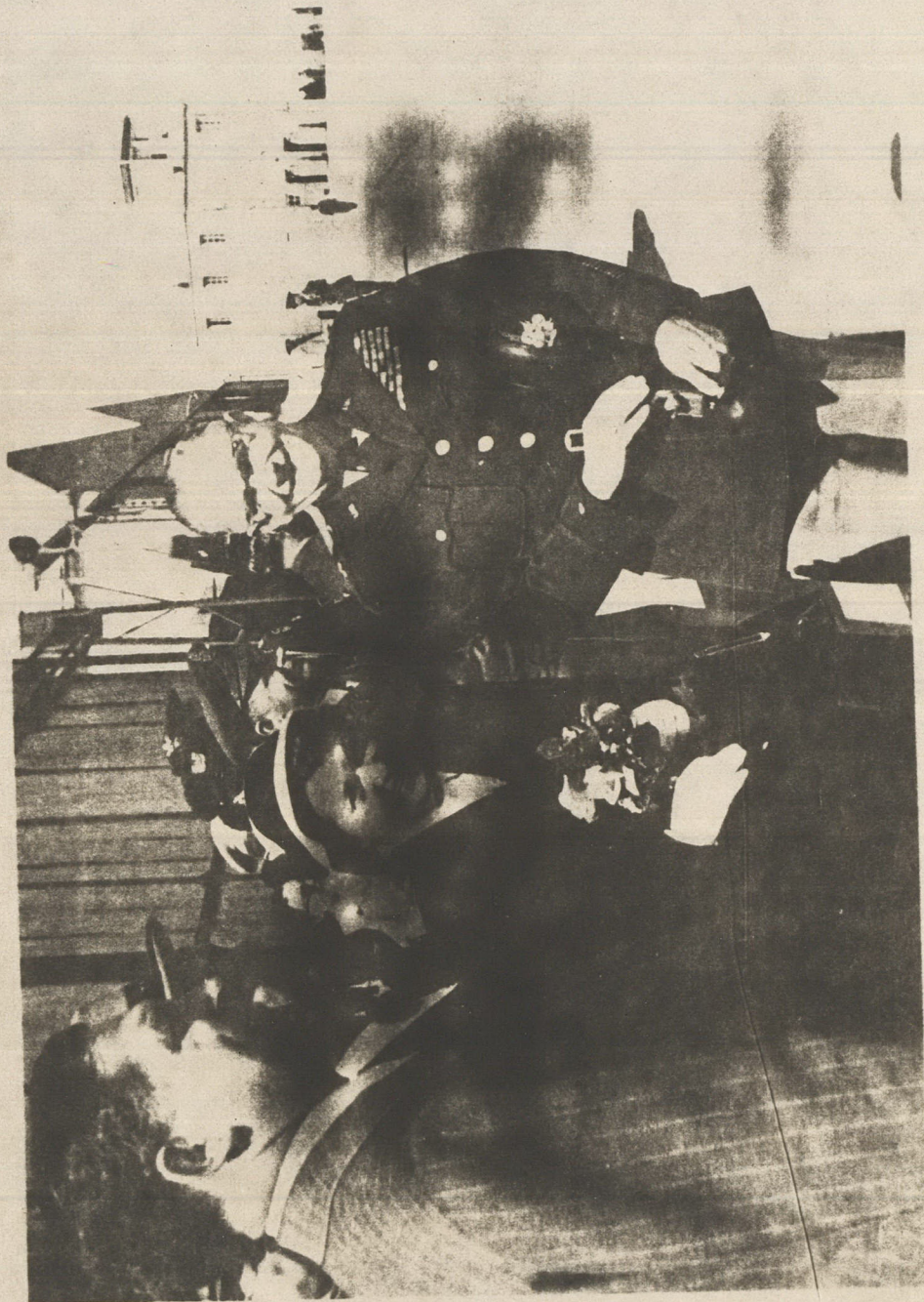
MOHAMMAD KHAN KURDESTAN

Lur Tribe, Persia

DR. NOSRATOLAH KHAN BRUJERDI

Hamedan, Persia

DR. AHMAD HUSSEIN DAVARI



MR. & MRS. LOY HENDERSON, WILLIAM WARN AND GENERAL McCLOY
IN TEHRAN

Unit

Khaibar Back in Limelight

Iran Shah's Accuser Faces Action by U.S.

By Ward Just

Washington Post Staff Writer

The case of the Khaibar doings in the U.S. aid program in Iran.

Last week Secretary of State Dean Rusk and Under Secretary George W. Ball conferred with an Iranian economist here for the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund, in an attempt to persuade him to testify against Khaibar.

The Shah of Iran is putting pressure on the United States to proceed with the prosecution of Khaibar, his bitter enemy who initials his shirts with a crest dressed man on earth and hints darkly at evil.

See KHAIBAR, A1, Oct. 1

THE RULING COUNCIL:

Honorary Chairman

THE KHAIBAR KHAN

Vice Chairman

SHEIKH ABDOL HAMID TAHERI

Honorary President

SHEIKH SALEH KHAZAL

Vice President

ABDOLHAMID KHANI KURDESTANI

KHAIBAR—From Page A1

Shah of Iran Presses for U.S. Prosecution of



Khaibar Khan, at right, submitted this picture of himself and the Shah of Iran, at left. Iranian Embassy officials dispute the authenticity of the photograph. The two other men in the picture are unidentified.

partment does have a special interest because this involves the royal family of a friendly country."

From other sources, it was learned that the witness is a somewhat reluctant one. It was also learned that while an explanation of U.S. jurisprudence formed part of Ball's conversation, it was by no means the whole of it. Other U.S. officials were called in to speak to the Iranian.

Ball denied that great pressure was being brought to bear ("sheer nonsense," he said) but conceded that State "obviously" was interested.

"K.K.," as he is known to intimates of the New York cafe society set, came to Washington more than two years ago bearing documents that purported to tell of intrigue and graft in the U.S. aid program in Iran.

Khaibar's Charges

The charges were stupendous: Khaibar alleged that \$102 million was diverted from the U.S. aid program and siphoned through a Swiss bank account of the Pahlavi Foundation of Iran to numerous prominent

Americans and Iranians. One of the alleged bag men identified by Khaibar was David Rockefeller, chairman of the board of the Chase Manhattan Bank.

The charges were met here with some skepticism, but Khaibar, accompanied by his comely secretary, Miriam Kushan, found his way to the Senate Permanent Investigating subcommittee. After holding hearings for more than a year, Chairman John L. McClellan (D-Ark.) took the floor of the Senate last April to publicly cast doubt on the reliability of Khaibar and the authenticity of his documents.

A report will be issued shortly by the McClellan Committee, sources said yesterday, and will substantiate McClellan's charges.

Meanwhile, in the courts of New York, there have been other moves afoot. Not the least of these is a Federal grand jury, which is inquiring into the Khaibar's activities. Sues Prince and Princess

What concerns the State Department, specifically Rusk

and Ball, jury proceed suit for brought by two member royal family Reza Pahlavi Fatemah T Shah's half-

Compliant seems, its be these:

that the agreed to pay \$2 million a venture letic Sports Khaibar was New York Warmbrand.

venture was sports arena Khaibar Prince sent it bounced and was, on funds he and Prince All Charges

A hearing tangled also ducted by

SENATE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE
ON INVESTIGATIONS
OF
THE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
May 16, 1963

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
May 16, 1963

Senator John L. McClellan (D., Ark.), Chairman of the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, announced today the beginning of a preliminary inquiry into certain aspects of the Foreign Aid Program. At the present time the inquiry is expected to deal primarily with the administration and the effectiveness of United States aid to Iran.

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Published by or on behalf of the K. K. United Patriots For Justice, Shabpour Avenue, Khoramshahr, Iran, of which the Khaibar Khan, 341 Madison Avenue, New York 17, New York, is the United States agent. The Khaibar Khan is registered with the Department of Justice, Washington, D. C. under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended as the Agent of the aforesaid principal. Copies of the Registration Statement referred to are available for public inspection in the files of the Department of Justice. Registration does not indicate approval of the contents of this publication by the United States Government.

EXHIBIT

(D)

ROBERT F. KENNEDY
NEW YORK

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D.C.

21 June 1965

Mr. Richard H. Wels
Moss, Wels, & Marcus
341 Madison Avenue
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mr. Wels:

Thank you for sending me the letter which you sent to Senator McClellan about the Khaibar Khan matter.

I am sure Senator McClellan has responded appropriately, but if you think that there is anything in particular that you think I should be doing about this matter, I would appreciate hearing from you further.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,



Robert F. Kennedy

I-216

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
507 Fifth Avenue
New York 17, New York

Executive Office

OXford 7-5690

To: Board of Directors
Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran
Teheran, Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

Attention: General Mohamad Ami Khatemi

Gentlemen:

Reference to letters, ref. no. H. E. Abol Hassan Ebtehadj, H. E. Ahmad Chafigh, H. E. Harry A. Bremm 1-3-58, and H. E. Abol Hassan Ebtehadj 15-3-58, Maj. Gen. Mohamad Daftary 10-5-59 #417-59-H-IBC, H. E. Dr. Poyani 25-4-62; H. E. Ghods-Nakhai 27-6-62 & 16-11-62 and your letter of February 12, 1963 on behalf of His Imperial Majesty, Mohamad Reza Shah Pahlavi, the Shahanshah and conferences held in London, San Fransisco and Los Angeles with delegation of your organization we are pleased to render our Final Proposal as requested by you for the construction of the Sports' Development program in Teheran and twelve other major cities of Iran and smaller program for the Bakhtiari areas. Our extended studies indicate that facilities for a comprehensive sports program can be installed in Teheran for an estimated amount of \$17,650,241.32. We outline below the details of the program. The main features will be so planned that they can be expanded in the future and still maintain architectuaral balance and harmony. We estimate that the entire program be completed within 6 to 7 years after signing of the contract. The estimated cost of the program for other twelve cities in Iran will be approximately \$22,828,000.00 and an estimated cost of \$12,500,315.10 for sports and other facilites for the Bakhtiari areas. Total estimated costs of the entire program will amount to \$52,978,679.63.

We herein submit our itemized list of facilities for the proposed Public Olympic Sports Center in Teheran, Iran and for sports centers in twelve other principal cities in Iran together with the proposed program for the Bakhtiari areas:

1. One grass 18 hole golf course similar to Black Course, Beth Page, Long Island, New York and a clubhouse with complete facilities.
2. One grass 18 hole golf course following the pattern same

(Cont.)

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- 2 -

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To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

*as Fresh Meadow Course in Queens, Long Island,
New York and a clubhouse with full facilities.*

3. *Three professional golf instruction class facilities like P.G.A. facilities.*
4. *Nine driving ranges similar to Sanford, Florida.*
5. *Nine miniature golf courses each 18 holes similar to American courses.*
6. *Six swimming pools of the latest model with all fixtures with a capacity of 500 swimmers. One Olympic type swimming pool similar to that in Rome accommodating 26,000 people.*
7. *Twelve tennis courts (four grass) like Forest Hills, Queens, Long Island, New York and the rest should be hard courts like Wimbledon, England.*
8. *One tennis club with all fixtures.*
9. *Four tennis training courts like Kesiana Park, Flushing.*
10. *Two special tennis professional class facilities.*
11. *Three squash clubhouses with all facilities.*
12. *Three football fields similar to those in England.*
13. *Three rugby fields, English type.*
14. *Three baseball fields, American type, one with seating capacity for 10,000 people.*
15. *A race course like Roosevelt Race Course, Long Island, New York.*

(Cont.)

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- 4 -

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March 3, 1963

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

FINAL PROPOSAL

33. 44 two to three bedroom houses with complete facilities for employees.
34. 24 three to four bedroom houses with complete facilities for staff.
35. Parking area for 1500 vehicles.
36. A pony ring for children with complete facilities.
37. 46 two bedroom houses for workers with complete facilities.
38. Eight snack-bars to be installed in various parts of the grounds.
39. Several small artificial lakes.
40. Service facilities, i. e., plumbing and water piping and electricity.
41. The entire grounds should be surrounded by trees and low walls for safety of children.
42. A modern guest house for foreign visitors, capacity 20 persons.
43. Central air conditioning plant and telephone exchange for all buildings.
44. A guest house for visiting athletes, capacity 100 people.
45. Four sporting goods shops for golf, tennis and all other sportswear and equipment.
46. One medical dispensary with 24 beds.

(Cont.)

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- 5 -

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To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

47. One cooperative store and shopping center for staff and employees.
48. One small school facility for children of staff and employees.
49. One executive office building with twelve offices.
50. One repair facility and garage for sports center vehicals and maintenance equipment.
51. One storage warehouse for athletic equipment and repairing materials and tools.
52. Television monitors to be located in suitably positioned stadium areas so as to allow complete vision to all major events.
53. Complete up to date gymnasium accommodating all aspects of gymnastic sports.
54. Bachelor quarters to accommodate 3 twenty four security officers and such facilities as may be required.
55. One fire department complete with alarm system and such vehicals as necessary.
56. One forum area wherein will be placed on permanant display bronze heads and plaques honoring those instrumental in developing this project and an area for national sports heros.

It should be added that it is planned that the above will be contained in the land donated by His Imperial Majesty, Mohamad Reza Shah Pahlavi, the Shahanshah of Iran and it is located at the Vanak Area, Pahlavi Road, Teheran, Iran.

(Cont.)

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New York 17, New York

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- 6 -

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To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of facilities for the proposed program in the Bakhtiari areas: and the central location will be Izeh:

1. Elementary school for 500 students with library, gymnasium and all complete up to date facilities.
2. 12 schools for one hundred students with library, gymnasium and all complete up to date facilities in different villages of Bakhtiari.
3. Hospital with 300 beds with complete modern facilities in Izeh.
4. 25 medical dispensaries located in different villages. of Bakhtiari.
5. 12 three to four bedroom houses for doctors and staff.
6. One nursing living quarters accommodating 50 nurses with complete facilities.
7. 48 two and three bedroom houses for employees with complete facilities.
8. 58 two bedroom houses for workers with complete facilities.
9. 72 one bed room houses for workers with complete facilities.
10. One shopping center with complete facilities and cooperative stores.
11. One repair facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.

(Cont.)

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Executive Office

- 7 -

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To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

12. 25 two bed room houses to be located at dispensaries in different villages.
13. 24 two bed room houses to be located near schools in different villages.
14. 12 two bed room houses to be located near the school at Izeh.
15. 4 orphanage each with a capacity of accommodating 50 orphans with complete up to date educational and technical training facilities.
16. 1 living quarters for the elderly and disabled men with complete facilities accommodating 100 people.
17. 1 living quarters for the elderly and disabled women with complete facilities accommodating 100 people.
18. Necessary utilities, roadways, electricity, water supplies, sanitary and other facilities in Izeh.
19. 6 heliports, with 3 helicopters.
20. Fifty public baths.
21. 12 two bedroom houses for security officers and such facilities as may be required.
22. One 9 hole golf course in Izeh.
23. 3 swimming pools in Izeh.
24. Three tennis courts.

(Cont.)

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- 8 -

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To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

25. One baseball field in Izeh.
26. One football field in Izeh.
27. Three basketball field in Izeh.
28. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people in Izeh.
29. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people in Izeh.
30. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff in Izeh.
31. One playground and park with all facilities for children in Izeh.
32. One swimming pool for children in Izeh.
33. One driving range in Izeh.
34. One tennis court for beginners, Izeh.
35. 12 two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees, Izeh
36. One sporting goods shop, Izeh.
37. One small warehouse in Izeh.
38. One guest house for 12 people, in Izeh.
39. One small office building with two offices.
40. One small training school.
41. One playing field for 10,000 people.

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- 9 -

OXford 7: 59

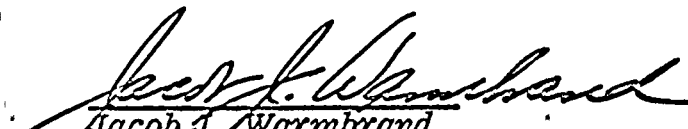
To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

42. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
43. One fire department complete with alarm system and such vehicles as necessary.
44. One Driving school.
45. One motel with complete facilities accommodating 50 people with a tennis court and driving range and swimming pool.
46. One motel with complete facilities accommodating 100 people with a tennis court and driving range and swimming pool.

It should be added that it is planned that the above will be contained in lands donated by The Khaibar Khan in Izeh and different other villages in the Bakhtiari areas.

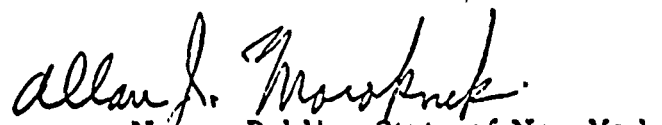

Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963

(Cont.)

Sworn to before me this
3rd day of March, 1963.


Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County
No. 03-2773435
Commission Expires March 30, 1963

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
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- 10 -

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To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports centers in Masjid-I-Solyman (Oil Area):

1. One 9 hole golf course.
2. Six swimming pools.
3. Three tennis courts.
4. One baseball field.
5. One football field.
6. Three basketball fields.
7. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.
8. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.
9. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.
10. One playground and park with all facilities for children.
11. One swimming pool for children.
12. One driving range.
13. One tennis court for beginners.
14. Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.
15. One sporting goods shop.
16. One small warehouse.
17. One guest house for 12 people.

(Cont.)

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
507 Fifth Avenue
New York 17, New York

- 11 -

OXford 7-5690

Executive Office

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

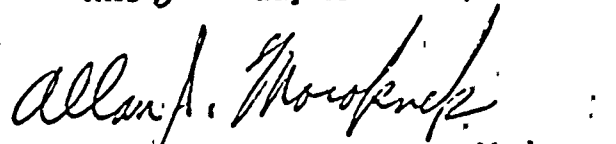
18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities, i.e., plumbing, water piping, electricity and telephone.
23. One repair facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.

It should be added that it is planned that the above will be contained in lands donated by The Khaibar Khan in Masjid-I-Solyman.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963


Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County
No. 03-2773435
Commission Expires March 30, 1963

(Cont.)

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
507 Fifth Avenue
New York 17, New York

Executive Office

- 12 -

OXford 7-5690

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Ahwaz.

1. One 9 hole golf course.
2. Six swimming pools.
3. Three tennis courts.
4. One baseball field.
5. One football field.
6. Three basketball fields.
7. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.
8. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.
9. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.
10. One playground and park with all facilities for children.
11. One swimming pool for children.
12. One driving range.
13. One tennis court for beginners.
14. Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.
15. One sporting goods shop.
16. One small warehouse.
17. One guest house for 12 people.

(Cont.)

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
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New York 17, New York

Executive Office

- 13 -

OXford 7-5690

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

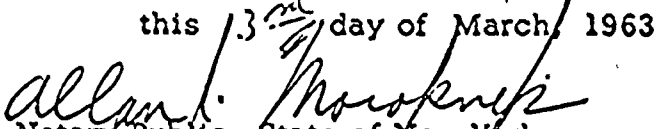
18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.

It should be added that it is planned that the above will be contained in lands donated by The Khaibar Khan.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963

Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County
No. 0382773435
Commission Expires March 30, 1963

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
507 Fifth Avenue
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- 14 -

OXford 7-5690

To: Shahanshai Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Abadan:

1. One 9 hole golf course.
2. Six swimming pools.
3. Three tennis courts.
4. One baseball field.
5. One football field.
6. Three basketball field.
7. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.
8. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.
9. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.
10. One playground and park with all facilities for children.
11. One swimming pool for children.
12. One driving range.
13. One tennis court for beginners.
14. Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.
15. One sporting goods shop.
16. One small warehouse.
17. One guest house for 12 people.

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WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
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- 15 -

OXford 7, 690

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

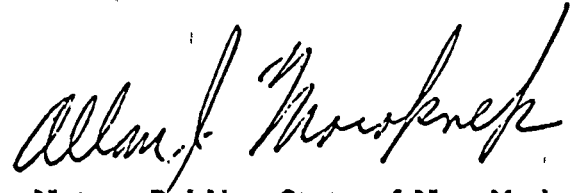
FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963


Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County

No. 03-2773435

Commission Expires March 30, 1963

(Cont.)

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
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- 16 -

OXford 7-5690

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Hamedan:

1. One 9 hole golf course.
2. Six swimming pools.
3. Three tennis courts.
4. One baseball field.
5. One football field.
6. Three basketball fields.
7. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.
8. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.
9. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.
10. One playground and park with all facilities for children.
11. One swimming pool for children.
12. One driving range.
13. One tennis court for beginners.
14. Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.
15. One sporting goods shop.
16. One small warehouse.
17. One guest house for 12 people.

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- 17 -

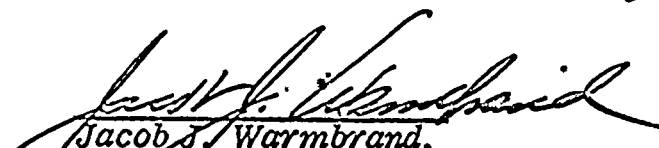
OXford 7-5690

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

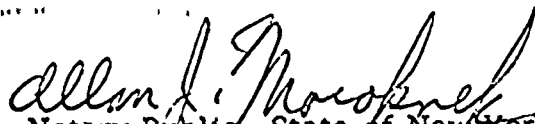
FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two office.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob S. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963


William J. Macomber
Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County
No. 03-2773435
Commission Expires March 30, 1963

(Cont.)

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
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Executive Office

- 18 -

Oxford 7-5690

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Kermanshah:

1. One 9 hole golf course.
2. Six swimming pools.
3. Three tennis courts.
4. One baseball field.
5. One football field.
6. Three basketball fields.
7. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.
8. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.
9. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.
10. One playground and park with all facilities for children.
11. One swimming pool for children.
12. One driving range.
13. One tennis court for beginners.
14. Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.
15. One sporting goods shop.
16. One small warehouse.
17. One guest house for 12 people.

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- 19 -

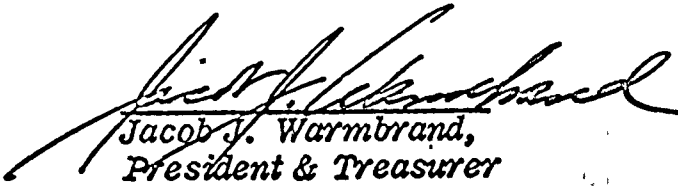
OXford 7-5690

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963



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- 20 -

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To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Kerman:

1. One 9 hole golf course.
2. Six swimming pools.
3. Three tennis courts.
4. One baseball field.
5. One football field.
6. Three basketball fields.
7. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.
8. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.
9. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.
10. One playground and park with all facilities for children.
11. One swimming pool for children.
12. One driving range.
13. One tennis court for beginners.
14. Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.
15. One sporting goods shop.
16. One small warehouse.
17. One guest house for 12 people.

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- 21 -

OXford 7-5690

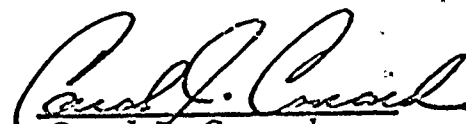
To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963



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Appointed for Queens County
No. 03-2773435
Commission Expires March 30, 1963

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
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- 22 -

OXford 7-5690

To: *Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran*

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Shiraz:

1. *One 9 hole golf course.*
2. *Six swimming pools.*
3. *Three tennis courts.*
4. *One baseball field.*
5. *One football field.*
6. *Three basketball fields.*
7. *One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.*
8. *One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.*
9. *Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.*
10. *One playground and park with all facilities for children.*
11. *One swimming pool for children.*
12. *One driving range.*
13. *One tennis court for beginners.*
14. *Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.*
15. *One sporting goods shop.*
16. *One small warehouse.*
17. *One guest house for 12 people.*

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Executive Office

- 23 -

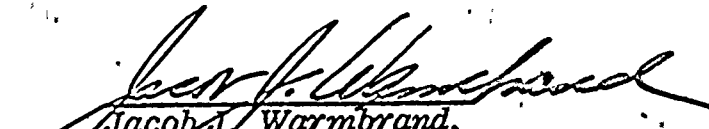
OXford 7 790

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

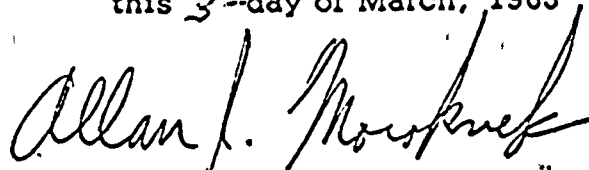
FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963


Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County
No. 03-2773435
Commission. Expires March 30, 1963

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WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
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- 24 -

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To: *Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran*

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Esphahan:

1. *One 9 hole golf course.*
2. *Six swimming pools.*
3. *Three tennis courts.*
4. *One baseball field.*
5. *One football field.*
6. *Three basketball field.*
7. *One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.*
8. *One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.*
9. *Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.*
10. *One playground and park with all facilities for children.*
11. *One swimming pool for children.*
12. *One driving range.*
13. *One tennis court for beginners.*
14. *Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.*
15. *One sporting goods shop.*
16. *One small warehouse.*
17. *One guest house for 12 people.*

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WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
507 Fifth Avenue
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Executive Office

- 25 -

Oxford 7. '90

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

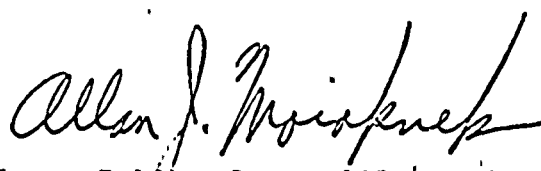
FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963


Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County
No. 03-2773435
Commission Expires March 30, 1963

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WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
507 Fifth Avenue
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- 26 -

OXford 7-5690

Executive Office

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Ramsar:

1. One 9 hole golf course.
2. One football field.
3. Six swimming pools.
4. Three tennis courts.
5. One baseball field.
6. Three basketball fields.
7. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.
8. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.
9. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.
10. One playground and park with all facilities for children.
11. One swimming pool for children.
12. One driving range.
13. One tennis court for beginners.
14. Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.
15. One sporting goods shop.
16. One small warehouse.
17. One guest house for 12 people.

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WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
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Executive Office

- 27 -

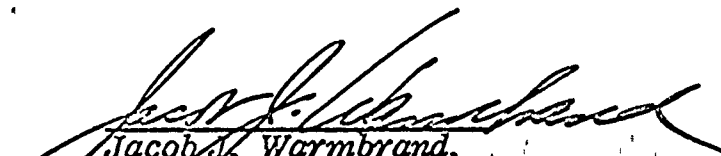
OXford 7-590

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

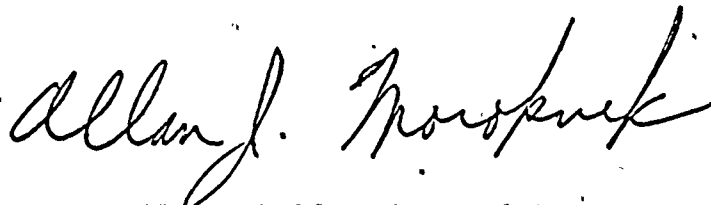
FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963



Notary Public, State of New York
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No. 03-2773435
Commission Expires March 30, 1963

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WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
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- 28 -

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To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Rasht:

1. One 9 hole golf course.
2. One football field.
3. Six swimming pools.
4. Three tennis courts.
5. One baseball field.
6. Three basketball fields.
7. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.
8. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.
9. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.
10. One playground and park with all facilities for children.
11. One swimming pool for children.
12. One driving range.
13. One tennis court for beginners.
14. Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.
15. One sporting goods shop.
16. One small warehouse.
17. One guest house for 12 people.

(Cont.)

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- 29 -

OXford 7- 00

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

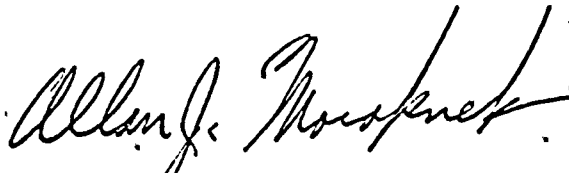
FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963



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WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
507 Fifth Avenue
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- 30 -

OXford 7-5690

Executive Office

To: *Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran*

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

The following is the itemized list of the sports facilities for the proposed sports center in Mashad:

1. *One 9 hole golf course.*
2. *One football field.*
3. *Six swimming pools.*
4. *Three tennis courts.*
5. *One baseball field.*
6. *Three basketball fields.*
7. *One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.*
8. *One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.*
9. *Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for the staff.*
10. *One playground and park with all facilities for children.*
11. *One swimming pool for children.*
12. *One driving range.*
13. *One tennis court for beginners.*
14. *Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.*
15. *One sporting goods shop.*
16. *One small warehouse.*
17. *One guest house for 12 people.*

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- 31 -

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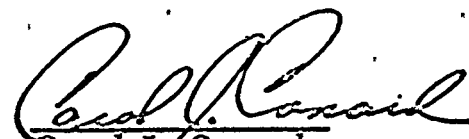
To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

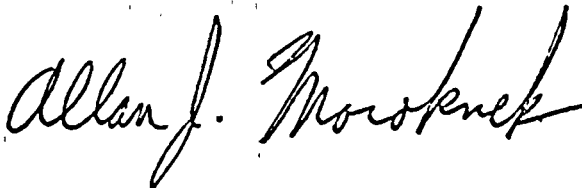
FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963



Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County
No. 03-2773435
Commission Expires March 30, 1963

(Cont.)

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
507 Fifth Avenue
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- 32 -

OXford 7-5690

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

The following is the itemized list of sports facilities for
the proposed sports center in Tabriz:

1. One 9 hole golf course.
2. One football field.
3. Six swimming pools.
4. Three tennis courts.
5. One baseball field.
6. Three basketball fields.
7. One stadium capacity for 2,000 people.
8. One complete clubhouse accommodating 200 people.
9. Three houses with three and four bedrooms with complete facilities for staff.
10. One playground and park with all facilities for children.
11. One swimming pool for children.
12. One driving range.
13. One tennis court for beginners.
14. Twelve two bed room houses with complete facilities for employees.
15. One sporting goods shop.
16. One small warehouse.
17. One guest house for 12 people.

c/c

[Signature]

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WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
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- 33 -

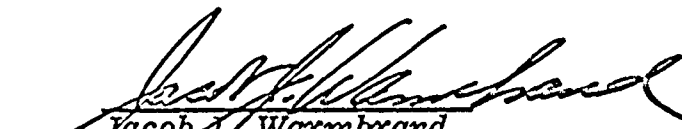
OXford - 5690

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

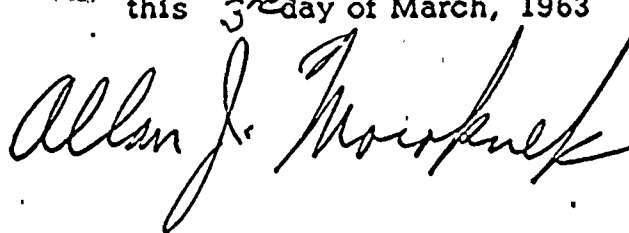
FINAL PROPOSAL

18. One small office building with two offices.
19. One small training school.
20. One playing field for 10,000 people.
21. Outdoor cinema for 500 people with projection booth and equipment.
22. Service facilities and garage and maintenance equipment.


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March, 1963



Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County
No. 03-2773435
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WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
Warmbrand Building
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- 34 -

OXford 7-5690

To: Shahanshahi Sports Corporation

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

We propose the following terms of payment in U. S. Dollars payable through a U. S. bank or a Swiss bank:

1. Ten (10%) per cent of the total estimated cost upon the signing of the contract.
2. Ten (10%) per cent upon the completion of preliminary drawings and specifications together with a detailed estimate of the cost of construction.
3. Eight (80%) per cent in ten equal annual installments through promissory notes bearing an interest of 5 1/2% per annum, and guaranteed by the Bank Meli of Iran or the Ministry of Finance.

Responsibility of selection of construction firm (s), architects and engineering firm will be assumed by this firm in conjunction of the International Sports Foundation.

The Khaibar Khan agrees to accept the Honorary Chairmanship in the development of this Sports' Project which is intended to be used for the public at large. The Khaibar Khan asserts he will exert his best efforts on the behalf of this program. As you are well acquainted with International sports' reputation of The Khaibar Khan, you may readily appreciate his earnest effort during the past seven (7) years in the fulfillment of an improved sports' facilities program in Iran. When completed such facilities will bring to Iran and other Middle Eastern countries increased recognition, healthier bodies and minds, and a greater measure of prosperity.

It is further recommended that upon completion of the entire project, that a committee, selected by the public-at large, be named. Such a committee will be selected which is divorced and devoid of political

(Cont.)

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORPORATION
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- 35 -

OXford 7-590

To: Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

March 3, 1963

FINAL PROPOSAL

affiliation. such members should have a background of sports and be distinguished in their interests for the benefit of the public-at large.

Respectfully submitted,

WORLD ATHLETIC SPORTS CORP.,


Jacob J. Warmbrand,
President & Treasurer


Joseph Trachtenberg,
Attorney of Corporation

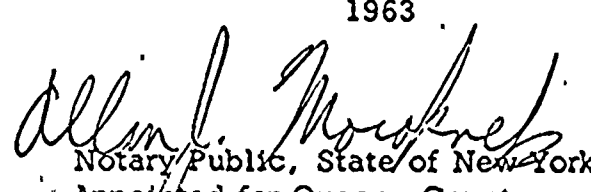

Mariam Kushan,
Assistant Treasurer


Martin J. Warmbrand,
Vice President & Comptroller

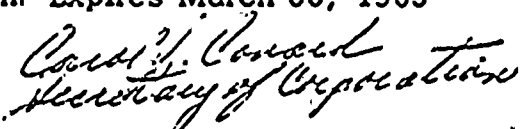

Carol J. Conard,
Secretary of Corporation

Sworn to before me
this 3rd day of March,
1963

cc: The Khaibar Khan
cc: International Sports Foundation


Notary Public, State of New York
Appointed for Queens County
No. 03-2773435

Commission: Expires March 30, 1963

Serial proposal dated
March 3, 1963, including
pages 1 (CH) through 35 (thirty-five)

Carol J. Conard
Secretary of Corporation

LAW OFFICES

MOSS, WELS & MARCUS

FRANK MOSS (1900-1970)
ISIDOR WELS
RICHARD H. WELS
ALAN D. MARCUS
JAMES L. ADLER, JR.

3441 Hudson Avenue
New York 17

April 12, 1965

Senator John L. McClellan
United States Senate
Washington, 25, D. C.

Dear Senator McClellan:

Reference to the kangaroo court held by you on March 30, 1965 at the instance of the Shah's agents and unjust and falls accusations made by yourself and some of your colleagues on the floor of the Senate on April 5, 1965 in an obvious attempt to pressure the Nation into stoping to pusblish the article entitled 'Million Dollar Mystery' of which you had a galley proof a week ahead; I would like to make the following comments.

That is to remind you of the contents of my letter to you of December 23, 1964 of which I am sending you a copy in case it has disappeared from your files and landed up at the Iranian Embassy like other documents.

Also I would like to remind you of what took place during our second meeting when I informed you that the Shah's sister had stated that 'this is the Americans' baby and they have no choice except to white-wash these charges'. You stated that it is true, a lot of influential people who are involved in this matter would try to do that but they will not be successful. You even went further in order to reassure me of your good intentions and made the following statement in front of other members of your Committee 'I am glad I did not receive a gold watch from this during his last visit', meaning the Shah. You requested me to have private talks with your counsel Jerry Adlerman during which time I was approached by him to take off the names of five most influential Americans involved in these charges in order to make the investigation easy for you. When I brought this to your attention and informed you that I refuse to be a subject to these kind of approaches and do not trust Adlerman you tried to convince me that he meant well and assigned Paul Kemrick in his place who turned up to be the same.

Even as recently as February of this year I telephoned Paul

Senator John L. McClellan

April 12, 1965

Kemrick and told him that one of the Senators in your Committee has been in close contact with the Iranian Embassy and the investigators are making a report according to the desire of the Embassy, Kemrick stated that this is a matter that I should discuss with you. You telephoned me later at Mr. Wells' office at which time I advised you of the same and told you that the reports of your staff's investigation are being prepared practically at the Iranian Embassy with the intention of white-washing the entire matter and making me and my people the guilty party. you denied any knowledge of this and asked to talk to my attorney during which time you assured him and me that you would investigate this matter and pretended to be shocked.

Therefore my information that certain dishonest people connected with your Committee, State Department and the Justice Department had been working and cooperating all along with the Iranian Embassy to white-wash this entire matter and to make me and my people the guilty ones has been right and accurate.

I do not entirely blame you as I understand that you have been under tremendous pressure but one thing makes me happy and that is ever since Senator Robert F. Kennedy left the Justice Department as the Attorney General I stopped to furnish your Committee with additional documents. I will shortly receive copies of the reports made by your staff and investigators according to the desire of the Shah's Embassy through my confidential sources at that Embassy which will always remind my people of the great injustice done to us by you and others connected with your Committee.

I would like to repeat that all the remarks made by you and some of your colleagues on the floor of the Senate on April 5, 1965 are falls, inaccurate, phony, nonsense and without any foundation which you are aware of. I really would like to hear them away from the Senate floor to show to you how absurd and phony they are.

In conclusion I, on behalf of my people stand and support the charges brought to your Committee for investigation in the hope that justice would be done. You dear Senator stand, support and protect the Shah's corrupt regime, his dishonest Iranian and American collaborators and try to do us injustice.

UNITED PATRIOTS FOR JUSTICE

Yours truly,

The Khaibar Khan
THE KHAIBAR KHAN
Honorary Chairman,
Ruling Council

MOSS, WELS & MARCUS
341 MADISON AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

October 5th, 1965

COPY
Honorable Robert F. Kennedy
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Senator Kennedy:

I very much appreciated your letter of some months ago in connection with the Rubiner film.

In that letter you said that "if you think that there is anything in particular that you think I should be doing about this matter, I would appreciate hearing from you further." There have been recent developments which I think will be of much concern to you as they have been to me, and I hope that I am not imposing in writing you about them.

It has now been established on the record that representatives of the State Department have been intervening behind the scenes in this litigation to which the Government is not a party.

Thus, on July 2, 1965, Mr. Justice Irving L. Levy, a New York Supreme Court Justice, acknowledged on the record in open court that he had decided particular matters before him in this case, not on the basis of what the parties and their counsel had submitted, but on the basis of private conversations which he had had with unidentified representatives of the State Department.

I enclose a copy of our appendix in the Appellate Division in this matter, in which the judge's statements are reprinted at pages A 103 through A 116. I also enclose a copy of our brief in which this matter is gone into extensively. On September 27, 1965, the Appellate Division, after these happenings were brought to their attention, stayed Mr. Justice Levy from proceeding further in the case.

The State Department's reaction to this was perhaps to have been expected. It invited selected press representatives to

October 3rd, 1965

a background briefing session at which it told the press about grand jury proceedings before a Federal grand jury in the Southern District of New York as to which there has been no grand jury action taken, indicated that the grand jury would shortly hand up an indictment (which appears not to be the fact), and suggested that the press run "background articles" about Khashan Khan on the basis of outrageous memoranda which it distributed to them.

The curious thing about the grand jury proceedings is that the grand jury, which is being conducted by Assistant United States Attorney Robert L. King of the Special Prosecution Section of the United States Attorney's Office, has been going into the charges concerning waste and corruption in the foreign aid program for Iran which Khashan Khan brought to the attention of the McClellan Committee. Khashan Khan and his associates have voluntarily appeared before the grand jury, have made all of their documents available to the grand jury, have answered all questions put to them freely and fully, and have been cooperative in every way. None of those who attacked Khashan Khan have, so far as I have been able to ascertain, have appeared. Mahmoud Reza Pahlavi and Youssef Pahlavi have insisted that they would testify only in Tehran, and Mahmoud Foroughi claimed diplomatic immunity and fled the country rather than back up his charges in the United States.

This "background briefing session" resulted in an article which appeared on the first page of The Washington Post on Sunday, October 3, 1965, of which I enclose a copy.

It was extraordinary for me to read in the Washington Post Under Secretary Ball's admissions that the Shah of Iran is putting pressure on the State Department to have Khashan Khan prosecuted; and that the State Department is responding to this pressure by having its representatives apply behind the scenes pressure to judges in New York. It seems incredible to me that, at a time when we are facing great crisis in foreign affairs, Secretary Rush and Under Secretary Ball should just in this past week be devoting substantial parts of their personal time to attempts to persuade a reluctant Iranian delegate to the International Monetary Fund to testify against Khashan Khan.

I enclose a copy of a letter which I have written to Secretary Ball concerning this. This type of activity was not con-

Honorable Robert F. Kennedy

-3-

October 5th, 1965

sidered proper in the days when I was in government service, and I know that it was not tolerated by you when you were Attorney-General.

You will note from Mr. Justice Levey's remarks from the bench in the enclosed Appendix that he was advised by the State Department that "Iran is the only real friendly country to the United States in that area" and that because of this off the record information given him by the State Department, he disregarded the proofs and evidence before him, and decided that he could not "point a finger at that country".

I do not believe that we further the interests of the United States when our government officials cynically abandon our traditional concepts of the judicial process, when they admit that our law and our courts recognize a privileged treatment to particular persons because of their relationship to the Shah of Iran which is not available to others, when it is admitted that the decisions of courts and grand juries can be the result, not of the law, but of pressure applied by the Secretary of State and the Under Secretary of State in response to pressures put upon them by a foreign dictator.

If you have not already seen it, I hope that you will have a look at "The Coming Crisis in Iran", by Hecsein Mahdavi, who until 1964 was Director of Research at Bohemian University, and is now at Harvard. This appears in the October 1965 issue of Foreign Affairs.

The fact that the Shah governs Iran as the dictator of a police state, through the Savak secret police, with all the techniques of oppression, has been well documented and established by many objective writers, including Professor Richard H. Cottam of the University of Pittsburgh and Professor T. Gayler Young of Princeton. Mr. Mahdavi's article in Foreign Affairs confirms that this is still going on.

Equally important to all of us is the fact which he points out that the backing which the State Department has given to every aspect of the Mahdavi regime, no matter how distasteful to Americans and world public opinion, has completely alienated the Iranian people from us.

October 5th, 1965

Extensive American interest in Iran really dates from President Roosevelt's attendance at the Tehran conference. On his return, he wrote a memorandum to Secretary Hull, dated January 12, 1944, in which he said:

"Iran is definitely a very, very backward nation. It consists really of a series of tribes, and 99 per cent of the population is, in effect, in bondage to the other 1 per cent. The 99 per cent do not own their land and cannot keep their own production or convert it into money or property.

I was rather thrilled with the idea of using Iran as an example of what we could do by an unselfish American policy. We could not take on a more difficult nation than Iran. I should like, however, to have a try at it. The real difficulty is to get the right kind of American experts who would be loyal to their ideals, not fight among themselves, and be absolutely honest financially. If we could get this policy started, it would become permanent if it succeeded as we hope during the first five or ten years. And incidentally the whole experiment need cost the taxpayers of the United States very little money."

Twenty years later, and more than a billion dollars later, things are very much as they were before, and in large part because the "ideals" which President Roosevelt indicated were an essential ingredient, have been subverted to a policy of support of the Shah's regime no matter how repugnant or distasteful it was to American ideals and to the public opinion of the world, and even of the United States.

I would hope that, before the coming crisis in Iran eventuates, the Senate, as well as the Executive Department, would take stock and act so as to avoid the happening of Mr. Kennedy's prognosis that "It is probable that the American position in Iran

Honorable Robert F. Kennedy

-S-

October 5th, 1965

will continue to deteriorate along with the growing unpopularity of the Shah's regime and that the United States will replace Britain as the prime target of nationalist attacks".

I was encouraged by the fact that Senator McClellan, in the course of the debate on the foreign aid appropriation bill on September 23, 1965, for the first time spoke up about some of the things which have occurred in the course of the foreign aid program for Iran, and stated that he could not support these programs while conditions such as he described existed.

It seems to me, however, that the Committee on Government Operations, of which you are a member, is charged by the Senate Rules with the responsibility of "receiving and examining reports of the Comptroller General of the United States and of submitting such recommendations to the Senate as it deems necessary or desirable in connection with the subject matter of such reports."

I do not believe that the Committee will have met its responsibilities until it makes an issue of the label of "Secrecy" which the State Department manages to have placed upon the reports of the Comptroller-General dealing with the foreign aid program. Senator Morse has stated that problem well:

"Read what the Comptroller General has said. He is the watchdog. He is the agent of Congress Before this debate is over I shall again pile on my desk the reports of The Comptroller General, some of which are marked "Secret". I have yet to read a single report of the Comptroller General which really is secret. Every report of the Comptroller General that I have read contains material that should be available to the taxpayers of the United States. If the taxpayers of the United States could read these shocking reports of the Comptroller General of the United States, they would demand a housecleaning of foreign aid, and quickly."

Sincerely yours,

Richard H. Wols

RHW:RG
encl.

May 31, 1966

Dr. Khosro Khosrovani
The BIG HOUSE
c/o Iranian Embassy
3005 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C.

COPY FOR R.F.R.

Dr. Khosrovani:

It is not necessary to identify myself to you, as I am sure you will recall our meeting several years ago. I was very surprised to learn of your return to this country, especially as an Ambassador considering the facts of your previous recall.

For the past few months, it has come to my attention that in your own "jovial fat" manner, you have had reason to concern yourself with my personage. Although, my existence seems to bother you, and with good reason, may I take this opportunity of discussing for your clarification certain factors.

1. The American Public at large are not stupid. In this country the truth is important.
2. It is my information that you have illicited several poignant remarks about myself.
3. That my Military Reserve Status and records concern you and your staff.

As my country has accepted you as the responsible "agent" for the Shah, I will not try to belittle my State Department's decision. Albeit, unfortunately on occasions they have and do misinterpret events and personages. However, "Right or wrong, it is my country".

It is my fondest desire that the complete facts as to the Foreign-Aid Scandal, Sports' Project and World Athletic Sports Corp. be brought and kept before the American Public. This country is populated with so many more Americans with "guts" than the relatively few "corruptible" ones. When the truth is known, justice and truth must and will prevail.

I understand that my "uniform" seems to bother you and that you would like to see that I am removed from the Air Force Reserve Program which I have been participating in for 20 years in active and reserve time. Also that you have recently informed one of your attorneys, Mr. Marshall, that you are concerned as to the activities of "that Dirty Jew." Dr. Khosrovani, as I remember you, you are a man who is short in stature, fat and whose though not immaculate, was not loud. It is true that the clothing may have been old, but at least the colors did not clash - perhaps dull but definitely not loud.

I can well appreciate that my consistent statements concerning corruption in your government and as to its position of being a police state must bother you. I am so----- so-----sorry, not for you or for your "chosen group", but sorry for the poor innocent people who are now suffering under this Police State yoke.

As for your unworthy comments as to my being "that Dirty Jew", I take exception to this comment. For your enlightenment, it is my general practice to bathe frequently, shave and wash each day and brush my teeth at least twice a day. I also frequently change my clothing, a recommended procedure for you and your staff. As to my mode of clothing, I prefer to be more contemporary and do not endorse your acceptance of outmoded styles.

As for a comparison of military careers, it is my information that you have never had a chance at a "stable-career" as did the Old Shah. Pictures available to me, show that he "knew his business". I think that this is just unfortunate for I believe that the sight of you astride a jackass or some other mount would have made quite a comical scene. (What a loss to the world).

Perhaps, your hatred of me is really traceable to the fact that I am proud of my religious heritage --- you have one too ---- do you not???? Would it not be interesting for the world to learn as to one of the reasons why the Old Shah was deposed by The Allies during World War II. Was it not his hatred of the Jews and a strong desire to align his country with Hitler that led to his downfall and replacement?

This is a little more data for the public to be acquainted with, strange when you think back as to the many members of the Royal Families who have some form of Jewish Heritage in their background. This will be most interesting to the public.

Dr. Kosrovani, I want to reacquaint you with a few facts. You are in the greatest country in the world. Anyone, yes anyone, can "shoot" their mouths off here and you enjoy that privilege as well. It is a lot different than under the conditions in your "POLICE STATE", you lucky devil. In this country one wouldn't be involved in corrupt activities, removed from a post and then reassigned to a job in the Oil Industry - rather such a person would go to prison and justly so.

Now you can't blame me for refusing to sell out my country and my friends? Can you? I believe that quite a number of "controlled dummies" yes, Americans, have sold out their country and principles to a number of crooks in your country. That shame lives on within them and some day they will pay for this deceit.

Let us not play with words anymore. It was the interference by your former boss, A. Zahedi, that prevented the Shah's dream for a Sport's Development from materializing. Zahedi's hatred of The Khair Khan and utter disregard of The Shah's feelings prevented fulfillment of The Shah's wishes. It is absolutely fantastic how certain "influential" ones get "the boot", especially when found out. Zahedi was finally found out, and The Shah also discovered other facts and divorced his daughter from him. However, his crooked connections, unfortunately still give him some temporary influence, but to how long - that too is questionable.

Concerning the allegations of The Khaibar Khan, we both know them to be true as well as do many other people in the U.S. Government and definitely within the Iranian Government and Persia. From what I know, The Shah must live in dread fear of his "friends" who in reality are some of his most "greedy" enemies.

The Khaibar Khan, his associates and friends wished only to complete the facilities as requested and required by The Shah. This wish was diverted by such great patriots as Chafig, Zahedi and "other greedy" patriots. The fact is that they, as well as others, in your immediate group could and cannot stand anything that is considered for the benefit of the people; and as such could not stomach The Khaibar Khan's popularity and the potential benefits to the people.

Surely, you must recall your personal lucrative meetings with Mr. Dickens and others. Isn't it amazing that Chafig, Ala, Khatemi and others, of the immediate group, were all astonished that I would not accept substantial bribe offers. It must have been shocking to them to find that to this American, money was not everything.

May I suggest that you concentrate on improving the image of U.S. Foreign-Aidless (Iran). For as we know, President Johnson and his Administration rightly feel that Iran is a "developed country". Perhaps this is the nicer way of saying that the U.S. Government is tired of being taken advantage of by misappropriated funds, and suggests that the Iranian Government utilize their own available funds to satisfy their needs relating to bribery, etc.

Try to improve your situation with your "bothersome" Iranian Students. The Caviar and money being lavishly thrown to "peddlers" and "controlled U.S. dummies" is wasted, for it only buys time and not true friends. They may sell the U.S. short today, tomorrow perhaps their mothers and fathers and with the same reasoning, friends and down the line, they go.

Can we arrive at an arrangement? The only one that is possible between us. This is my suggestion: You will not refer to me as "that dirty Jew" as I have indicated, I am proud of my heritage for I can trace out this heritage -- and I will refrain from referring to you as a fat, irresponsible character. By the way, are not the lawyers for Princess Fatemi and Prince Mahmoud Reza in an awkward position? It must be most embarrassing for them to discuss with you or your staff, any aspect relating to the Jewish Religion. For it is my information that this legal firm is staffed by quite a number of key officials and employees, who are, themselves, Jewish. Better stick with them though, as the firm is well qualified in expensive delaying actions and legal maneuvers as required by their clients. I understand millions of dollars have been expended endeavoring to delay or stop the legitimate claims of The Khaibar Khan and World Athletic Sports Corporation-- -----What a waste of time and money !!!

GAD-----If the truth were known back in Teheran (and I am making efforts to let it be known), as to the power-politics and misappropriations, etc. there would be certain changes made here in the United States and abroad.

ots For Justice

hed 1951)



Eastern Open Doesn't Want For Color

From out of a world that seems almost unbelievable steps the incredible Khaibar Khan Goodar-zian, world traveler, clothes horse and golfer of some international reputation.

He's in Baltimore to play in the Eastern Open Golf Tournament and about to cause more individual curiosity than any visitor in the 12-year history of the event.

You don't necessarily have to hear him because the Khaibar Kid comes on loud and clear even when he doesn't say anything.

If clothes makes the man then all the rest of the world's male population is running a distant lint-covered second.

Goodar-zian has three weaknesses he admits to—the lure of the fairway, the music which suggests "let's dance" and a new bolt of cloth that might be shaped to his own discerning fashion.

The 38-year-old Goodar-zian is from a mountain tribe in Iran and has been in the United States since 1951. He is an amateur golfer who scored one of the longest holes-in-one on record—a jet-propelled shot of 345-yards.

But his golf is an avocation, as are most of his other pursuits. He holds the title of the World's Best Dressed Man, which also takes in Upper Govans.

Goodar-zian, who brings his own gallery along with him in that he has a staff which includes two secretaries, a public relations consultant, wardrobe assistant, butler and chauffeur, obviously likes having people around him.

Invariably the crowd following him expands, like say a cozy party of six turns into a ball for a modest group of even 100 or more.

There is an aura of captivating intrigue about this smiling man who has a project underway to take sports, as played on the American level, back to Iran.

He is specifically interested in a group he calls the International Sports Foundation, which he says will be the vehicle for carrying baseball, basketball and tennis to the Middle East.

Excess Baggage Fee \$145

The Khaibar, also known around golf locker rooms as "Mr. Goodie" or "Alley-Oop," isn't exactly down to his only pair of sneakers and levis. The last inventory taken showed him to have 392 suits, separated into four seasons; 451 pairs of shoes, 714 ties, 55 tuxedos and 12 tails.

To bring only part of his extensive ensemble here, he took 32 pieces of luggage and three taxi-cabs to transport it from his Fifth Avenue apartment to the airport. The excess baggage air charge from New York to Baltimore ran \$145.

He has three bags of golf clubs, each one a different color, with shoes to match. His golf shoes run the spectrum of color—yellow, white, red, green, blue, black and gray.

No question that he is the World's Best Dressed Golfer along with being the World's Best Dressed Man. But the Khaibar Kid let a wonderful sense of humor show through.

"Maybe I will go to the tournament dressed as a caddy," he laughed. "Yes, that would be different."

All of the Khaibar Kid's golf clubs, made by MacGregor, bear his signature and the initials W.B.D.M.

Going to the Pine Ridge course today, he's sure to out-dress the professional golfers, who aren't exactly left in the rough when it comes to sartorial splendor.

But the Khaibar Kid, even though he has clothes hanging in the closet he could hardly ever get to wear, doesn't flaunt his silk and vicuna riches. He prefers to look his best and let it go at that.

"I feel if I can take American athletics back to my country it will help our people," says the spreader of Iranian cheer and goodwill. Under no conditions does Khaibar like to talk politics.

Wants Sports To Prosper

Perhaps Iran's leading athlete of the modern era has been Mahmood Namjoo, a name which sounds like a bee-bop artist but, quite to the contrary, was a rugged weight lifter.

There should be better athletes developed in Iran, says the Khaibar, and it's to that end he says he is working. A well educated man, he can speak six languages.

He seems to have a vitality that never runs down. He puts himself through calisthenics daily and doesn't need much sleep to carry him over. There is a suspicion that if he ever went to bed before midnight that he might be ill in the morning.

Apparently he has all of this world's goods, speaking both financially and textorially, to keep the seat of his pants from wearing out. As yet he has never had to go back to Iran in a barrel.

Probably the most difficult decision in life for this internationally known good sport is what to do in the morning.

JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK., CHAIRMAN
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United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON
GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

SENATE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE
ON INVESTIGATIONS
(PURSUANT TO S. RES. 224, 87TH CONGRESS)

August 19, 1963

Mr. Richard H. Wels
Moss, Wels & Marcus
341 Madison Avenue
New York 17, New York

Dear Mr. Wels:

This acknowledges your letter of August 16th.

I shall be very glad to give The Khaibar Khan an appointment sometime after September 1st. I assume you have in mind to accompany him to Washington and participate in the presentation of the additional documentation in substantiation and corroboration of materials presented to the Subcommittee sometime ago.

If you will contact me again about September 1st--I suggest by telephone--I shall set a definite time for the meeting. Please advise if this is satisfactory.

Sincerely yours,


John L. McClellan

JLM/jr

United Patriots For Justice

DATE:
PLACE:

Rusk Puts a Stop to Khan's Suit

By ALFRED ALBELLI

Secretary of State Dean Rusk personally intervened last Tuesday to keep the Iranian ambassador to the U. S. from being served with a court order stemming from a multimillion-dollar suit against a brother and a sister of the Shah of Iran, THE NEWS learned yesterday.

At that time Rusk expressed concern that efforts to serve the State Supreme Court order on Mahmoud Foroughi, the ambassador, were not conducive to friendly relations between the U.S. and the Shah.

Richard H. Wels, attorney for Khaibar Khan, an Iranian exile

others to show cause Jan. 5 why they should not be held in contempt and fined a total of \$1,281,000.

State Dept. Aid Named

The two others are Donald A. Wehmeyer, assistant legal adviser for the Office of Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs in the State Department, and Kosrow Eghbal, an official of the National Iranian Oil Co. Klein specified that the order be served on the three men personally.

Klein issued the order on an affidavit by Wels, who charged that Eghbal had defied a court order restraining him from removing any assets of Princess Fatima by withdrawing \$200,000, on the princess' instructions,

from her account in a San Marino, Calif., bank and leaving the country with this money on Nov. 23.

Wels also charged that Eghbal disregarded a subpoena ordering him to appear in Manhattan Supreme Court Dec. 2 to testify on the extent of the princess' assets in this country.

Charge Against Envoy

Wels claimed that Wehmeyer and Foroughi were also guilty of defying the court by urging Eghbal to disregard the subpoena and the restraining order and to leave the country with Princess Fatima's money.

Wehmeyer had already been served with the show cause order. Eghbal, of course, is out of the country.

Khaibar Khan

Up Against State Department

who initiated the suit, notified Rusk Wednesday that he was instructing his Washington representatives to cease trying to serve Foroughi.

Wels told Rusk he was taking his action because of "my high regard and respect for you and because I would not wish to embarrass you in your conduct of the foreign relations of the U.S."

Prince, Sister Sued

On Aug. 27, 1963, the khan obtained a judgment of \$1,281,000 each against the shah's brother, Prince Mahmoud Riza Pahlavi, and a sister, Princess Fatima Pahlavi.

The khan, who claims to be titular leader of two million Bakhtiari tribesmen in southwest Iran, accused the defendants of misappropriating \$2,562,000 in funds of the World Athletic Sports Corp. Since obtaining the judgment, he has been trying to seize their assets in this country.

On Dec. 11 Supreme Court Justice Arthur G. Klein signed an order directing Foroughi and



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20530

Address Reply to the
Division Indicated
and Refer to Initials and Number

October 29, 1963.

Mr. E. Haring Chandor
151 East 83rd Street
New York 28, New York

Re: Registration No. 1638

Dear Mr. Chandor:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of September 17, 1963, with which was enclosed an amendment to your registration statement filed under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended.

In your letter you advise that you do not anticipate any further activities on your part on behalf of the Khaiber Khan or his organization which would necessitate notice to the Registration Section. It is presumed from this statement that you wish to have your registration terminated under the Act. In order to accomplish this, it will be necessary for you to amend Item 5 of your original registration statement indicating that as of June 12, 1963, the date of your registration, you performed no further services for your foreign principals. If you have performed services for the foreign principals subsequent to June 12, 1963, it will be necessary pursuant to Rule 260 under the Act to file a final statement for the final period of the agency relationship not covered by the original registration statement.

Amendment forms and forms for a final statement are enclosed herewith. The appropriate set of forms should be filed in duplicate with this office as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

J. WALTER YEAGLEY
Assistant Attorney General
Internal Security Division

By:

Nathan B. Levin
NATHAN B. LEVIN, Chief
Registration Section

Enclosures
3 FA-10 Forms
3 FA-1-6M Forms

SACRAMENTO ADDRESS
ASSEMBLY BOX 65
STATE CAPITOL
ZONE 14
ROOM 3164
TEL. HICKORY 5-4711
EXT. 3134

MEMBER
BOARD OF REGENTS
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CALIFORNIA STATE COLLEGES
CALIFORNIA STATE DISASTER
COUNCIL

Assembly California Legislature

JESSE M. UNRUH
SPEAKER OF THE ASSEMBLY

April 1968

Dear Ms. Khan:

As chairman of the Kennedy for President Committee I want to express to you my sincere thanks for your offer of assistance in this critical campaign.

With your help I am confident that we can elect Senator Robert Kennedy our President and, once again, get this country moving on the right course.

Sincerely,

Jesse M. Unruh

Jesse M. Unruh
Speaker of the Assembly,
Chairman, Kennedy for President Committee

P.S. If you have not yet been assigned a task by the Campaign Committee, please call our headquarters at (213) 937-6300 or write to me at my Los Angeles office.

(COPY)

UNITED PATRIOTS FOR JUSTICE

December 23, 1964

Honorable John L. McClellan
United States Senate
Washington 25, D.C.

Dear Senator McClellan:

Your letter of November 20, 1964 addressed to my attorney Mr. Richard H. Wells was called to my attention by him. In that letter you acknowledge that the Department of State undertook some investigation in Iran at your request.

I have found through my sources that the people from the Department of State and others who have been assigned to do this investigation are not doing an honest job either for your Committee or the poor people of my country. They are working hard to satisfy the Shah, his corrupt Iranian and American collaborators. They have been in close contact with the Iranian Embassy and have been conducting an investigation according to the instructions of the Iranian Embassy which are intended to be turned against me.

I have been aware of this fact for quite some time and it was even brought to my attention by some of my American friends in this country like Miss Elizabeth Heinz, Mr. Ashley Chanler and others that an investigator from your Committee has been twisting and distorting their testimonies which were favorable towards me. Investigator Wolf even has gone as far as trying to turn them against me.

The investigation that the Department of State undertook for you in Iran was even worse. Their so-called investigation has not been intended to find the truth, instead they have been in close contact with the SAVAK Police of the Shah and have prepared a report only with the intention of pleasing the Shah and his corrupt officials and dishonest American Collaborators. It has become a joke among Iranian circles that ever since I submitted these documents to your Committee nothing has come out of it except costing the Shah a fortune and making some investigators of the Department of State, the Department of Justice and your Committee rich and prosperous.

If you recall during my first and second visit with you and your Committee members even before I submitted the documents to you, it was understood between us that the Department of State would not be the proper agency to undertake such an investigation in order to learn the truth about the misuse of the Foreign Aid program to Iran. You personally agreed with me and promised me under oath that the Department of State would not be apart of this investigation.

(COPY)

Honorable John L. McClellan,

December 23, 1964

If you and other members of your Committee are interested in learning the truth, I suggest that you designate some sincere people to undertake this investigation both in Iran and in this country. People who have no desire to satisfy and please the Shah, his corrupt Iranian and American collaborators but who are only desirous to learn the truth and to do an honest investigation.

UNITED PATRIOTS FOR JUSTICE

Yours truly,

Khaibar Khan

THE KHAIBAR KHAN

Honorary Chairman, Ruling Council

*Copy for
P. F. T. 12/16*

The Khaibar Khan
c/o Moss, Wels & Marcus
341 Madison Avenue
New York City, N.Y.

-(COPY)

UNITED PATRIOTS FOR JUSTICE

December 12, 1966

Mr. Robert L. King
Assistant U.S. Attorney
Special Prosecution Section
United States Court House
Foley Square
New York City, New York

Dear Mr. King:

Reference to the meeting of my attorney, Mr. Richard H. Wels and myself with you of this afternoon at your office I will again repeat what I brought up then. That is to say that I am shocked and infuriated by how some original checks and documents which were furnished by me voluntarily to you as parts of the Grand Jury Exhibits were brought to the Iranian Embassy through the attorneys of the Pahlavis.

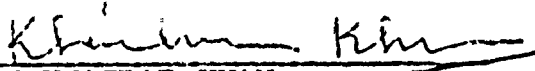
This afternoon when I confronted you with this fact you denied having any part in this outrageous action and stated that may be it was done by the F.B.I. This explanation and guess work on your part were quite amazing especially when you have acknowledged the receipt of these original checks and documents in your letters of February 1, 1965, March 1, 1965, June 10, 1965 and June 17, 1965 addressed to me.

I went through this game before but I learned through my experience with the McClellan Committee to make sure and get a receipt for whatever documents I furnish to different Committees and Agencies.

I hope that this unethical and outrageous action will not be repeated by your office again.

Yours truly,

UNITED PATRIOTS FOR JUSTICE


THE KHAIBAR KHAN,
Honorary Chairman, Ruling Council

The Khaibar Khan
c/o Moss, Wels & Marcus
341 Madison Avenue
New York City, New York

MOSS, WELS & MARCUS
341 MADISON AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

December 23, 1964

C
O
P
Y

The Honorable Dean Rusk
Secretary of State
Department of State
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Secretary:

As you are aware, on December 22, 1964, Mr. Eugene Anderson, Chief of the Civil Division of the United States Attorney's Office For the Southern District of New York, advised me of your scheduled meeting for three o'clock in the afternoon of that day with the Foreign Minister of Iran, and of your concern that our efforts to effect service of an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York upon Mr. Mahmoud Foroughi, the Ambassador of Iran, was an embarrassment in maintaining friendly relations between the United States State Department and the Shah of Iran.

Of course, I immediately informed Mr. Anderson that I would adhere to such request made on your behalf, and would instruct our Washington representatives to cease immediately all efforts to effect service upon Ambassador Foroughi. As soon as Mr. Anderson and I completed our telephone conversation, I immediately gave such instructions. I am to meet with Mr. Anderson for a further discussion of this matter on Monday, December 28, 1964, at 11:00 A.M.

I should like to make it clear that such action on my part was taken because of my high regard and respect for you, and because I would not wish to embarrass you in your conduct of the foreign relations of the United States.

I am somewhat concerned that, in the exchange of telegrams which Mr. Anderson and I had confirming our conversation and understanding, he should have had occasion to say

The Honorable Dean Rusk

-2-

December 23, 1964

"While the Department of State is apprehensive that a matter of such delicacy rests solely upon your word, I have assured them that there will be no difficulty in this regard."

I am, of course, quite sure that this apprehension on the part of the Department of State is nothing which you share, and that it had its origin with subordinates.

I have had occasion to deal with the Department of State many times in the twenty-eight years that I have been admitted to the bar, sometimes in an official capacity and other times in a private capacity. On none of these occasions has the Department had any reason to feel that anything which I said was not completely accurate or that I breached any commitment or agreement.

From the text of Mr. Anderson's telegram I have the impression that there may be a feeling in the Department that I have acted capriciously and without cause in including Ambassador Foroughi among those to whom the court order was directed. Let me dispel this feeling if it does in fact exist.

There is no doubt whatever that on November 28, 1964, he urged Mr. Eghbal to disregard the subpoena and restraining order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, to leave the country, and not to appear in court. In doing so in connection with private litigation to which the Government of Iran was not a party, he was abusing his position and status, and was contemptuous of our courts and judicial process.

We had, of course, carefully considered the question of immunity of an Ambassador. The United States Supreme Court, in an opinion written by Mr. Justice Holmes in Popovici v. Alger, 280 U.S. 379, 383-4, has held that state courts were not precluded from entertaining suits against consular officials. And, in an earlier decision in Ex parte Baiz, 135 U.S. 403, the Court had held that for purposes of the jurisdictional requirement ambassadors, ministers, and consuls were all in the same category.

Title 22, United States Code, Section 252, to

December 23, 1964

which reference was also made in Mr. Anderson's telegram, prohibits the arrest or imprisonment of an ambassador, or the seizure or distraint of his goods and chattels. It goes no further. Neither the arrest nor imprisonment of the Ambassador, nor the seizure or distraint of the Ambassador's goods or chattels, are of course involved here.

Most important among the matters which were given consideration was the waiver of immunity by the Ambassador.

You are probably not aware that on November 2, 1964, in connection with this litigation, Ambassador Foroughi addressed a two page letter to the Honorable Irving L. Levey, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York (a copy of which was appended to and made a part of the defendant's moving papers) relating to matters in issue in the litigation, and concluded his letter by saying

"I certify to the truth of the foregoing;
and I am prepared to submit it in affidavit form, if Your Honor so desires."

Thereafter, on November 10, 1964, Ambassador Foroughi executed an affidavit before Mary Louise Werres, a Notary Public in the District of Columbia, for use in this litigation, and caused such affidavit to be served upon me and filed with the Court.

It is established law that the immunity which a sovereign or its ambassador may possess is waived by conduct inconsistent with a claim of immunity from the judicial process of a court, State or Federal. Field v. Predonica, 263 App. Div. 155, 31 N.Y.S.2d 739; Pacific Molasses Co. v. Comite De Ventas De Mielles De La Republica Dominicana, 219 N.Y.S.2d 1018, 30 Misc. 2d 560; Ex Ve Balik Kurumu v. R.S.N. International Sales Corp., 204 N.Y.S.2d 971, 25 Misc.2d 299, affirmed 17 A.D.2d 927, 233 N.Y.S.2d 1013.

I would normally have consulted with the Department before taking this action. I did not do so because of the fact that all but one of a whole series of letters addressed by my

The Honorable Dean Rusk

-4-

December 23, 1964

Washington associate, Mr. James R. Sharp, and myself, from December 2, 1964, have been ignored and gone unanswered. And, in the one letter which was answered as well as in telephone conversations, the Office of the Legal Advisor has demonstrated an extreme partisan attitude in this litigation, and, although doing extraordinary things to assist the defendants, has refused us the most elementary courtesy and assistance.

I regret that anything which we may have done should have been construed or had the effect of embarrassing you in the conduct of foreign relations. I would welcome the assistance of the Department in bringing this whole matter to a conclusion, and I will be glad to make myself available at your convenience.

Sincerely yours,

Richard H. Wells

RHW:gg
Cert. Mail, RRR

cc: Eugene Anderson, Esq.
J. Walter Yeagley, Esq.

LAW OFFICES

MOSS, WELS & MARCUS

FRANK MOSS (1908-1920)
 ISIDOR WELS
 RICHARD H. WELS
 ALAN D. MARCUS
 JAMES L. ADLER, JR.

341 Madison Avenue
 New York 17

October 11, 1963

Honorable John L. McClellan
 United States Senate
 Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Senator McClellan:

As requested by the Committee during the previous testimony of The Khaibar Khan, enclosed please find copies of summons, complaints, and judgments - some brought by World Athletic Sports Corp. and some by The Khaibar Khan against:

Thompson-Starrett Company
 Mahmoud Reza Pahlavi
 Judith Ellen Fromer
 William E. Burk, Jr.
 Ali Dashti

Randolph Dickins, Jr.
 Fatemeh Pahlavi
 Robert Fromer
 Paula Braun
 Batool Shidfar

Judgments have been obtained against all above-mentioned parties except Judith Fromer and Robert Fromer, who could not be reached or located so far, and the action against Burk is on calendar.

You will find background information on Ali Dashti and Batool Shidfar for your records. It is of interest to note that the names of some of the parties mentioned above were given to the press and other sources by the Embassy of Iran with some fabricated stories against The Khaibar Khan in order to discredit him.

Sincerely yours,

RHW
 Richard H. Wels

RHW:sbp
 Enclosures

EXHIBIT "D"

Published by or on behalf of the K. K. United Patriots For Justice, Shabbous Avenue, Zhoramshahr, Iran, of which the Khaibar Khan, 341 Madison Avenue, New York 17, New York, is the United States agent. The Khaibar Khan is registered with the Department of Justice, Washington, D. C. under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 as amended as the Agent of the aforesaid principal. Copies of the Registration Statement referred to are available for public inspection in the files of the Department of Justice. Registration does not indicate approval of the contents of this publication by the United States Government.

December 12th, 1966

Jack Corinblit, Esq.
Suite 1010, I.B.M. Bldg.
3424 Wilshire Boulevard
Los Angeles 5, California

Dear Jack:

This afternoon I went down with Khaibar Khan to see Mr. King at the U. S. Attorney's office in connection with obtaining the exhibits which Khaibar Khan needs for his appearance before a grand jury in Los Angeles. Mr. King said that Khaibar Khan could obtain from the U. S. Marshal today travel funds for the California trip. He said that Mr. Van der Kamp had talked personally with the U. S. Marshal to make sure the funds would be available.

Incidentally, we arranged with Mr. King that even though the check was made out to Khaibar Khan Goodzarian, acceptance of the check in that name and endorsement in that name will not be deemed to be admission or to be construed in any way that Khaibar Khan is anybody but Khaibar Khan.

Khaibar Khan and I then went down to see Mr. Costa in the U. S. Marshal's office. To my surprise, Mr. Costa declined to make payment of the travel funds at this time. The reason given for this was that the U. S. attorney in California might change his mind and might not want Khaibar Khan to appear before the grand jury after all. This, of course, sounds to me as though the U. S. Attorney is playing games and that the subpoena was issued in the hope that he would decline to appear or might assert a privilege. It might very well be that the U. S. Attorney, like the Iranian Embassy, would really be most unhappy to have Khaibar Khan telling his story to a grand jury.

Jack Corinblit, Esq.

-2-

December 12th, 1966

in California just as they were unhappy when he told it to a grand jury in New York. I telephoned Mr. King from Mr. Costa's office to tell him of this curious development. I pointed out to him that the government could not expect Khaibar Khan to appear before a grand jury in California without having the opportunity for at least a day or two prior to his appearance to discuss the problems involved with the attorney who is going to represent him in that appearance in California, that is, yourself. I told Mr. King that I hoped that he could have this matter straightened out with Mr. Van der Kamp by tomorrow afternoon when Khaibar Khan is to pick up from him the necessary exhibits. If they really mean that they are not going to make travel funds available until the end of this week, the actual appearance before the grand jury should be put off for two or three days so as to permit him the opportunity to discuss this with you. If, on the other hand, for reasons best known to the Ambassador of Iran they have decided to call off his appearance, please let us know about it so that he can make his independent arrangements for the holidays.

Incidentally, you will be interested to know that Her Imperial Highness, Princess Ashraf who, as you know, is the twin sister of the Shah, has arrived in New York and is presently at the Waldorf Astoria. I do not know whether there are any plans for her appearance while in this country either before a grand jury or before the Narcotics Bureau.

Sincerely yours,

Richard H. Wells

Copy for R.F.F. K.K.
RHW:RG

ORGANISATION NATIONALE IRANIENNE
POUR LA JEUNESSE ET L'ÉDUCATION PHYSIQUE

Iranian National Organization
for the Youth and Physical Education

Part Chahr - Téhéran

TEL 300042-300100
A2 TEL. Tach-Mahdani - Téhéran

Date March 20.....1963
No. : SS001-235-T.....

World Athletic Sports Corp.
507 Fifth Avenue
New York 17, New York

Attention: Mr. Jacob J. Warmbrand, President

Gentlemen: RE: Your letter of March 3, 1963

We heroby acknowledge receipt of the originals of your Certified Public Accounting up to March 1, 1963, together with bills, vouchers, cancelled checks, etc., through your representative in Tehoran. Included was your Final Proposal for the sports centers in Tehoran and twelve other cities in Iran with the program for the Bakhtiari regions.

According to your request for the payment through a U.S. bank, enclosed please find check No. 124 dated March 26, 1963, drawn on the City National Bank of Beverly Hills, Los Angeles, California, for the amount of \$1,250,000.00 signed by Her Royal Highness, Princess Fatemeh Pahlavi, and check No. 107 dated March 28, 1963 drawn on the same bank for the amount of \$1,250,000.00 signed by His Royal Highness, Prince Mahmoud Reza Pahlavi, totaling the amount of \$2,500,000.00 issued to you according to the instructions of His Imperial Majesty, the Shahanshah, in settlement of expenses incurred by you on behalf of the Sports Projects up to March 1, 1963.

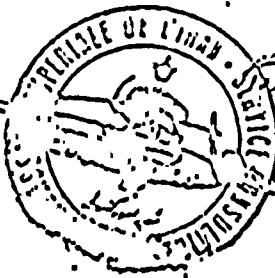
Your final Proposal has been turned over to General Izadpanah for review and you will hear from him directly.

Yours very truly,

(X) *[Signature]*
Gen. Mohamad Amin Khatami
Shahanshahi Sports Organization of Iran

(X) *[Signature]*

[Signature]



(COPY)

UNITED PATRIOTS FOR JUSTICE

May 20, 1967

Honorable Robert F. Kennedy
United States Senate
Washington 25 ,D.C.

Dear Senator Kennedy:

As you probably will recall according to your advice, I have stayed behind my charges and tried to clear certain unjust and untrue remarks made by Senator McClellan and some of his colleagues which were made in an effort to pressure The Nation into deciding not to publish its April 12, 1965 issue and to diminish the truth.

In order to clear these matters and bring out the truth, I have made several voluntary appearances before the District Attorney of New York, Federal Grand Jury in the Southern District of New York and also appeared before a Federal Grand Jury in Los Angeles and have testified in detail and submitted full documentations.

Much to the disappointment of the Shah, his corrupt officials and his dishonest American agents and collaborators in this country, I have cleared these unjust and false accusations and have not and will not give up my struggle to achieve justice and freedom for the poor people of my country.

The Shah has been spending millions of dollars through his agents in this country to damage me, my reputation and the reputation of my associates. They have even gone as far as trying openly to persuade some of my American friends and associates who understood my cause and were knowledgeable of his corrupt regime and dishonest actions to be turned against me. Enclosed you will find copies of letters of May 2, 1966, May 26, 1966 and May 31, 1966 showing how some of the Shah's American backers tried to do this. I am also enclosing a copy of my letter of December 12, 1966 to Robert L. King, Assistant U.S. Attorney which is self-explanatory and tells of how some original documents and checks as important as exhibits of a Federal Grand Jury have found their way to the Iranian Embassy.

So far all of these efforts on their part to damage me and my associates have been unsuccessful. Now a new maneuvering and conniving is going under way in order to put pressure on me

(COPY)

Honorable Robert F. Kennedy

May 20, 1966

FROM the Immigration Service with the intention of preventing my departing me to Iran and have the Shah execute me. The most active and influential of the Shah's agents in this country are George V. Allen and George W. Ball. They are the ones who are trying to present the Shah with a gift of my head and the heads of others who have opposed the dictatorial regime of the Shah. They have been making these arrangements through the following people: F.A. Esmerdy and Cook at the Immigration Service in New York City, Robert J. Rosthal at the Justice Department, Barbara Watson and Miss Folger at the State Department.

Being knowledgeable of this scheme my attorney Mr. Richard H. Wells has requested Congressman Scheuer to introduce a Bill for my relief to the Congress. How successful the Shah's agents will be in presenting him with a gift of my head is not known.

UNITED PATRIOTS FOR JUSTICE

Yours truly,

K. H. Khan
THE KHAIBAR KHAN,
Honorary, Chairman, Ruling Council

The Khaibar Khan
c/o Moss, Wells & Marcus
341 Madison Avenue
New York City, New York

SULZBERGER, WELS & MARCUS
18 EAST 48TH STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

MYRON SULZBERGER, JR.
RICHARD H. WELS
ALAN D. MARCUS
STEPHEN J. SCHAEFFER

TELEPHONE
AREA CODE 212
752-3122

March 25, 1968

The Khaibar Khan
% Mrs. Talit Khan
10455 1/2 Wilshire Blvd.,
Los Angeles, California

Dear KK:

On Saturday afternoon Jack Cogswell brought Colonel Pat Young and his partner, Walter Mercer in to see me to discuss your case.

They have formed a company which is to operate and build some hotels and motels in Iran, both on the Caspian and on the Persian Gulf, as well as some other related facilities.

Colonel Young is going there in May. He frankly says that he has talked about you and your case with the Shah directly. He feels that there is a desire to work out some sort of a settlement with you and bring all of the problems to a final end. He was quite frank and made a lot of statements that I would not expect the Shah's people to make, particularly in terms of the students over here.

He would like to be able to discuss your case with the right people when he goes to Iran and see if he can work out a settlement. It is worth trying. On the other hand, I do not want to take the responsibility of giving him terms, etc.

I told him that I would like to have you be in touch with him directly. His telephone number at home in New York is PL 8-1868 and his office telephone is HA 1-2233. Mercer's telephone number (and Mercer I do not trust the way that I do Young, and Mercer is not going to Iran) at home is TE 1-0962, and his office telephone number is MU 8-0300.

Jack Cogswell had several talks with these people before

SULZBERGER, WELS & MARCUS

The Khaibar Khan

-2-

March 25, 1968

he brought them to me, and you can probably get some important background information from Cogswell. His telephone number is EL 5- 6000.

Sincerely yours,

R. H. Wels
Richard H. Wels

RHW:RG

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE

1968 ALIEN ADDRESS REPORT

INSTRUCTIONS

READ CAREFULLY BEFORE FILLING OUT THIS CARD.
COMPLETE ALL ITEMS ON BOTH SIDES OF THIS CARD.
- PRINT OR TYPE ANSWERS -

ITEM (2) LOOK AT THE NUMBER ON YOUR ALIEN CARD.
THE NUMBER MAY HAVE THE LETTER "A" BEFORE IT.
COPY ON THIS CARD THE LETTER AND NUMBER EXACTLY
AS THEY APPEAR ON YOUR ALIEN CARD.

ITEM (3) IF YOU ARE A PERMANENT RESIDENT OF THE
UNITED STATES, STATE YOUR PERMANENT ADDRESS.
IF NOT, SHOW YOUR ADDRESS IN THE UNITED STATES
AS OF THE DATE OF THIS REPORT.

WHEN COMPLETED --- HAND THE CARD
TO CLERK IN ANY U.S. POST OFFICE.

DO NOT MAIL

DO YOU WANT TO BECOME A U.S. CITIZEN?
IF SO, YOU CAN OBTAIN AN APPLICATION AT ANY
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE OFFICE.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

(1) MY NAME IS:

KHAN

KHAIBAR

(K-K)

(MIDDLE)

(2) REGISTRATION NO.:

K500

(3) MY ADDRESS IN THE UNITED STATES IS: (FILL IN APPROPRIATE ITEMS)

(IN CARE OF)

72 50 Franklin Avenue

(STREET OR RURAL ROUTE)

(APARTMENT OR HOUSE NO.)

Hollywood

(CITY)

L.A.

(COUNTY)

California

(STATE)

(ZIP CODE)

(4) MY SEX IS: (CHECK ONE)

1. ☒ MALE 2. ☐ FEMALE

(5) I WAS BORN IN:

Iran

(COUNTRY)

(6) MY DATE OF BIRTH IS:

7 - April 64

ON

(DAY)

(MONTH)

(YEAR)

(7) I AM A CITIZEN OF:

Iran

(COUNTRY)

(8) I ENTERED THE UNITED STATES:

AT New York

(PLACE OR PORT)

(9) I AM IN THE UNITED STATES AS: (CHECK ONE)

1. ☐ PERMANENT RESIDENT

4. ☐ STUDENT

2. ☐ VISITOR

5. ☐ EXCHANGE ALIEN

3. ☐ CREWMAN

6. ☐ CONDITIONAL ENTRANT

7. ☐ OTHER (SPECIFY)

E 2

PLEASE COMPLETE REVERSE SIDE ALSO. DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE.

CI COU ST CCB NAT POE INS

DM 983570

(10) EMPLOYMENT IN THE UNITED STATES (CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX)
 X 1 ☒ I HAVE NEVER BEEN EMPLOYED IN THE UNITED STATES. (SKIP TO ITEM 13)
 2 ☐ I AM OR HAVE BEEN EMPLOYED IN THE UNITED STATES AND
 MY OCCUPATION IN THE UNITED STATES IS _____

1 ☐ MY PRESENT EMPLOYER IS 
OR
2 ☐ MY MOST RECENT EMPLOYER WAS 
(IF NOT NOW EMPLOYED)

(NAME OF FIRM)

{STATE}

(CITY)

(STREET ADDRESS)

(14) IF YOU ARE OVER 18 YEARS OF AGE AND HAVE BEEN IN THE UNITED STATES AS A PERMANENT RESIDENT FOR OVER FIVE (5) YEARS, CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX.

(13) MY SOCIAL SECURITY NO. (IF ANY) IS:

1 ☐ I HAVE APPLIED FOR U.S. CITIZENSHIP.

1 ☐ I HAVE APPLIED FOR U.S. CITIZENSHIP.
2 ☐ I HAVE NOT APPLIED FOR U.S. CITIZENSHIP.

(15) I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE STATEMENTS ARE TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE.

2 ☐ I HAVE NOT

CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE STATEMENTS ARE TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE.

K. White

(YOUR SIGNATURE OR IF UNDER 14 YEARS OLD, SIGNATURE OF PARENT OR GUARDIAN)

COMPLETED THE

(DATE)

BE SURE YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE OTHER SIDE.

FORM 1-53 (REV. 1-1-68)

003574

FORM APPROVED BUDGET BUREAU NO 43-8306.11

United Tribes For Justice

(Established 1951)

May 20, 1968

THE RULING COUNCIL:

Honorary Chairman
THE KHAIBAR KHAN

Vice Chairman

SHEIKH ABDOL HAMID TANKI

Honorary President

SHEIKH SALEM KHAZAI

Vice President

MOHAMMAD KURDI KURDESTANI

Arab Tribe, Persia

SHEIKH SALIM KHAZAI

Arab Tribe, Bahrain

SHEIKH ABDOL HAMID TANKI

Arab Tribe, Kuwait

SHEIKH ABDOL AZIM

Arab Tribe, Qatar

SHEIKH MOHAMMAD KARIM

Bakhtiari Tribe, Persia

THE KHAIBAR KHAN

TAJMOUR KHAN OSIVAND

Baseri Tribe, Persia

ROSTAM ALI KHAN BASERI

Ghashghai Tribe, Persia

SATAR KHAN GHASHGHAI

Kurd Tribe, Persia

MOHAMMAD KHAN KURDESTANI

Lez Tribe, Persia

DR. NOIRATOLAH KHAN BRUJERDI

Hamada, Persia

DR. AHMAD NUSSEIN DAYARI

Officer Roger Slatery
Police Department
1051 North Avenue
Los Angeles, California

Dear Officer Slatery:

In early December of 1967 three courriers came directly from the Shah of Iran to Washington, D. C. with special messages of importance for the Ambassador and the Shah's agents in the U. S. namely George W. Ball and George V. Allen. The courriers informed them that the Shah is planning to visit the U. S. sometime in June and it is up to them to carry the command of the Shah and work out one of the three following plans:

1. To attempt and make peace and settlement between the Shah and myself.
2. To see to it that the Shah gets what he wants after having gone through such heavy pay-offs and that is to have me deported to Iran.
3. To get rid of me permanently.

They relayed the displeasure of the Shah that despite of heavy expenditure on their behalf and charging it to his rich pockets no positive action has been taken place so far and his running out of patience and fed up with unfulfilled promises.

The Ambassador and his staff knew the importance of these messages and started planning right away. Numerous meetings and telephone conversations took place between them and the Shah's influential agents George Allen and George Ball. Following people were approached and reprimanded for not showing an end result: F. E. Esperdy and Cook of the Immigration Service in New York City, Miss Watson and Miss Folger of the State Department. The importance and urgency of the Shah's desire to have me deported to Iran was mentioned and repeated to these people.

On December 14, 1967 while I was riding in Griffith Park accompanied by my sister and some friends we heard sudden sounds of shot guns which caused my sister's horse to become frightened and the horse threw her down. This resulted in my sister being badly injured and sustain a fractured pelvis bone. She underwent an operation which lasted more than eleven hours and stayed in the hospital for two weeks and has been on crutches ever since.

Col. Pat Young of the State Department and his associate Walter Mercer approached my Attorney Mr. Richard H. Wells for making peace and

May 20, 1968

Officer Roger Slatery

settlement between the Shah and myself. They were insistent upon visiting with me personally which I refused. I told Mr. Wells that I will not meet with anyone connected with the State Department under any circumstances. Approximately a month later on March 25, 1968 I received the enclosed letter from Mr. Wells and agreed to talk to Col. Young on the telephone. I telephoned Col. Young and discussed different aspects of my disagreements and oppositions to the Shah's corrupt regime. I informed Col. Young that my interest in this is not money but to achieve justice and freedom for the poor people of my country. I told him that the only time I would agree to make peace will be when the Shah agrees to honor all of the Chicago agreements which are herewith enclosed.

During this whole period I received several telephone messages of threats and I was told that the Shah is running out of patience and I will be sorry if I did not agree to their terms and offers and that this time they meant business and if I did not soften up they would see to it that the Shah is pleased somehow. I was reminded of my sister's accidents several times.

On April 18, 1968 I telephoned Mr. Coriabbit from San Francisco and told him that I was planning to come to Los Angeles and will call him when I get there. On April 19, 1968 I telephoned my daughter Shirin and told her I would be in L. A. the next day and asked her to meet me at the air port. While my daughter was at the air port she called home and my youngest son Shahpour told her that Mr. Fred Walker had called a few minutes ago and asked to talk to me. My son had told him that he would pass the message on to his sister and would he call back in half an hour. Shirin told her brother that if Mr. Walker or Mr. Warmbrand call to tell them she will be back in an hour with me and would they leave a number where they could be reached. Fred Walker called back and my son gave him the message and he said that he would call back later. Half an hour later two people came to the house and introduced themselves as Immigration Agents and asked to see me. They were told that I was not there and such a late hour of night is not the proper time to disturb a family.

My daughter and my sister met me and three of my people, Dr. Davari, Mr. Khazal and Mr. Foroughi. We left the air port and when we got to the house nobody was there. Shirin said that they must have gone to pick up something. We drove out and dropped Mr. Khazal and Mr. Foroughi at the Beverly Hilton Hotel and came back and drove into the parking lot opposite the house. The minute we got there a car drove in and parked in the back of our car and two people came out and rushed to both sides of our car and tried to open the doors. We immediately locked the doors. Another two men came out of the same car and one of them was pointing towards me. Next one of them pulled out an object from his jacket and hit the windshield directly facing me. I opened the door and tried to come out when I was attacked from all sides. I remember the last hit on my head which caused me to fall down and was being dragged to their car. Dr. Davari was hit, my sister and my daughter were screaming for help. I was told later that the screams and my wife's car coming in and my son running out and being told to call the police caused these people to run away. I was told later by Dr. Davari and my family that a few minutes after they had called the police three police cars came and inquired from them what had happened. My sister

Officer Roger Slatery

May 20, 1968

said that while they were pulling out she could see the first three letters on their plate "DMZ". My sister also said that she heard two of the men talking and cursing in Iranian. When I came out I could not move my hands and I was bleeding very badly. We drove out of the parking lot and was directed by a police car to U.C.L.A. Emergency Room. While I was receiving treatments the police inquired from my sister what had happened. A while later two more police men came and made more inquiries both from my sister and myself. Complete description of the four men was given to the police. Police Officer Dehemmer 12738 wrote down the description of the four men and the car. I gave Officer Dehemmer the name and telephone number of my attorney and told him that my attorney will be in touch with the Police Department on Monday.

The injuries sustained by me as the result of this brutal attack were as follows: Broken thumb, three cut fingers on both hands, substantial amount of bruises and cuts on my legs, loss of an upper end tooth, damage to my left eye, extensive amount of bruises on my face and a black eye, extreme pain on my spine, head blows which resulted in severe headaches and spells of dizziness. The record of these injuries are available at the U.C.L.A. Hospital. Since that time I have been under medical care and have received regular treatments of thumb, neurosurgery and eye care.

Next day I contacted my attorney Mr. Richard H. Wels in New York and informed him of what had taken place. He advised me to contact Mr. Corinblit and inform him of the same. Mr. Corinblit visited me next morning and was quite shocked by seeing the injuries that I had sustained. Mr. Corinblit contacted the Police Department and made an appointment for me to see you. The appointment could not be kept and was cancelled when I was told by my doctor that my hand was in a bad shape and I must have an operation as soon as possible.

After the operation my attorney made another appointment with you for May 17, 1968. As you recall I met with you on that date accompanied by my attorney and my sister. I told you that incidents like that had happened before (enclosed you will find a biographical sketch of myself pointing out these planned incidents). I informed you that I was making my own investigation too to get to the bottom of this matter. I mentioned to you at that time that my information leads me to believe that George Ball was one of the people behind this attack. I agreed with your suggestion that I continue with my investigation and inform you of the result which would give you a better lead as to the identity of the people involved in this crime.

Now I have reliable information from the inside of the Iranian Embassy that George Ball, Ansari (Iranian Ambassador) and Yazdanyanah (Iranian Press Attache) were behind this. I also have the names of two SAVAK Police officers who attacked me that night and who are presently in this country. They are Major Naser Nazm and Captain Faraj Sepahbodi.

I am herewith making an official charge against the people I mentioned above and I hope that these criminals would be punished for the crime they have committed. If you need any further information please contact me at the following addresses.

Ocean Palm Hotel
1215 Ocean Avenue
Apt. #201, Santa Monica
Ex3-0227 Apt. #201

Yours truly,

Richard Khan
The Khaibar Khan

or c/o my attorney, JACK CORINBLIT

*Copy for
R.F.K.
K.K.*

CRIMINAL MISCELLANEOUS COMPLAINT OR CRIME REPORT

WEAPON, FORCE OR MEANS USED (Describe cal., type, etc.)

APPEARANT MOTIVE

WITNESS CONC. (H2O, normal, etc.)

TRIDEMARKS OF SUSPECT(S) (Actions or conversation)

REASON - USED ROSS SAP BILLY

VEHICLE USED BY SUSPECT(S) (Yr-make-body-col-lic. no. & I.D.)

CODE: V-VICTIM R-PERSON REPORTING CRIME W-WITNESS

VICTIM'S OCCUPATION - SEX - DESCENT - DATE OF BIRTH

NAME M/C

NAME KENNEDY, CAROL ANN

IDENTIFY SUSPECT(S) BY NO. (Name-address-sex-descent-age-ht-wt-hair-eyes-complexion-clothing-identifying characteristics. If arrested, include bkg. no. & charge)

(2) M/C 6-3/190 DRK SUITS

(2) M/C 58/160 150/170 DRK CLOTHING

IDENTIFY ADDITIONAL SUSPECT(S). (2) RECONSTRUCT THE CRIME. (3) DESCRIBE PHYSICAL EVIDENCE, LOCATION FOUND, AND GIVE DISPOSITION. (4) SUMMARIZE OTHER DETAILS RELATING TO CRIME. (5) TIME AND LOCATION WHERE VICTIM/WITNESSES CAN BE CONTACTED BY DAY INVESTIGATORS IF NO AVAILABLE PHONE NUMBERS.

P.R. STATED ON ABOVE TIME & DATE HE & WIFE WERE JUST GETTING INTO THEIR VEH AT ABOVE LOCATION WHEN HE OBSD ABOVE VEH ENTER PARKING LOT AT HIGH RATE OF SPEED. VEH PARKED NEXT TO THEIR VEH. ABOVE SUSP.S WALKED UP TO THEIR VEH. P.R. EXITED HIS VEH & WAS HIT WITH A ROSS SAP. P.R. FUGHT WITH SUSP.S & WAS KNOCKED TO GROUND. ONE SUSP. STARTED HITTING P.R. WITH A CLUB. ONE SUSP. SAID "THAT'S ENOUGH, DON'T KILL HIM". P.R. JUMPED IN HIS VEH. LOCKED DOOR & STARTED ENGINE. SUSP.S JUMPED INTO THEIR VEH. P.R. ATTEMPTED TO FOLLOW SUSP. BUT COULD NOT BE CAUSE OF HIGH RATE OF SPEED. NOTE: P.R. IS A POLITICAL EXILE FROM PERU.

P.R. REC FOLLOWING INJURY: BROKEN 1/THUMB & L INDEX TOE 6/THUMB & 1 INDEX FINGER

CRIME CLEARED BY ARREST ☐ YES ☒ NO

SUPERVISOR APPROVING

DATE & TIME REPRODUCED - DIVISION CLERK

INTERVIEWING OFFICER(S) - SER. NO. - DIV. - DET.

P. DEHEM, SER 12738 8AS

PERSON REPORTING CRIME (Signature)

CLEARED BY MULTIPLE

Person(s) Interviewed: Miss Lucy White

Date 6-19-68

Time

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone 10455 1/2 Wilshire Blvd. 4751849

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why,

This person is unk. to K. Khan and was only submitted to him and He made a
I-216, I-272, I-277, I-278, I-279, I-289, I-292 & How)card out and put his address down and phone number. Mr. Kahn was working on the
telephones and taking calls.The telephone book was checked but with negative results.Investigators making interview
Sgt. Sartuche Ofcr. Mirner.

Approved by:

J. J. Higgins

Person(s) Interviewed: MISS M. TAHER

LE # 1 210
Date 6-19-68

Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

NOT IN U.S. VOLUNTERED FOR CAMPAIGN WORK
FOR COMING PRES ELECT. NOTIFIED & CARDS
MADE AT CAMPAIGN HQS MADE BY KHAIBAR
KHAN'S PARTY T 216

Investigators making interview

Sgt SARTURE & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

T. Nylvi

Person(s) Interviewed: SATAR KAHN CHASIBHAI Date 6-17-68
Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

OUT OF COUNTRY. VOLUNTERED FOR CAMPAIGN
WORK FOR COMING PRES. ELECT. NOTIFIED &
CARDS ^{MADE} AT CAMPAIGN ADDRESS MADE BY KHAIBAR
KHAIBAR'S PARTY I 2/6

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUCCHI & OFC R E MILLER

Approved by:

[Signature]

Person(s) Interviewed: MISS FARUK KHAN Date 6-24-68
Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone 10455 1/2 WILSHIRE BLVD 475-1849

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

NOT IN THIS COUNTRY. NEVER BEEN IN
HEADQUARTERS. A CARD WAS MADE OUT BY
KHAIBAR KHAN'S PARTY FOR CAMPAIGN WORK
FOR LATER DATE

Investigator making interview

R. C. Miller & SGT SARTON

Approved by:

H. J. [Signature]

Person(s) Interviewed: MR. NADAR PAKRAYAN Date 6-20-68

Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone UNKInformation (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

THIS PERSON'S NAME WAS ON A REG CARD AT
CAMPAIGN HQTRS. THIS PERSON IS KNOWN BY
KHAIBAR KHAN (I.E.) BUT DOES NOT KNOW
WHEREABOUTS OF SAID PERSON.

Investigators making int view

Sgt Sartorius & OEC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

L.Y. Higbi

Person(s) Interviewed: ELIZABETH ROBINSON Date 6-21-68
Time 300pm

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

A PERSON IDENTIFYING HERSELF AS ELIZABETH ROBINSON
PHONED KENNEDY HEADQUARTERS AND VOLUNTEERED HER
SERVICES AS A CAMPAIGN WORKER. THIS INFO WAS
RECEIVED & RECORDED BY KHAIBAR KAHN. WHO IN TURN
DELAYED IT TO SGT. SARTICHE. INV: CONTACTED ALL
PERSONS BY THIS NAME WHO WERE LISTED IN VARIOUS
TELEPHONE DIRECTORIES.

ALL PERSONS CONTACTED STATED THEY HAD
NOT ENGAGED IN ANY TYPE OF CAMPAIGN WORK
FOR SEN. KENNEDY.

Investigators making interview

WARREN 11266.

Approved by:

W. Nighi

Person(s) Interviewed: MISS PARY SALEHDate 6-17-68

Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

NOT IN US., IN ENGLAND. VOLUNTERED FOR
CAMPAIGN WORK FOR COMING PRES. ELECT.
CAMPAIGN HOSTS NOTIFIED & REG CARDS
MADE BY KHAIBAR KHAN'S PARTY

I216

Investigators making interview

Sgt Sartor HE & OFC R. E. MILLER

Approved by:

LT. R. J. W. Ho

Record
 100-441100-117
 VI A2

INTERVIEW

FILE # 1-314

Person(s) Interviewed: KAHN, TALAT (nmi) Date June 14, 1968
Khan Time 5:40PM

Business Address & Phone NONE
 Residence Address & Phone 10455 1/2 Wilshire Blvd, WLA 475-1849

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

Mrs. Kahn states that she has been divorced from Khaibar Kahn since 1961 but that he still uses her address for his mail. She is not aware of his residence address or the type of work that he is engaged with, other than it is regarding investments. Mrs. Kahn was vague regarding her husband's political activities other than he was an honorary chairman of a group that is Anti-Iranian. This political association came about in 1959 when Mr. Kahn was involved in an Construction venture with the King of Iran and since that time has been a political exile of that country. The family has been in this country since 1953. They have four children who live with Mrs. Kahn at the Wilshire Blvd address. All but the youngest were born in Iran. The children are as follows

- #1: KAHN, Khosrow Male/Cauc [redacted] is presently attending Santa Monica City College.
- #2: KAHN, [redacted] Fem/Cauc [redacted] she attends University Hi.Sch. West L.A.
- #3: KAHN, [redacted] Male/Cauc [redacted]
- #4. KAHN, [redacted] Male/Cauc [redacted]

Mrs. Kahn further stated that an agent from the FBI, L.F. Warren 483-3551, has already contacted her and it is her understanding that the FBI has already contacted her husband.

At approx 8:00PM, this date, Mr. Kahn telephoned me at PAB from long distance (location unknown) and stated that he had been informed that I wished to talk to him. He further states that he will call me back on Sat (6-15-68) and leave a phone number where he can be reached in Los Angeles. Also, that he has already spoken to a member of this Dept. on 6-5-68.

Followup scheduled w/ FBI and Imm. Service

"Wife of Khosrow Kahn"

His 392 Suits Lost in Fire, He Can Dress Up With 104G

By ALFRED ALBELLI

As the world's best-dressed man (his own characterization) Khaibar Khan, exiled Iranian tribal leader, had 392 suits in his New York wardrobe when he gave a glittering party for 75 guests on the evening of Nov. 3, 1961.

Being sensible of his obligations as a modern Chesterfield, and of the changing New York climate, he had 88 spring suits, 127 for summer, 77 for fall and 100 for winter.

All these, along with furnishings, rugs, carpets, jewelry and other valuables, to a total of \$411,952, were destroyed or stolen immediately after the party when a fire wrecked his seven-room apartment at 923 Fifth Ave., he charged in a suit against two insurance companies.

Evidence Fire Was Set

Yesterday Supreme Court Justice Henry Clay Greenberg awarded the Iranian \$104,316, plus interest.

The judge held there was "considerable evidence" to establish that the fire was of incendiary origin. But he tossed out, as not proved, charges by the Continental and Aetna insurance companies that Khaibar knew of its incendiary nature and "gave false testimony with respect to his knowledge thereof."

The companies, Justice Greenberg noted, did not, however, claim that Khaibar Khan himself was guilty of the incendiarism.

Fraud Not Proven

Observations of the court included:

"Evidence was offered in considerable length through the fire



Khaibar Khan and Mrs. Lauren Osias at party.

marshal, firemen and other witnesses calculated to establish that the fire not only was of incendi-

ary origin, but that, in fact, the plaintiff, Khaibar Khan, was the culprit. The testimony does not support this contention of the defendants.

"In his mind, Khaibar Khan considered himself to be the world's best dressed man and it is not for the court to speculate as to whether this was or was not the actual fact.

"Fraud must be established by clear and convincing factual proof, and that is absent in this case."

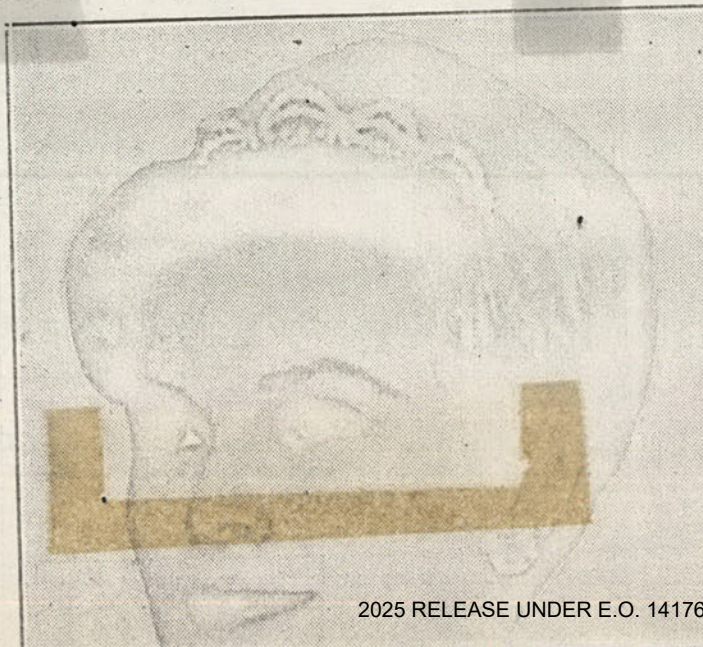
His Side of Story

Khaibar, at the trial, offered two possible explanations for the fire:

Accidental: He had just received from Mrs. Lauren Osias, a divorcee who attended the party, a gift of two candelabra illuminated by butane gas. During the party someone smelled fumes and the butane was shut off. The apparatus may have been responsible.

International plot: Two mysterious strangers, the only men not in tuxedos, appeared among the guests but drifted away when they were questioned. They might, Khaibar suggested, have been Iranian agents seeking to steal or destroy government records he held.

It's a Princess for Grace



Khaibar suggested, have been Iranian agents seeking to steal or destroy government records he held.

The documents, along with his jewelry box, were missing after the fire, according to Khaibar.

Suing Shah's Brother

In another court action here, he is trying to collect \$1½ million each from a brother and sister of the Shah of Iran.

Khaibar also has lodged with the Senate's McClellan investigating committee charges that there has been "outright theft of millions of dollars" of American aid funds sent to Iran.

CII No. 2180822		BOOKING NO. 199761		SEX M	DESCEN 40	Muslem	5-10 175	BIRTH DATE	PROB. INVE. UNIT
ARRESTEE'S NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE) Ali, Mohamid NMI		RPTG. DIST. 199761		DIV. BKG. Hwd		DATE AND TIME ARRESTED 1-13-67 1.45 A		DATE AND TIME BOOKED 1-13-67 210A	
DIV. & DET. ARR.		LOCATION OF ARREST Intelligence Santa Monica & Wilcox 651		RPTG. DIST. Hwd		DATE AND TIME ARRESTED 1-13-67 1.45 A		DATE AND TIME BOOKED 1-13-67 210A	
TYPE 1		CHARGE (sec., code and definition) ON WARRANT BKG., LIST WARR. NO., COURT, CHARGE, AMT. OF BAIL, AND PENALTY ASSESSMENT. 647F P.C. (Dk)							
NICKNAME AND OR ALIAS refused		RESIDENCE ADDRESS refused		CITY		BIRTHPLACE refused		SOC. SEC. NO.	
HAIR blk	EYES brn	HIGHLY OBSERVABLE AND DISTINGUISHING PHYSICAL ODDITIES 1" scar over r/eye		EMPLOYED BY refused		OCCUPATION refused		DRIVER'S LIC. NO.	
CLOTHING WORN red coat blu pants brn shoes red shirt abv		LOCATION CRIME COMMITTED		LOCATION OF ARRESTEE'S VEHICLE None		EVID. BKG.		SPEC. MED. PROB. (DIAB., EPI, TB)	
IN CASE OF EMERGENCY NOTIFY refused		RELATIONSHIP		PHONE NUMBER		RETAINED AMOUNT \$ 2.45		DEPOSITED \$ 40.00	
PROPERTY (LIST PAWN TICKETS BY NO.) JEWELRY & RINGS, MAKE, STYLE & NOS. ON WATCH yel metal watch Roles comb yel metal cologne		DESCRIBE OTHER ARTICLES							
*TYPE OF CHARGE: MISD. --- FEL. --- OTHER		ARRESTING OFFICER (NAME, SERIAL NO.) Robertson 4248		BOOKING EMPLOYEE (NAME, SERIAL NO.) DeBolt 11041		SEARCHING OFFICER (NAME, SERIAL NO.) 5632		FBI NUMBER	
IF NO COURT APPEARANCE—How Released: 849B(1) P.C. _____ 849B(2) P.C. _____ Insufficient Evidence to Prosecute— Arrestee Exonerated _____ Complainant Refuses to Prosecute _____ Other (Specify) _____ Released to Another Agency _____ (Show Name and Location): Remarks:		DATE RELEASED		DATE THIS REPORT		OFFICER REPORTING (NAME, SERIAL NO.)			

INFORMATION FROM COURT			
IF DIFFERENT FROM ABOVE — TRUE NAME OF DEFENDANT, AS ON COMPLAINT		DATE OF DISPOSITION 1 10 67	
IF MORE THAN ONE CHARGE OR COUNT INVOLVED, SHOW APPROPRIATE INFORMATION FOR EACH, INCLUDING ANY REDUCTIONS			
CHARGE(S) TRIED Some as Above, or	DISCHARGED Dismissed _____ Not Guilty _____ Bail Forf. _____ Other _____	CONVICTED Felony _____ Misdemeanor _____	SENTENCE—Show Term, Time, Amount, As Applicable ☐ Jail _____ ☐ Prison _____ ☐ Fine _____ ☐ Suspended _____ ☐ Imposition of Sentence Suspended _____ Probation— ☐ How Long?
	Dismissed _____ Not Guilty _____ Bail Forf. _____ Other _____	Felony _____ Misdemeanor _____	☐ Jail _____ ☐ Prison _____ ☐ Fine _____ ☐ Suspended _____ ☐ Imposition of Sentence Suspended _____ Probation— ☐ How Long?
	Dismissed _____ Not Guilty _____ Bail Forf. _____ Other _____	Felony _____ Misdemeanor _____	☐ Jail _____ ☐ Prison _____ ☐ Fine _____ ☐ Suspended _____ ☐ Imposition of Sentence Suspended _____ Probation— ☐ How Long?
	Dismissed _____ Not Guilty _____ Bail Forf. _____ Other _____	Felony _____ Misdemeanor _____	☐ Jail _____ ☐ Prison _____ ☐ Fine _____ ☐ Suspended _____ ☐ Imposition of Sentence Suspended _____ Probation— ☐ How Long?



01-11-67

NAME (PRINT) First - middle - last
MR. MOHAMMAD ALI

MONTH 1 DAY 13 YEAR 67 TIME 1:25 DATE AND TIME OF ARREST
CITY

AGE 37 RESIDENCE ADDRESS REFUSED

LOCATION OF ARREST WILCOX & SANTA ANITA

ARRESTING OFFICER (Signature) W. J. HARRIS SER. NO. 4224 DIV. 2nd DET. 1

1. W. J. HARRIS

2. O. E. Kallen 5632

DETAILS OF ARREST (Explain injuries received prior to arrest)
LEFT FALLING DOWN IN STREET
W/O STOPPED TO ARREST BEFT. HE
BECAME COMB. HAD TO BE
HANDCUFFED BY FORCE, DRUNK
IN PUBLIC VIEW - UNABLE TO CARE
FOR SELF.

ADMITTS DRINKING: ☒ YES ☐ NO WHAT

WHEN TODAY WHERE REFUSE TO ANSW.

ATTITUDE ☒ Antagonistic ☐ Stupefied ☐ Passive ☐ Coop.
BREATH ☒ Alcoholic ☐ Not Alcoholic
COORDIN. ☒ Poor ☐ Fair
EYES ☒ Bloodshot ☐ Watery
FACE ☐ Flushed ☐ Pale
GAIT ☒ Staggering ☐ Down
SPEECH ☐ Incoherent ☐ Thick

COMPLAINED OF ILLNESS OR INJURY: ☐ YES ☒ NO

TREATMENT

DOCTOR

REC. HOSP.

UNIT RECEIVING

TIME

TRANSPORTING OFFICER (Signature)

SERIAL NO.

RECORDS AND IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

ARRESTEE'S NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE)		BOOKING NO.		MULLEN		DATE AND TIME BOOKED	
Ali, Mohamid MM		97761		1-13-67 1.45 A		1-13-67 210A	
DIV. & DET. ARR.		LOCATION OF ARREST		RPTG. DIST.		DATE AND TIME ARRESTED	
Intelligence Santa Monica & Wilcox 651		Hwd		1-13-67 1.45 A		1-13-67 210A	
CHARGE (sec., code and definition) ON WARRANT BKG., LIST WARRANT NO., COURT, CHARGE, AMT. OF BAIL, AND PENALTY ASSESSMENT.							
TYPE		6473 P.C. (Dk)					
NICKNAME AND/OR ALIAS		RESIDENCE ADDRESS		CITY		BIRTHPLACE	
refused		refused				refused	
HAIR		EYES		HIGHLY OBSERVABLE AND DISTINGUISHING PHYSICAL QUALITIES		EMPLOYED BY	
blk		brn		1" scar over r/eye		refused	
CLOTHING WORN		LOCATION CRIME COMMITTED		OCCUPATION		SOC. SEC. NO.	
red coat blu pants brn shoes red shirt		ad		refused			
IN CASE OF EMERGENCY NOTIFY		RELATIONSHIP		PHONE NUMBER		LOCATION OF ARRESTEE'S VEHICLE	
refused						None	
PROPERTY (LIST PAWN TICKETS BY NO.) JEWELRY & RINGS, MAKE, STYLE & NOS. ON WATCH		SPEC. MED. PROB. (DIAL, EMP, TBI)		DRIVER'S LIC. NO.		STATE	
yel metal watch Roles comb yel metal color		refused					
DESCRIBE OTHER ARTICLES		RETAINED AMOUNT DEPOSITED					
		\$ 2.40		\$ 10.00			
		RIGHT THUMB PRINT					
*TYPE OF CHARGE: MISO. — FEL. — OTHER		BOOKING EMPLOYEE (NAME, SERIAL NO.)		SEARCHING OFFICER (NAME, SERIAL NO.)			
ARRESTING OFFICER (NAME, SERIAL NO.)		DeBolt 11041		5632			
Robertson 4248							

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

#17

I 271

Person(s) Interviewed: SATAR KAHN GHASHGHA

Date

6-17-68

Time

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

OUT OF COUNTRY. VOLUNTERED FOR CAMPAIGN
WORK FOR COMING PRES. ELECT. NOTIFIED &
CARDS ^{MADE} AT CAMPAIGN HQQTRS MADE BY KHAIBAR
KHAN'S PARTY

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUCHI & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

#16

FILE # I 279

Person(s) Interviewed: MR. NASSER CHAVANI Date 6-8-68

Time

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

THIS PERSON CALLED INTO DESK HDOQRS AND
SAID HE WOULD DO CAMPAIGN WORK IN COMING
ELECTION. HE IS UNIR TO KHAIBER KHAN
BUT WAS REGISTERED AS KHAN'S PARTY.
UNABLE TO LOCATE BY OFC'S.

Investigators making interview

Sgt SARTUNE & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE # ^{#15} I 278Person(s) Interviewed: MR. FIROUZ TABATABAI Date 6-19-68

Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

ABOVE PARTY IS VOLUNTEER FOR FREE CAMPAIGN
A CARD WAS MADE OUT AT HDOQRS BUT IT WAS
MADE BY A MEMBER OF KHAIBAR KHAN'S
PARTY.

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUCKE & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

#14
I 292Person(s) Interviewed: PHILIPPE MEMOUNDate 6-19-68

Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

THIS PERSON WAS AT CAMPAIGN HQS AND
SIGNED A REG. CARD BUT PUT ADDRESS OF
KHAIBAR KHAN. UNK TO KHAIBAR KHAN OR
ANYONE IN HIS PARTY

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUCHE & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE # ^{#13} I 291Person(s) Interviewed: MOHAMMAD KHANDate 6-17-68KURDESTANI

Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

NOT IN U.S. WAS VOLUNTEERED BY KHAIBAR
KHAN. FOR WORK FOR NOVEMBER ELECTION. CARDS
MADE & CAMPAIGN HQS NOTIFIED BY KHAIBAR
KHAN'S PARTY.

Investigators making interview

Approved by:

SGT SARTUENE & ORG R. E. MILLER

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

#12
I 289

Person(s) Interviewed:

M. DATUM

Date

6-19-68

Time

4:00 P

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone

UNK

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

THIS NAME WAS ON A REG CARD MADE OUT
AT CAMPAIGN HQTRS. UNABLE TO LOCATE AS
UNABLE TO FIND ADD. KNOWS KHAIBAR KHAN
(I 216) BUT DOESN'T KNOW WHEREABOUTS.

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUCHI & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE # I 288Person(s) Interviewed: MISS PURAN AHMADIDate 6-17-68

Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

NOT IN U.S. VOLUNTERED FOR CAMPAIGN WORK
FOR COMING PRES. ELECT. CAMPAIGN HDQTRS
NOTIFIED + REG. CARDS MADE BY KHAIBAR
KHAN'S PARTY

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUCHE & ORC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

A10
I 287

Person(s) Interviewed: MISS PARY SALET

Date

6-17-68

Time

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

NOT IN U.S., IN ENGLAND. VOLUNTERED FOR
CAMPAIGN WORK FOR COMING PRES. ELECT.
CAMPAIGN HQS NOTIFIED & REG CARDS
MADE BY KHAIBAR KHAN'S PARTY

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUHE & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

#9 I 282

Person(s) Interviewed: SHEIKH ABDOL AZIM

Date

6-17-68

Time

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

NOT IN U.S. VOLUNTERED FOR CAMPAIGN WORK.
FOR COMING PRES ELECT CAMPAIGN HDQTRS
NOTIFIED & REG CARDS MADE BY KHAIBAR
KHAN'S PARTY

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTURHE & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

#8

FILE # I 277

Person(s) Interviewed: MR REZA JAHANBANI

Date 6-19-68

Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why, & How)

THIS PERSON CALLED CAMPAIGN HQTRS AND
SAID TO BE AFFILIATED WITH KHAIBAR KHAN.
A CARD WAS MADE AT CAMPAIGN HQTRS BUT
UNIC TO KHAIBAR KHAN.

Investigators making interview

Approved by:

SGT SARTWELL & OFC R.E. MILLER

FIELD INTERVIEWS

ERI

FILE #

#7

I 276

Person(s) Interviewed: ABDOL HAMID TAHER

Date

6-17-68

Time

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why, & How)

NOT IN U.S. VOLUNTERED FOR CAMPAIGN WORK
FOR COMING PRES ELECT CAMPAIGN HQRTS
NOTIFIED AND REG CARDS MADE BY KHAIBAR
KHAN'S PARTY.

Investigators making interview

Approved by:

SGT SARTURNE & OFC R.E. MILLER

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

#6

I 275

Person(s) Interviewed: DR. NOSRATOLAH KHAN BRUNTT 6-17-68

Time

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

NOT IN US. VOLUNTERED FOR CAMPAIGN WORK
FOR COMING PRES ELECT. CAMPAIGN HQQRTS
NOTIFIED AND REG CARDS MADE BY KHANBAR
KHAN'S PARTY

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUCKE & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

#5

I 273

Person(s) Interviewed: MARRY KHAN

Date 6-17-68

Time

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why,
& How)

NOT IN U.S. VOLUNTERED FOR CAMPAIGN WORK
FOR COMING PRES ELECT NOTIFIED & CARDS
MADE BY CAMPAIGN BY HQTRS BY KHAIBAR
KHAN'S PARTY

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUCHI & OFC R. E. MILLER

Approved by:

FIELD INTERVIEWS

#4

FILE #

I 272

Person(s) Interviewed: BRO. JESUS A. DOMINGUEZ

Date

6-19-68

Time

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

THIS PERSON MET KHAIBAR KHAN AT THE
CAMPAIGN HQDTRS. HE SAID HE WANTED TO BE
AFFILIATED WITH K. K.'S ORGANIZATION. ADD OR
LOCATION OF PARTY UNIK TO KHAIBAR KHAN AS
PERSON GAVE BUS ADD OF KHAN'S PARTY.

Investigators making interview

SGT SARTUCHE & OFC R.E. MILLER

Approved by:

- ✓ 28. ✓ Talat Khan- Former wife of Khan, not at headquarters. (I-314)
- * 29. Sheikh Saleh Khazal- not in U.S. immigration check negative.
- * 30. Sheikh Mohammad Karim- not in U.S. immigration check negative.
- * 31. Taimour Khan Osivand- Not in U.S. immigration check negative.
- * 32. Rostam Ali Khan Baseri- Not in U.S. immigration check negative.
- * 33. Dr. Ahmad Hussein Davari- Not in U.S. immigration check negative.

MRS. MARGARET SWEENEY

Mrs. Sterns supervisor, Mrs. Sweeney, was seated at her desk on June 4, 1968. Mrs. Sweeney observed the same people and there actions as Mrs. Sterns. She recalls Khaibar Khan entering Kennedy headquarters with two other males and a female, as he had done on other occasions in the past. She stated that she was certain that Sirhan B. Sirhan was not present and that no one was armed with weapons. Sirhan has definitely been identified as being at the San Gabriel Valley Gun Club on June 4, 1968. Mrs. Sweeney gives the following evaluation of Mrs. Sterns as follows: "Stupid, libel to say anything to focus attention to herself, and extremely excitable."

MRS. ELEANOR SEVERSON

Mrs. Eleanor Severson another campaign worker in the Kennedy headquarters at 5615 Wilshire Blvd. Mrs. Severson stated that she did not observe Sirhan B. Sirhan in the campaign headquarters on June 4th. However, Mrs. Severson alleged that she did observe Sirhan both on June 2nd and 3rd in campaign headquarters in the company of Khaibar Khan.

Mrs. Sweeney also discredits Mrs. Severson's allegations. Mrs. Sweeney is certain that Sirhan B. Sirhan was not among any of the volunteer workers brought to campaign headquarters by Khaibar Khan. It is Mrs. Sweeney's opinion that Mrs. Severson is attempting to "out do" Mrs. Sterns.

Mrs. Severson was unable to identify any photo of Sirhan other than the one published in the news media.

WALTER SHERRILL CROWE JR

Walter Crowe an admitted member of the Communist Party when interviewed stated that he befriended Sirhan B. Sirhan while students at Pasadena City College. Crowe further stated that he met and had a conversation with Sirhan in March 1968. There conversation covered politics, various organizations, etc.

A complete background investigation on Crowe, his associates, etc is being conducted in an attempt to determine if Sirhan was in anyway connected with Crowe's associates or documented organizations. This investigation when completed will be covered in a subsequent report.

JOHN ANTOINE KHOURY

John Khoury employed by the Ambassador Hotel in the controller's office. When interviewed stated that he left the Ambassador Hotel on the 4th of June at approximately 5:00 or 5:15PM and did not return until June 5, 1968. Other witnesses at the hotel, Fred Droz and Judy Groves both acquaintances of Khoury positively place Khoury on the second floor of the Ambassador Hotel in the vicinity of The Lobby and The Colonial Room between 9:30PM and mid night on June 4, 1968.

closely resemble Sirhans'.

The resemblance of Andrese to Sirhan, coupled with the statement allegedly over heard by Martigani prior to the assassination, have resulted in numerous people including three Alhambra police officers definitely placing Sirhan in the beer bar during May 1968.

Wilson was re-interviewed and placed on the polygraph, the results are as follows: Wilson was truthful, was not associated with Sirhan, and was not involved in a conspiracy to assassinate Robert Kennedy.

The Alhambra Police Officers were re-interviewed at the Alhambra Police Station in the presence of Captain Fratt, Chief of Detectives. The officers cannot definitely state that the person they saw was Sirhan, only that the person resembled Sirhan.

MISS VIRGINIA TERESI

Miss Virginia Teresi alleges that on June, 1968 at Melrose and St. Andrews Place, she observed Sirhan B. Sirhan and two male companions in a 1959 blue Ford. She further stated that Sirhan was carrying a pistol in his waistband and she observed a rifle barrel partially covered by clothing in the rear seat of their vehicle. She recalls hearing some conversation regarding: "We'll get Kennedy". Mrs. Teresi was interviewed and then given an polygraph examination. She subsequently admitted that her entire story was a hoax and had not occurred.

MRS. ESTELLE STERNS

Mrs. Estelle Sterns is a voluntary Kennedy worker at 5615 Wilshire Blvd. Mrs. Sterns stated that on June 4, 1968, Sirhan B. Sirhan accompanied by two other male Jordanians and one female Jordanian entered the Kennedy headquarters. Mrs. Sterns went into great detail describing Sirhans surreptitious movements about the headquarters. She further stated that Sirhan and one of the other male Jordanians were armed with guns carried in a shoulder holster and that Sirhan offered to buy her a cup of coffee. Mrs. Sterns in her description of the three male Jordanians which includes Sirhan and the female Jordanian has described Khaibar Khan, his son and daughter. The other individual was one of approximately twenty males of mid eastern extraction who Khaibar Khan brought into the Kennedy headquarters for campaign work. None of the other campaign workers in Kennedy headquarters on the 4th of June can identify Sirhan B. Sirhan as being present or being armed with weapons.

Mrs. Sterns has indicated that she is too busy to be examined on the polygraph and was unable to identify any mug photo of Sirhan with the exception of the photo that was carried by the various newspapers and news media.

ITEM No.	Q AN	PAGE No.	TYPE OF REPORT	BOOKING NUMBER	OR No.
		2	Progress Report for July 19, 1968		

A. KENNEDY HEADQUARTERS

The Kennedy Headquarters located at 5615 Wilshire Blvd employed approximately twenty salaried employees from the day it opened March 24, 1968. The number of salaried employees increased from twenty to one hundred prior to the assassination. A roster of the salaried employees is being compiled and will be placed in file for future disposition.

The number of volunteer workers varied from hour to hour and from day to day. The approximate number of volunteer workers was in excess of five thousand.

A list of the volunteer workers has been compiled however the validity of the names and addresses of these workers is questionable. The volunteer worker would list his name and address on a card and subsequently forward it to a salaried employee.

A couple of volunteer workers mentioned in the first progress report, Mrs. Storns and Mrs. Severson alleged that they had observed Sirhan in the campaign headquarters between June 1 and 4 inclusive. Khaibar Khan also alleges that he observed Sirhan in the campaign headquarters periodically which will be covered in section B of this report.

There is no evidence to date or of individuals, who can positively place Sirhan B. Sirhan in the campaign headquarters.

B. KHAIBAR KHAN

Khaibar Khan an Iranian alien first came to the United States with his family in 1953. Khan alleges to be a personal friend of the late Senator Robert F. Kennedy and he has personal correspondence which corroborates this fact. This correspondence has been examined and photostat copies obtained.

Mr. Khan allegedly has been politically exiled from Iran as a result of a financial business venture and subsequent international lawsuit with the family of the King of Iran.

During the Khans stay in the United States he has become active in a group known as the "United Patriots for Justice".

The Khan began visiting the headquarters on Wilshire Blvd on June 1, 1968. During his frequent visits he would bring members of his family and friends most of which were of mid-eastern extraction.

Khaibar Khan alleged that he observed Sirhan B. Sirhan on 6-3-68 and again on 6-4-68 in campaign headquarters. On one occasion Sirhan was allegedly accompanied by a girl wearing a polka dot dress. Upon subsequent questioning by investigators of the SUS Unit Khaibar Khan is uncertain of his observations. He has refused to take a polygraph examination or view a show-up.

ITEM No.	QUAN.	PAGE No.	TYPE OF REPORT	BOOKING NUMBER	OR No.
		3	Progress Report for July 19, 1968		

Mr. Khan is presently awaiting the outcome of legislations now before the U.S. Congress to determine if he will become a citizen of the United States by an act of Congress. The Khan was also the subject of a Department of Immigration warrant of arrest charging him with "illegal entry." The Department of Immigration was informed of his whereabouts by investigators of this unit which resulted in his arrest. He is presently on bail and awaiting an additional hearing which will rule on deportation proceedings.

C. HOTEL SECURITY

The hotel security force numbering eight uniformed officers and two plainclothes officers supplemented by six uniformed officers from the ACE Guard Service were deployed throughout the hotel. The investigation has disclosed that the security guards positions were frequently changed and their instructions often modified and countermanded. A list of the guards positions immediately prior to and after the shooting is attached to this report.

The Kennedy Party was opposed to any and all security measures. Bill Gardner, Chief Security Officer for the hotel instructed the security force to be "unobtrusive" and that each guard was to allow "the common man to be with the Senator".

There were some vague attempts to prevent all unauthorized persons from entering the Colonial Room which was used as the press room. Once representatives from the Los Angeles Fire Department formed the opinion that various rooms on the first and second floors were over crowded, the guards were notified to restrict further entry. However it does not appear that the security force was successful.

D. MICHAEL WAYNE

Michael Wayne came to the attention of the SUS Unit by several persons who allegedly observed him running from the kitchen area subsequent to the shooting. Wayne allegedly was to have carried a rifle case containing a rifle with a brown stock, etc.

Michael Wayne had obtained a large campaign poster which he rolled up into a tubular shaped object. Senator Kennedy enroute to the Embassy Room where he made his victory speech, autographed the campaign poster for Wayne.

A security officer, Augustus Mallard, observed Wayne running through the lobby of the hotel and apprehended him. Wayne was handcuffed and interviewed by investigators of the Los Angeles Police Department and released. Wayne was not armed and the witnesses who allegedly viewed the rifle when re-interviewed immediately modified their statements.

E. JOHN ANTOINE KHOURY

John Khoury an alien from Lebanon came to the attention of the Los Angeles Police Department as he was allegedly a "militant anti Kennedy" and an employee of the Ambassador Hotel. Khoury was originally interviewed by investigators from the District Attorneys Office.

SUBJECT

Progress Report: Khaibar Khan

DATE & TIME OCCURRED

LOCATION OF OCCURRENCE

DIVISION OF OCCURRENCE

TO: (Rank, Name, Assignment, Division)

Lt. Higbie, PM Supervisor, SUS

DATE & TIME REPORTED

DETAILS:

Khaibar Khan (LA#835805) and family came to Los Angeles in 1953, this included his wife Talat Khan, his sons, Khosrow Khan, [REDACTED], and his daughter [REDACTED]

In 1959, Mr. Khan returned to Iran with an American Construction Company to take part in a business deal with the King of Iran who at that time was a personal friend of Mr. Khan. The venture fell through and Mr. Khan returned to the United States. Mr. Khan then became active in a group known as the "United Patriots for Justice". This group consisted of various leaders of tribes in Iran who don't generally favor the King.

Mr. Khan then initiated legal action against the family of the King of Iran in a lawsuit for a sum exceeding one million dollars. He also testified before the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on the investigations of The Committee on Government Operations, this committee was presided by Senator John L. McClellan (D-Ark). The committee was concerned with the mis-use of foreign aid funds in Iran. This all occurred between the years of 1959 and 1963.

Also during this time the King of Iran declared Mr. Khan a political exile. Much of the legal action that took place during the hearing before the Subcommittee brought Mr. Khan in contact with the United States Attorney General's Office and Mr. Robert F. Kennedy, who at that time was the United States Attorney General. And according to Mr. Khan this is how he became quite impressed with Robert Kennedy and which made him volunteer as a Kennedy worker.

Mr. Khan's first visit to the headquarters was on 6-1-68 at which time he registered. He again returned on 6-2-68 with Maryam Kouchan and during that time worked answering telephones and left at approximately 6:30PM. On 6-3-68 he again arrived at the Kennedy headquarters at approximately 3:00PM, with his daughter, Shirin. During this time Mr. Khan recalls seeing a male seated in a car outside the headquarters which in his mind resembled Sirhan. Also during this time Mr. Khan filled out registration cards and listed various names of individuals who are tribal leaders in Iran. The purpose of this was that in November 1968 when the presidential election takes place these various people would be in the United States and were supposedly going to help take the callers name and use his mailing address on the cards. This mailing address (10455 1/2 Wilshire) belongs to his ex-wife Talat Khan. He also used this address on the registration cards for the tribal leaders.

On 6-4-68, Mr. Khan again went to the headquarters accompanied with Maryam Kouchan and his son Khosrow Khan. Mr. Khan then worked at one of the desks selling campaign buttons and claims that he observed a male who he supposedly states was Sirhan enter the rear door. He also observed a girl in a polka dot dress enter the front door. These two individuals were then seen later

DATE & TIME TYPED

7-18-68

1130pm

DIVN. RPTG.

SUS

CLERK

lb

EMPLOYEE(S) REPORTING

SER. NO.

DIVN.

Sgt. P. Sartuche #10518

SUPERVISOR APPROVING

SERIAL NO.

ITEM No.	QUAN.	PAGE No.	TYPE OF REPORT	BOOK NUMBER	OR No.	SERIAL NUMBERS
		2	Progress Report: Khaibar Khan			
standing within three feet of one another and apparently talking to one another. This supposedly occurred during the afternoon hours. Due to the fact that Sirhan on 6-4-68 (afternoon hours) was at the target range I suggested to Mr. Khan he take a polygraph examination to verify the truthfulness of his observation of Sirhan. Mr. Khan refused and stated he wanted to be 100% sure before actually accusing anyone. I then suggested that if a "show-up" could be arranged if he would come to the police station. Mr. Khan again refused and refused to go anywhere near a police station. This type behavior was expected since Mr. Khan was always a bit reluctant about his whereabouts and would always insist that during our interviews we meet in a public park or restaurant. Also that during any interview with members of his family or friends he insisted on being present. It should be noted that the times Mr. Khan was at the headquarters he had his arm in a cast due to a dispute that took place in April, 1968 in a parking lot adjacent to 10455 Wilshire Blvd. This incident was reported to West Los Angeles Detectives. Also his traveling companion Maryam Kouchan was using crutches to walk due to a horse back riding accident that took place in Griffith Park. In regards to the interview of Maryam Kouchan she also ID's Sirhan but this ID is very weak and she gives the impression of being a puppet of Mr. Khan. Miss Kouchan also refused to take a take a polygraph without the sanction of Mr. Khan, which of course was not given. It is therefore this officers opinion that the ID of Sirhan by Mr. Khan and Miss Kouchan is very doubtful or simply a mistake in identity. I was also informed that Mr. Khan was wanted on an Immigration warrant #A11-011142 (Illegal Entry) remaining beyond specified time. This warrant was served on Mr. Khan by Immigration authorities shortly after the last interview.						

CONTINUATION SHEET

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

I-603

Person(s) interviewed: Khan, Amir Bakhtiar I-314

Date 6-24-68 445PM

Time 445PM

Business Address & Phone 10455 1/2 Wilshire Blvd. 4751849

Residence Address & Phone None

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who,What,When,Where,Why, & How)

Time interviewed 6-24-68 445PM. M, Iranian, [REDACTED] 5-11.160. B/B

Subject was a volunteer worker and was at the Headquarters on 6-4-68 1230PM/ till 230PM. At no time did the Subj. go to the Ambassador. The Subj. doesn't recall seeing Sirhan at the Headquarters at any time.

Handwritten: VII A2

Investigators making interview

Approved by:

Handwritten signature: X.Y. Highsi

RECORD CHECK
VIT A2

#28

FILE # 1-314

Person(s) Interviewed: KAHN, TALAT (nmi) Date June 14, 1968
Khan, Time 5:40PM

Business Address & Phone NONE

Residence Address & Phone 10455 1/2 Wilshire Blvd, WLA 475-1849

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

Mrs. Kahn states that she has been divorced from Khaibar Kahn since 1961 but that he still uses her address for his mail. She is not aware of his residence address or the type of work that he is engaged with, other than it is regarding investments. Mrs. Kahn was vague regarding her husbands political activities other than he was an honorary chairman of a group that is Anti-Iranian. This political association came about in 1959 when Mr. Kahn was involved in an Construction venture with the King of Iran and since that time has been a political exile of that country. The family has been in this country since 1953. They have four children who live with Mrs. Kahn at the Wilshire Blvd address. All but the youngest were born in Iran. The children are as follows

- #1: KAHN, Khosrow Male/Cauc is presently attending Santa Monica City College.
- #2: KAHN, Fem/Cauc she attends University Hi.Sch. West L.A.
- #3: KAHN, Male/Cauc
- #4. KAHN, Male/Cauc

Mrs. Kahn further stated that an agent from the FBI, L.F. Warren 483-3551, has already contacted her and it is her understanding that the FBI has already contacted her husband.

At approx 8:00PM, this date, Mr. Kahn telephoned me at PAB from long distance (location unknown) and stated that he had been informed that I wished to talk to him. He further states that he will call me back on Sat (6-15-68) and leave a phone number where he can be reached in Los Angeles. Also, that he has already spoken to a member of this Dept. on 6-5-68.

Followup scheduled w/ FBI and Imm Service

"Wife of Khaibar Khan"

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

1-361

Person interviewed: Kouchan, Maryam AKA Khan

Date 6-19-68

Time 430PM

TAPE # 29211

Business Address & Phone ~~None~~ 341 Madison Ave. New York, 17, New York

Residence Address & Phone 1215 Ocean Ave. #206 Ph# EX.30227

Information (To be complete -the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

Miss Kouchan was a volunteer worker at Kennedy Headquarters and Her first day of work was on 6-2-68 2PM. At that time she was using crutches and when she arrived at the Headquarters (Wilshire entrance) she hesitated at the door waiting for some one to open since the crutches occupied her hands. It was then that a male person (later ID as Sirhan) opened the door. He was wearing Tennis shoes, dark pants and a sweater with zipper down the front. A few hours later She again obs. Sirhan inside the headquarters walking around.

Miss Kouchan also recalls seeing ~~Sirhan~~ another person who She later ID as Sirhan's Brother at their headquarters on 6-4-68. She made this ID after seeing a picture shown to her by FBI agents. And also ID Sirhan from photo's shown to her by the FBI.

Miss Kouchan is the sec. for Kaiber Khan and can be reached through Her attorney Jack Corinblit 3700 Wilshire Blvd. 5th. Floor. (Beneficial Plaza Building.)

Investigators making interview

proved by:

Santuche

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

2.5 Higbee

(3)

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE # 1-216

Person(s) Interviewed: KHAIBAR KHAN

Date 6-19-68

ALIAS

(KHAIBAR KHAN CODDARZIA) me
MOHAMMAD ALI

4:00 P

LA 825 805

Business Address & Phone

(OCEAN PALMS HOTEL) #1

TEL EX 3-0297

Residence Address & Phone

1215 OCEAN AVE. #01,

SANTA MONICA

RE-INTERVIEW

Information (To be complete - the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

THE 1ST TIME PERSON WAS AT HNDTRS WAS ON JUNE 1 WHERE HE REG UNDER KHAIBAR KHAN. HE WAS MET BY A MARGUERITE SWEENEY, 20055 WELLS DR, WOODLAND HILLS

HE AGAIN ARRIVED ON SUNDAY WITH SISTER, (MARYAM KOUCHAN AKA KHAN) AT APPROX 2⁰⁰ P. THEY DID CAMPAIGN WORK AND LEFT APPROX 6³⁰ P.

ON JUNE 3rd HE AGAIN ARRIVED AT ABOUT 3⁰⁰ P WITH DAUGHTER (SHIRIN KHAN). THIS WAS THE FIRST TIME HE OBS SUSP AT REAR EXIT ALONG WITH 1-OTHER MALE AND A FEMALE WHICH WAS SITTING INSIDE A BLUE V/W. AT APPROX 7⁰⁰ P HE AND DAUGHTER LEFT.

ON JUNE 4th KHAN ARRIVED AT HNDTRS ALONG WITH SISTER (MARYAM) & SON (FELIPE), AT APPROX 2⁰⁰ / 2³⁰ P. AT THIS TIME K. K. MET A MRS. ESTELLE STREET (1136 S. WOOSTER, APT 207, 291-8504) WHO WAS SELLING CAMPAIGN BUTTONS. WHILE K. K. WAS TALKING TO MRS STREET HE AGAIN OBS THE SUSP (SHIRIN) ENTER FROM REAR. HE ALSO OBS A GIRL ENTER FROM THE FRT DOOR AT APPROX THE SAME TIME. THE GIRL WAS WEARING A WHT DRESS WITH SMALL DK BLUE OR BLK POLKA DOTS SMALLER THAN A PENNY. WHILE WALKING AROUND HNDTRS K. K. AGAIN OBS THE SUSP

Investigators making interview

Appr'd by:

RE MILLER (METRO) & SGT SARTUENE

STANDING WITH THE GIRL IN THE POLKA DOT DRESS, GIRL AND SUSP WERE STANDING WITHIN 3- FEET OF EACH OTHER AND APPARENTLY TALKING. AT THIS TIME PAIR WAS STANDING IN COFFEE SHOP AREA. AT 700 P. K. K. ALONG WITH SISTER LEFT HQTRS BY REAR DOOR AND DROVE TO FRONT WHERE SIRMAN WAS SEEN STANDING NEAR FRT DOOR. K. K. ENTERED HQTRS AND UPON ARRIVING AT VEH FOUND A YOUNG MAN (M, CAUC, 22-3 YRS, 5'9. MED BUILD WITH DK BRN HAIR) SITTING INSIDE VEH. SISTER SAID YOUNG MAN HAD ASKED FOR A RIDE. DURING THE RIDE TOWARD SANTA MONICA THE MAN ASKED FOR A PASS TO GET INTO THE AMBASSADOR HOTEL FOR THAT NIGHT. K. K. LET THE MAN OFF NEAR HIS HOME. THE GIRL IN THE POLKA DOT DRESS WAS AGAIN DESC AS F, CAUC, 23-6 YRS, 5'5/7, NICE LOOKING. THE NAME OF THE MAN ASKING FOR RIDE WAS UNABLE TO BE GOTTEN AS F.B.I. HAS NAME, ADD AND ARE DUPLICATING. K. K. & SISTER THEN RETURNED HOME WITHOUT GOING TO AMBASSADOR HOTEL AND FIRST HEARD OF SHOOTING ON T.V.

INTERVIEWS

FILE # I-59

Person(s) Interviewed: Sweeney, Margarete (Mrs)Date June 25, 1968Time- 2 7:30PMBusiness Address & Phone NoneResidence Address & Phone 20055 Wells Dr, Woodland Hills, Phone DI 79910Fe Cauc 5'7 165 DOB [REDACTED], Lt Brown Hair, Brown eyes.

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

Interviewed at informants home at the abv date and time.

Informant was in charge of the volunteer workers at the Kennedy Hqs. On the eve of June 4th, 1968 she went to the Ambassador Hotel as a visitor only, she had no official tasks or functions. She arrived at the hotel at approx 7PM, and went to the Embassy Room shortly thereafter. At approx 9:00PM she began looking for her nephew, Robert Dolson, by walking through the Embassy Room and the Lobby, finally finding him at the Press Room. She was at this location prior to, during the shooting and after it. She also observed Sirhan Sirhan, when he was led out of the hotel by the Uniformed Officers. Mrs Sweeney did not see Sirhan prior to that time, nor did she see any girl in a "Polkadot Dress". Mrs Sweeney stated she heard the shots and recognized them as shots. She originally came from an area of much hunting. There were no private people taking pictures.

Persons in Hotel:

Mrs Robert Goodman, unk add (in Press Room) —
 Mrs. Rias, phone 2685211 Ext 1078 (Press Room) —
 Mr Hardy, unk add (at stage and in hallway) —
 Robert Dolson, 7676 Bella Vista, L.A. #6707982 —
 Mrs Evans, 2115 W Judith Av, Anaheim, #PR 23072 (Press Room) —
 Mr Esquith, unk add. Obtainable through Kennedy Hqs (door next to anchor desk) —
 Mr J. Beck, 100 Gilbs St, Rochester N.Y. (in L.A. through R. Farri, 2360 Laurel Canyon Dr, Hollywood) —
 Mr Taylor, 231 - 1st St, Huntington Beach, unk phone. (Embassy Room) —
 Eleanor Severson, phone GR62909 —
 Mr Stich, unk add. Reached through Mrs Severson. —
 Win Stroll, unk add or phone. (Embassy Room) —
 William Henabry, 12000 Lamanda, L.A. #3903020 (Embassy Room) —
 Nett Cooper, 6257 Coldwater Canyon, L.A. #7623391 —
 Foster, unk add. He is Asst Director L.A. Philharmonic. (unk loc at hotel) —
 Peter Harvey, 2206 Moray Av, San Pedro, unk phone. (unk loc at hotel) —
 Bert Moretti, Assemblyman 47th Dist, phone 9850910 (Embassy Room) —
 Hubson, unk add, works Firemens Fund Insurance Co, Claims Supervisor. —
 Harold Murray, unk add Mayor Yorty's Office. —
 Eve Smith, unk add. Bus 9511- 4th St, Inglewood, # 7551313. —
 Soltzer, 5532 N. Citrus, Covina, #ED90250. —
 Ina & Trudi Owens, 3832 Palos Verdes Dr, North Palos Verdes Estates, #PR 55704 —
 & Mrs Harvey Schechter, 4435 Longridge, Sherman Oaks, #7889320 —
 Nancy Gordon, 115 S Croft, L.A. #9386044 —
 Tiffany Jonas, 914 N Beverly Glen, L.A. 24, #GR5-5206 (over)

Investigators making interview

Approved by:

P. Werth 10909 SUS (Intro)

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

RECORDS
CHECKED

INTERVIEWS

FILE # I-295

Person(s) Interviewed: Severson, Eleanor (Mrs)

Date June 27, 1968

Time- 8:15PM

Business Address & Phone None

Residence Address & Phone 12409 Helena St. Brentwood, Calif. Phone #4762909

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

This interview was conducted at the home of the informant and on the abv date and time.

Description of informant: Fe Cauc 5'3 180 DOB Sept 14, 1925, black hair haz eyes.

On June 19, 1968, at approx 2:15PM an interview of an Estelle Sterns (I-25) was conducted, in which Sterns alleges that she on June 4, 1968 at approx 9:00 AM obs Sirhan Sirhan, in company of two (2) additional males and one (1) Fe at the Kennedy election Hqs, 5615 Wilshire Bl. Sirhan and one other male, according to Sterns were carrying guns in shoulder holsters. Sterns description of the susps is as follows:

- #1, Sirhan B. Sirhan, M-Jord 24, 5'3 med built, blk hair and drk eyes.
- #2. M-Jord 25, 5'5 med built, blk bushy hair, brn eyes, wearing blu windbreaker jacket, wht shirt, somewhat ruffled and worn appearing, drk slacks or levis.
- #3. M-Jord 40/45, 5'6 stocky built, blk hair, graying at temples, extreemly handsome looking, wearing a drk suit and tie.

Sterns further stated that these susps entered the Hqs and came to her desk, where susps 1 and 2 took chairs and sat opposite of her, while susp 3 addressed her. Susp 3 first asked Sterns for her name and the Senator's itinerary. Then Susp 3 and Sterns talked about sports, golf, tennis and horses. Susp 3 then asked about the Bus schedule and if he could walk through the Hqs. He then left. Sirhan then began talking to Sterns, first asking if there was any coffee in the Hqs. Sterns confirmed and offered to get him a cup, whereupon Sirhan asked her (Sterns) to go out with him and offered to buy her a cup of coffee or a drink if she so desired. Sirhan also asked about the Kennedy itinerary. It was during the conversation with Sirhan that Sterns states she observed the guns, carried by Sirhan and the #2 susp.

Officer learned from Mrs Sweeney, File I-59 that on June 4, 1968, Mrs Severson, the abv informant, worked the desk with Sterns.

Mrs Severson gave the following statement:

"On June 4, 1968 I arrived at the Kennedy Hqs at approx 8:30AM, and was assigned to work the information desk with Mrs Sterns. I never left the desk till late in the afternoon. At no time did Mrs Sterns talk to two (2) young arabian men, or was she asked to go out for either coffee or a drink, nor was there anybody with guns at the desk. In my opinion Mrs Sterns is a feather brain, know it all, excitable lady, who could not find enough reasons to make herself important to the other workers. She probably is making up this story to gain publicity. This 3rd man (susp #3) of whom Mrs Sterns spoke is a Mr Khan, known as "Goody", who worked in the Hqs. Mr Khan spoke to Mrs Sterns on Monday, June 3, 1968, and there conversation was about golf, and some other sports, as far as I can recall".

Investigators making interview

Approved by:

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

D Warr 10909 SUS (Motro)

L. Y. Alibi

RECORDS
CHECKED

INTERVIEWS

FILE # I-25

PERSON INTERVIEWED: STERNS, Estelle (Mrs.) DATE/TIME 6-19-68 2:15 PM

SEX F RACE C HAIR Blnd EYES Blu HT 5' WT 95 DOB May 5, 1915 (Canada)

RESIDENCE ADDRESS 1136 S. Wooster #207, L.A. PHONE 271-8504

BUSINESS ADDRESS 816 S. Robertson Blvd., L.A. PHONE

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

Interview conducted at the home of the informant, at the above date & time.

Informant stated that she was a volunteer worker at the Kennedy Hdqts., 5615 Wilshire Blvd. L.A. She was a fund raiser and as such, occupied the 1st desk next to the front door.

On 6-4-68, at approx. 9 AM, she observed four (4) persons approach the front door to the Hdqts. Three (3) of these were males, and one (1) female. Mrs. STERNS describes them as follows:

- #1, Sirhan B. Sirhan, M-Jord 24, 5-3 med build with black, curly hair and dark eyes.
- #2, M-Jord 25, med build, black, bushy hair and brown eyes, wearing a blue windbreaker jacket, a white, somewhat ruffled and worn appearing shirt, and dark slacks or levis.
- #3, M-Jord 40/45, 5-6 stocky build, black hair, graying at the temples, extremely handsome looking, wearing a dark suit & tie.
- #4, Fe-Jord, early twenties, dark skinned as if suntanned, dark hair, worn shoulder length, wearing a white cloth coat or dress.

Mrs. STERNS stated that susp. 1, 2, and 3 entered the Hdqts., while #4 remained on the street, near the front door. Susps. land 2 sat at her desk and spoke in a foreign language. Susp. 3 asked her for her name and the Senator's itinerary, also about the bus schedule. He made a \$3.00 contribution and asked permission to walk through the Hdqts. and left.

Sirhan and Susp. 3 then conversed with the informant, first asking if there was any coffee in the Hqs. Mrs. STERNS confirmed and offered to get some. Sirhan at this time, informant alledges, asked her to go out with him and offered to buy her a cup of coffee, or a drink, if she so desired. She politely declined, and their conversation turned to the Kennedy itinerary, and his stand on civil rights.

kw/8-2-68

Continued

Mrs. STERNS further alledges that during her conversation with Sirhan and Susp. 2, she observed that both were carrying guns in shoulder holsters, underneath their left armpits. When she commented to them regarding the guns, Sirhan replied "Oh, that is just for self protection, what with all this racial trouble in and around Watts".

When Mrs. STERNS answered that the Hqs. was far from Watts, Sirhan, she alledges, replied "Well, we have them and anyway, we have permits for the guns".

Susps. remained at her desk a short while longer, then walked into the interior of the Hqs., and she lost sight of them.

Mrs. STERNS further states that she received an anonymous phone call, female voice, on June 5, 1968 at approx. 12:30 AM, stating "It's all over with".

After this phone call, she turned on the T.V. and for the first time learned of the shooting of Senator Kennedy.

On 6-6-68, at approx. 5-5:30 PM, she again received an anonymous call, this time a male voice, which sounded muffled, as if spoken through a towel, and with an accent of the middle east. The caller stated "Under no circumstances give out any information to anybody as to the number of people, or their activities at your desk on Tuesday (6-4-68)".

On 6-24-68, approx. 7:15 PM, Mrs. STERNS was re-interviewed at her home. She insisted on the correctness of her first statements, adding only some additional conversation, she claims to have had with Susp. 3, regarding a race horse, "My Beauty", and the training of horses. She also alledges that Susp. 3 showed her a picture, depicting him dressed in a white Arabian outfit, minus the turban, riding this horse.

Due to the enormousness of her statements, and after explaining to her the function of the polygraph, she was asked to submit to such an examination, to which she readily agreed. On 6-26-68, Mrs. STERNS, however, refused to come to the Police Dept. for a polygraph examination, stating "she was too busy working in a political campaign to come".

On 7-15-68, at approx. 9 PM, Mrs. STERNS was again re-interviewed by telephone. She still insisted that she saw Sirhan at the Kennedy Hqs. on June 4, 1968. When she was told that that was almost impossible due to Sirhan's other activities on that date, she suddenly changed her tone of voice, and very nastily answered, "So you have all this information, and I made a mistake. What do I care". Mrs. STERNS then was asked if she now admits making a mistake regarding her observations at the Kennedy Hqs., to which she replied "No, I'm not going to admit anything. If I made a mistake, I'm not going to admit it now".

Continued

Mrs. STERNS has been described by fellow campaign workers as follows: She appears to be suffering from a persecution complex and a feeling of lack of importance; stupid, liable to say anything to focus attention to herself, and extremely excitable, and not to be taken too serious.

Mrs. STERNS gave the following named persons, present at the Kennedy Hqs. on 6-4-68, to verify her statements:

BERG, Larry (1)
"Myda" (2)
"Woody" (3)

Officer identified the above persons as follows:

(1) BECK, Larry Joe, Interviewed I-35
(2) FOOTE, Magdalena, Interviewed I-812
(3) KHAN, Khaibar, Interviewed I-216

The following persons were also at the Kennedy Hqs. on 6-4-68, and worked with and/or around Mrs. STERNS during the time, she alledges seeing Sirhan.

SWEENEY, Margarete, Interviewed I-59
LEOPOLD, Adele, Interviewed I-628
SEVERSON, Eleanor, Interviewed I-295

SWEENEY, FOOTE, BECK, LEOPOLD AND SEVERSON state that they observed the four (4) persons of whom Mrs. STERNS speaks, and identified them as Khaibar KHAN, his "lady friend" and some Arabian volunteer workers, neither of whom was Sirhan B. Sirhan.

FILE COPY

FILE # I 302

Person(s) Interviewed: Henebry, Charles William AKA Bill Date 6-17-68
Time 5PM

Business Address & Phone Retired Foreign Service Officer.

Residence Address & Phone 12000 Lamanda St. #1 L.A. 90066 PH# 390-3020

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

Reason interviewed: At Headquarters and Embassy Rm. on 6-4-68.
Function; Volunteer Worker (Car Pool Section)
Interviewed: 6-27-68. 425PM.

Subject states that on 6-4-68 740 AM, He reported to work at the Headquarters in the car pool section. During His tour of duty which lasted until 8PM, He recalls seeing three individuals of Eastern extraction. One was a male approx. 40+ who ID Himself as Khalbar Khan (Already Int. I# 216), a second male who by description fits Mr. Khan son. (Already interviewed) and a young lady on crutches who by description fits Maryam Kouchan (I#361). Subject left the Headquarters at 8PM and went home to change clothes. He then left and went to the Ambassador. Subject entered the Embassy Rm. at approx. 10PM, but left at 1130PM due to a headache, and was home by 12 mid-night. Subject didn't see any girl in a polka dot dress or anyone resembling sirhan. He didn't take any photos. Subject recalls seeing the below listed people at the Ambassador:
Physical Desc. M, Cau. (3-2-24) 6-1, 195 Brn. Brn.

1. Robert Dolson 2. Dave Hansen (Both USC Volunteer Workers.)
3. Mrs. Sweeney Nephew M, Cau. 20. (Robert Dolson is Sweeney's Nephew)
4. TAYLOR, Robert M/Cauc USC Student Worker - I-855

Mr. Henebry has been interviewed by S.A. Les Waren of the FBI on 6-6-68

Subject was re-contacted on 6-28-68 345PM, at which time He stated that on 6-5-68 8PM, He rec. a phone call from K. Khan who invited Him to dinner and drinks, but Mr. Henebry refused. Regarding a Mrs. Stearns, Mr. Henebry states that Skb is an Irritable type woman with a personality problem and caused problems due to her personality with various people who came to Her desk. Mr. Henebry further states that He never obs. any people with guns, including K. Khan and friends.

On 6-28-68/4:30PM, Mr. Henebry called and stated that he wished to give Sgt. Sartuche another name that he recalled as being one of the persons in the Embassy Room on the night of the shooting. Mrs. STOUT (wife of news reporter BILL STOUT).

Investigators making interview

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

Approved by:

[Signature]

PERSON INTERVIEWED: ISAACKSON, BERNIE DATE/TIME 7-16-68 130pmISACKSON, BERNARDSEX M RACE Cauc HAIR Blnd EYES blue HT 5-11 WT 195 DOB 5-10-19RESIDENCE ADDRESS 11038 S. Atlantic, Lynwood PHONE 7744993BUSINESS ADDRESS 1673 Malcolm L.A. PHONE GR 45239

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

Mr. Isackson came to the attention of this department through Sherry Marks (I653) who observed him at the Ambassador Hotel June 4, 1968.

Mr. Isackson stated he was a volunteer worker with no special duties other than maintain peace and cooperation among the other volunteer workers. He ~~stated~~ at the Ambassador Hotel on the night of June 4, 1968. He was entertaining staff members of the camp. He stated he was in the Embassy room several times through out the night but did not pay attention to what was going on dur to the large crowd. He stated he was with Senator Kennedy in the presidential suite on the 5th floor up until the time Senator Kennedy left to give his victory speech because of the crowds but stayed in the presidential suite and watched it on TV.

He stated Senator Kennedy finished the speech and walked off the platform through the double doors. Mr. Isackson stated when Senator Kennedy left the Embassy room he heard what sounded like balloons breaking but didn't think anything about it. He stated when all of the confusion started he felt something was wrong. So he left the presidential suite and attempted to get a elevator to the Embassy room. He stated the elevators were busy so he took the stairway down entering the lobby via the s/west stairway. He then ran to the press room and observed Sirhan being removed from the hotel by officers of this department.

Mr. Isackson stated he did not see Sirhan prior to or after he was taken from the hotel. He also stated he observed no one in a polka dot dress and he had no camera or tape recorder.

Mr. Isackson stated he has been interviewed by the FBI, but not the news media.

Mr. Isackson was asked if anything or anyone acted strange or out of place around the headquarters. He stated the only thing that stood out as being unusual was the actions and statements of Khaibar Khan (I216). He stated Khan would never fill out cards or write on anything from which the handwriting could be positively ID as Khan. He also stated to Mr. Isackson he was from Istanbul, Turkey and currently living in England. Mr. Isackson stated Khan was very overbearing when it came to the point of trying to impress someone.

(OVER)

Mr. Isackson recalled one incident when Khan asked one of the office girls if she had seen a unidentified volunteer, when the office girl started to page the volunteer Khan became very nervous and told the girl to never mind. Khan would often meet volunteers entering the headquarters and escort them to the information desk to register them as if they were personal friends of his; this was evident by many of them using his address and phone number.

Mr. Isackson stated the following people were with him in the presidential suite or were involved in the planning of the celebration at the Ambassador Hotel.

Adele Leapold (I628) add unk, New York City.

Sylvia Chase (I 781) add unk

Gerald Mahor (I501) State of Calif Unemployment Office Sac.

Jerry Costigan 1019 1/2 Venice Blvd Ph#8704411

Han Amarosa (I330) Bus Ph#2728866 Red#H074061

All of the above have been interviewed except Jerry Costigan.

INTERVIEWS

PERSON INTERVIEWED: [REDACTED] DATE/TIME 7-29-68 345p

SEX M RACE Cauc HAIR Brn EYES Hzl HT 5-8 WT 145 DOB 11-28-50

RESIDENCE ADDRESS 11930 Iredell, Studio City PHONE TR7-6151

BUSINESS ADDRESS _____ PHONE _____

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

██████████ a volunteer worker for the Kennedy Campaign was interviewed in person at his home address. ██████████ stated that he worked at the headquarters almost every day that it was open. ██████████ normally left school at 2pm and would go directly to the campaign headquarters. ██████████ normally worked at the reception desk with Elly (Eleanor) Severson

On 6-2-68 [redacted] arrived at the headquarters at approx 10:30AM. [redacted] was assigned to work the reception desk with Elly. While working that day (6-2-68) at approx 2:30PM a man known as Khaibar Khan (I-216) walked in with two other males. [redacted] positively identified one of these two males as Sirhan B. Sirhan. This person ID'd by [redacted] did not walk up to the reception desk with Khaibar Khan and the other person, but stayed back by the main entrance. [redacted] asked this person (that [redacted] ID'd as Sirhan) if he [redacted] could help him and this person pointed to Khaibar Khan and stated, "No, I'm with him." [redacted] did not pay anymore attention to this person (that [redacted] ID'd as Sirhan). [redacted] did take Khaibar Khan and the person that came up to the reception desk, back into the telephone bank area. When [redacted] left the reception desk with Khaibar Khan and the other person, the person [redacted] ID'd as Sirhan was still standing by the main entrance doors. [redacted] described the person by the door as a male, olive complexion, longnose, bushy eyebrows, middle 20's, wearing dark colored pants, dark shoes, white button down shirt, light olive green button sweater. When [redacted] returned from the phone banks the person by the door was gone. Approx 5 minutes after [redacted] returned Elly Severson asked where Kennedy's itinerary was. [redacted] stated that just prior to leaving with Khaibar Khan that the itinerary was on the reception desk, but when Elly Severson asked where it was he couldn't find it, so he went and got another one. [redacted] was shown a packet of mugs and removed all three photos stating that he is positive that the person he saw on 6-2-68 at the headquarters and the mugs he had removed are the same person. [redacted] also removed the mug of Saidallah Sirhan stating that it looked familiar, but he was unable to remember where he had seen him.

On 6-5-68 at approx 5pm, he was watching a TV news cast when he first saw Sirhan's picture, and remembered that he had seen Sirhan 6-2-68 at the headquarters. [redacted] immediately tried to call Elly Severson, but her phone was busy. [redacted] had just hung up when Elly Severson
1b/8-5-68 continue

continued

called him. Elly stated, "Did you see the News." [redacted] stated, "Yeah, he's the same guy that came in with Khaibar Khan Sunday." Elly then told [redacted] that she had called the FBI and wanted him to call the FBI and verify her story. [redacted] called the FBI and was subsequently interviewed by S.A. Warren. (No interview listed. Mentioned in July 1st sect#III, Page 675) [redacted] stated that Elly Severson has asked him to keep her posted on whats happening.

[redacted] arrived at the Ambassador at 830pm 6-4-68. [redacted] went directly to the Embassy Room, but couldn't get in so he went down to the Ambassador Ballroom until approx 930pm. [redacted] then went back to the Embassy Room and had David Robinson I#323 get him into the Embassy Room. [redacted] stayed in the Embassy Room until approx 1130pm. At this time he went into the lobby and watched a TV monitor until Kennedy started his speech. [redacted] then went into the kitchen via the hallway past the men's room on a hunch that Kennedy would leave that way after the speech. [redacted] stated that he was at the west end of the ice machine. (in the kitchen) when Kennedy came through the double swinging doors. Kennedy paused a moment and at this time Roosevelt Grier passed by Kennedy and continued walking east through the kitchen. Kennedy began moving forward again and [redacted] heard one shot and then four or five more shots in quick succession. [redacted] then saw somebody run by in front of him eastbound directly into Roosevelt Grier and Geo Plimpton. [redacted] believes this person was Sirhan, but never saw his face. [redacted] described the clothing as light colored pants, sweat shirt light in color possibly yellow, white or light shit collar sticking up in back. [redacted] was in kitchen until after Sirhan was taken out, but didn't see him taken out. [redacted] stated that there was too big of a commotion to tell what was happening around Kennedy and Sirhan. [redacted] stated that Kennedy was just inside the double swinging doors when he was shot. [redacted] states that Sirhan was between he ([redacted]) and Kennedy. [redacted] also stated he left the Ambassador at approx 330am on 6-5-68.

Opinion & conclusion:

[redacted] was obviously not in the kitchen when Kennedy was shot because of the incorrect locations he gave for Roosevelt Grier, Sirhan B. Sirhan and Robert Kennedy. [redacted] stated that he was very familiar with the Embassy Room because he helped decorate it on 6-3-68. [redacted] was also in the Embassy Room and the kitchen area on 6-5-25-68 when Kennedy gave his speech in the Palm Court.

[redacted] seemed to have information that has been released by the news and no other details. At the time of the interview [redacted] acted as if he was prepared for a third degree. Apparently Elly Severson told him to be prepared. [redacted]'s mother left the room during the interview, but could be seen standing by the doorway of the room where the interview was taking place. As [redacted] described the person he saw on 6-2-68 he continually looked at the mug lying on the table as if he was using it for the facial description. See attached Ambassador Hotel map with marking put on by [redacted].

On 8-2-68 At approx. 11pm, [redacted] was contacted by telephone. During the conversation [redacted] stated he has now decided to submit to a polygraph examination. [redacted] stated that he will be out of town until 8-16-68. [redacted] stated that any day after 8-16-68 would be fine with him for taking the polygraph exam. [redacted] stated he will call as soon as he returns.

INTERVIEWS

FILE # I-471

PERSON INTERVIEWED: [REDACTED] DATE/TIME 8-19-68 6:45 PM

SEX M RACE C HAIR Brn EYES Hzl HT 5-8 WT 145 DOB [REDACTED]

RESIDENCE ADDRESS 11930 Iredell, Studio City PHONE TR 76151

BUSINESS ADDRESS None PHONE

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

[REDACTED] was re-interviewed concerning his statements made on 7-29-68 wherein he related that on 6-2-68 he observed Sirhan Sirhan in company with Khaibar Khan at Kennedy Campaign Headquarters, 5912 Wilshire Blvd., L.A. and further interviewed as to his observations in the kitchen area at the time Senator Kennedy was assassinated.

When re-interviewed on 8-19-68 Mr. [REDACTED] without hesitation retracted his former statement and explained that he is not positive the person he saw in the Campaign Headquarters on 6-2-68 was Sirhan Sirhan. In fact when shown several mug shots, he was unable to identify Sirhan's new mug shot, stating that he did not look familiar at all.

Mr. [REDACTED] again was questioned regarding his observations of the kitchen area at the time of the shooting. From his interpretations of the incident, investigating officers could only conclude that he was either not in the kitchen at the time of the shooting or his recollections of the incident is so vague and inconsistent with known, established facts, that he would be of no value as a witness.

kw/8-30-68

INVESTIGATORS MAKING INTERVIEW:

J. Ryan #5281

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

APPROVED BY:

S/Lt. Pena

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

Person(s) Interviewed: ISACKSON, June (Mrs)

Date June 13, 1968

Time 5:45 PM

Business Address & Phone 5615 Wilshire Blvd (Kennedy Campaign Hqtrs) 9376300

Residence Address & Phone 1673 Malcolm Ave., WLA GR 45239

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

Mrs. Isackson is the office manager at the Kennedy Campaign Hqtrs, at above location. She left campaign hqtrs at approx 8:00PM, election night, to go to the Ambassador Hotel. She was with Helena Smith (Wife of Steve Smith) and both were in the Senators suite (#582) most of the evening. Approx one half hour prior to the Senator leaving the suite to go to the Embassy room, she and Helena went down and attempted to enter the Embassy Room but were refused admittance at the main doors. Both then went to the Colonial Room where Mrs. Isackson knew the volunteer guard at the door. The guard permitted them both to pass and they proceeded through the kitchen where the shooting later took place. Before they reached the doors leading from the kitchen to the Embassy room they were turned back. They both then returned to the Senator's suite and was at this location when the shooting took place.

Mrs. Isackson stated that subsequent to the shooting both she and Helena Smith talked about the shooting. Helena asked her if she remembered their entering the Colonial Room and someone attempting to enter the room with them, but being turned away. Mrs. Isackson did not recall such an incident. Helena also asked Mrs. Isackson if she recalled seeing a dark complexioned man in the kitchen area tearing up paper. Mrs. Isackson does not recall seeing such a person and went on to state that Helena told her that she could not recall if she actually saw such a man tearing up paper or if she had heard it from someone else.

Mrs. Isackson then related what she thought was an unusual situation. On June 1, 1968 and on Election day, a young man of Arab nationality, known to her as Khaibar Kahn, aka "Goody", add: 10455 1/2 Wilshire Blvd., LA phone # 475-1849, came into the Wilshire Blvd. Hqtrs. The first time he had been to this location was on Memorial Day (May 30, 1968). On Election Day Khaibar Kahn came into the Hqtrs with several young persons most of whom appeared to be of Arabic descent. and volunteered to help. Most of these persons were subsequently used to transport persons to the polls (SEE PAGE #2 FOR NAMES ETC OF THIS GROUP OF PERSONS). Mrs. Isackson reported that a woman came into the Hqtrs and asked to be taken to the polls. Mrs. Isackson approached the area where this group was located and observed a young dark complexioned boy sitting on a desk swinging his legs. About this time Khaibar Kahn came in with a blonde, dark complexioned young man. This young man saw the one sitting on the table and said "What are you doing here"? He seemed obviously surprised to see this fellow. At this time Khaibar Kahn took the fellow sitting on the desk and another and left the premises. The blond then transported the woman to the polls. Later, a volunteer worker, Mrs. Bernard, unknown address and phone number, informed Mrs. Isackson that the young man that had been sitting on the desk had not done anything during the entire time that he had been at Hqtrs. Mrs. Isackson states that she has tried to recall the young man sitting on the desk but cannot say if he could have been Serhan Serhan or not. Other employees at Hqtrs have stated that one of the group brought in by Khaibar Kahn resembled Serhan (SEE PAGE #3 for list of these employees) (CONTINUE D)

Investigators making interview,

.L. SAUTER 4758

I . 3025 PUCHE UNDESL 14176

Approved by:

17-17. J. J. Lewis

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE # _____

Person(s) Interviewed: Isackson, June

Date _____

Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

Cont. From Page #1

Below is a list of the persons who came to the campaign headquarters with Kaan, Khaibar as their leader. All the persons put their names on 3x5 cards and used the same address of 10455 1/2 Wilshire Blvd. Ph# 475-1849; Most but not all were of Arabic descent. The date of their appearance was 6-4-68 (Election Day)

1. Miss Lucy White
2. Miss M. Taher
3. Satar Kahn Ghashghai
4. Bro. Jesus A. Dominguez
5. Mary Khan
6. Miss Farah Kahn
7. Dr. Nosratolah Khan Brujrit
8. Abdol Hamid Taheri
9. Mr. Reza Sahanbani
10. Mr. Firouz Tabatabai
11. Mr. Nasser Ghauami
12. Mr. Alex Kachaturian
13. Mr. Nader Pakravan
14. Sheikh Abdol Azim
15. Miss Rose Khan
16. Miss Luciano Petri
17. Miss Elizabeth Robinson
18. Miss Manijeh Esfandiari
19. Miss Pary Saleh
20. Miss Puran Ahmadi
21. M. Dajhm
22. Talat Khan
23. Mohammad Khan Kurdestani
24. Philippe Memonn

Note; Some of the cards bearing the name of the above persons appear to be in the same handwriting. All the cards are being retained by Mrs. Isackson. The FBI has already interviewed Mrs. Isackson and have also seen the cards.

Cont. to page #3

Investigators making interview

Approved by:

P.L. Sartuche -- R.L. S. er

Person(s) Interviewed: ISACKSON, June (Mrs) Date _____
Time _____

Business Address & Phone _____

Residence Address & Phone _____

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

CONTINUED FROM PAGE #23.....

The following is a list of Hqtrs employees who obs'd and may possibly feel that one of Khaibar Kahn's group was Serhan Serhan:

1. HARDEGE, Dorothy (Miss)
1021 N. Doheny Drive.
271-7308
2. SMITH, Bernice (Mrs) (
1061 Meadowbrook, LA
931-3533
Knows and has talked to Khaibar Kahn.
3. SWEENEY, Margarete (Mrs)
unk address.
DI 79910
Volunteer worker who was in charge of the volunteer section where Khaibar Khan and his group were working.
4. HANABERRY or HANABRE, William
unk add and phone number. Can be obtained from Mrs. Sweeney.....
5. SEVERSON, Eleanor (Mrs)
12409 Helena, Brentwood
476-2909
6. STERN, Estelle (Mrs)
1136 S. Wooster Ave., LA
271-8504.....

Investigators making interview

Approved by:

INTERVIEWS

FILE # I-216

PERSON INTERVIEWED: KHAIBAR KHAN

DATE/TIME 6-18-68

L.A.# 825805A

SEX MR RACE Iran HAIR Blk EYES Brn HT 5-10 WT 175 DOB 4-4-26

RESIDENCE ADDRESS 10455 1/2 Wilshire Blvd

PHONE 475-1849

BUSINESS ADDRESS self employed

PHONE

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

See attached sheets.

1b/8-8-68

INVESTIGATORS MAKING INTERVIEW:

Sgt. Sartuche Officer R.E. 2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

APPROVED BY:

L.T. G. C. Higgins

BA

Subject first visit to the Kennedy Headquarters was on 6-1-68 in the afternoon hours. On this date subject registered under his true name Khaibar Khan. He also met a Marguerite Sweeney (I-59) who was in charge of volunteer workers. Subject was then assigned to answering phones and at this time he volunteered numerous names of Tribal Chiefs who were to be in the USA during the month of November 1968. Also the other volunteers who appeared at his desk he would claim as being part of his group and would register them under his address. When individuals would call to volunteer, he would follow this same procedure. It was discovered that there was a total of 24 volunteer cards which were made by Khaibar Khan. The majority of these cards were in the same handwriting and contained the same address. The 24 names are listed on the interview of June Isackson (I-80a).

Mr Khan's second visit took place on June 2, 1968 at approximately 2:00pm. At this time Mr Khan was accompanied by his sister (so-called), Maryam Kouchan alias Khan (I-361). Both parties assisted in doing various campaign tasks and left the headquarters at approximately 6:00pm.

He returned on June 3, 1968 at approximately 3:00pm with his daughter, Shirrin Khan. Shirrin Khan was assigned to the answering of phones and general type-clerical work. During the days activities Mr Khan was at the rear exit of the headquarters when he observed a male and female seated in a blue V/W. He states that he also observed a male leaning inside the right window talking to the couple who were seated. At approximately 7:00pm Mr Khan and his daughter left the headquarters walked toward the parked V/W. Upon approaching the vehicle Mr Khan noticed that the male who was standing outside walked across the street and walked out of sight. When he passed the vehicle he glanced inside and he noticed that the girl who was seated inside the vehicle turned her head as if she did not want to be seen.

On June 4, 1968 Mr Khan arrived with sister (Maryam Khan (I-361) and son Felipe Khan (I-292) at approximately 2:00pm. During his activities Mr Khan was located near the drinking fountain where the coffee stand is located. At this time he observed a female, Cauc, approximately 23/6 years, wearing a short dress with polka dots. He described the dress as white in color and the dots to be the diameter of pennies or smaller. This female appeared to be talking to a male described as male, Cauc, dark complexion, short in height, wearing a jacket described as blue "McGregor" type (windbreaker). He was wearing a white shirt underneath and tight trousers. It appeared that the two parties were talking as they were facing each other and that he noticed movement of their mouths, but due to the distance Mr Khan could not overhear any conversation. Upon approaching the parties he noticed that the female turned her head and looked in the opposite direction. Mr Khan then recognized this couple as being the same

as seen on 6-3-68 in the blue V/W. At approximately 8:00pm on 6-4-68 Mr Khan and Miss Kouchan left the headquarters. Upon exiting the rear of the headquarters Mr Khan and Miss Kouchan got into their vehicle and drove to the front of the headquarters where they stopped and Mr Khan re-entered. While Mr Khan was inside a male Cauc, early 20's approached Maryam who was still seated in the vehicle and the male asked for a ride. Miss Kouchan recognizing the male as being in the headquarters earlier, agreed to give the person a ride. When Mr Khan returned to the vehicle he noticed the male seated in the rear seat. Enroute to Santa Monica the conversation between Mr Khan and the male consisted of the male asking for campaign literature of presstype passes. Mr Khan refused the male any literature since he had none, but informed him that if he left his name and address he would furnish him with some at a later time. The male wrote his name and address on a piece of paper and gave the paper to Mr Khan. This male was Michael Wayne (I-1096).

BACKGROUND

Mr Khan became active in the campaign due to his involvement with Robert Kennedy at the time Robert Kennedy was Attorney General.

Mr Khan is an exile from the Country of Iran. He came to the attention of Robert Kennedy through law suits which were filed against the Family of the King of Iran. These suits resulted from 1959 when Mr Khan was involved in a construction job with United States. Mr Khan states when he returned to Iran he was swindled out of money and material by the King. Upon returning to the United States Mr Khan was made a political exile by the King.

Upon returning to the United States Mr Khan started a group named "The United Patriots for Justice". He started a campaign against the King of Iran accusing him of mis-use of foreign aid money. He supposedly is assisted in this venture by various members of the tribes which make up part of Iran.

OFFICERS STATEMENTS

Officers first came in contact with Mr Khaibar Khan as a result of checking volunteer cards at the Kennedy Headquarters. It was brought to officer's attention that numerous volunteer cards were made by the same person due to handwriting. It was also found that the cards (24 in all) had the same address listed on them as Mr Khan's. Upon checking this address it was found that Mr Khan's ex-wife resides at this location.

Mr Khan's ex-wife (Talat Khan I-314) was contacted by Sgt. Sartuche and he was informed that Mrs Khan had been separated for some time and that she was not involved in politics as was her husband. Mrs Khan contacted Khaibar and he in turn notified our department of his whereabouts. An appointment was made for an interview on 6-18-68.

On June 18, 1968 officers met Mr Khan in the lobby of the Miramar Hotel located on Ocean Avenue in Santa Monica. He informed officers that he was staying at the Ocean Palms Hotel located at 1215 Ocean Avenue Apt #201 and that he was registered under the name of Mr Goody. During the interview Mr Khan stated his distrust of the present administration and the immigration department. It was evident that Mr Khan didn't want his whereabouts known. He stated that his life was in danger as someone was attempting to kill him. While living in the West Los Angeles area he was leaving his ex-wife's apartment when unknown suspects jumped him and Mr Khan received various injuries. Due to this incident Mr Khan received surgery and had to wear a cast on his arm. This incident was reported to the West Los Angeles Detectives. In April 1968 he and his sister, Maryam Kouchan, were horseback riding in Griffith Park at which time his sister got shot in the leg by an unknown assailant and required surgery. This disabled Miss Kouchan and it was necessary for her to use crutches in able to walk.

Due to the above, both Sgt. Sartuche and Officer Miller were given nicknames (golfer and tennis player) to use when further contacting Mr Khan by telephone. On further meetings, in person, officers were to meet Mr Khan at other places than at his residence. These places were coffee shops, parks, beaches etc.

Officers first interview with Khaibar Khan was on June 18, 1968 and the last contact was made on July 27, 1968. During this time five contacts were made and officers learned that Mr Khan is involved in law suits with the King of Iran. Because Mr Khan had numerous papers from the United States Senate, United States Department of Justice along with letters from a organization called the United Patriots for Justice. Officers found that the United Patriots for Justice is an organization headed by Mr Khan and is made up of different tribes located in Iran. Mr Khan gave his permission for officers to make copies of these documents, which we did.

After the first visit officers found through the Immigration Department that Khaibar Khan, alias Goodarzian had a Immigration Warrant outstanding. The warrant was for Illegal Entry (remaining beyond specified time), Warrant #A-11-011142, no bail. It was also found out through R & I that Mr Khan was using the alias of Mohammad Ali and had an arrest on 1-13-67 for 647F in Hollywood. (LA#825 805A).

The only information received which is relevant to the Kennedy assassination was that on June 3, 1968 Mr Khan observed a male and female sitting in a blue V/W at the rear of headquarters. He described the female as Fe, Cauc 23/6 years, 5-5 and the male as dark comp, short.

On June 4, 1968 Mr Khan as a telephone operator at the headquarters again observed the male and female that he had seen sitting in the V/W. The couple was observed standing near the coffee shop area. The male and female were facing each other and it appeared to Mr Khan that the couple were talking to each other as their mouths appeared to be moving. At this time the girl was described as wearing a white dress with dark polka dots about the diameter of a penny. The male was described as wearing a blue jacket (McGregor type) with a white shirt and light colored tight trousers.

Due to the people seen on two different occasions by Mr Khan he was shown mugs of suspect Sirhan B. Sirhan and asked if he could identify him as being the male seen. Mr Khan stated that he could not be sure until he could actually see the male in person. Mr Khan was asked if he would attend a show-up if it could be arranged and would he then take a polygraph test to verify the truthfulness of his statements. Mr Khan refused to take a polygraph test or attend a show-up and stated that he wanted to be 100% sure before he accused anyone. During all the interviews with Mr Khan he was always unsure of his identification of Sirhan B. Sirhan.

Due to Mr Khan refusing to attend a line up or take a polygraph test it is very doubtful or simply a mistake in identity.

It was later found out by officers that Mr Khan was arrested by Immigration authorities and is presently on \$4,000.00 bail pending a hearing.

INTERVIEWS - JUNE 5, 1968

KENNEDY SHOOTING

DR 68 521 466
Jordan #7167

KHOURY, Barbara Antoinette
5667 Fountain Ave. Apt. 8
Hollywood - PH: HO 50648

Statement of Barbara Antoinette Khoury, 5667 Fountain Ave., Apt. 8 Hollywood, AKA Dalton (married name prior to divorce) taken in Room B, Rampart Dets., 2710 Temple St. at 9:30 p.m. by Sgt. Jordan. Subject stated that she knew Adel Sirhan quite well but hardly knew Sirhan at all. Claims she hasn't seen Sirhan for 5 years. She knows Sharif but hadn't seen him for sometime until she went to the Sirhan home in Pasadena on 6-5-68. Hadn't seen Adel for almost six months until past week or so, he came over to take some publicity photos for her job as a dancer. She sees Adel periodically because he is a musician and she is a dancer.

Subject's husband is in Mexico going to medical school. She lives with her baby and former brother-in-law, Nabil Khoury and a baby sitter named Nellie.

Subject accounts for her time Tuesday, 6-4-68, from 8 p.m. on by placing herself with her girl friend, Beverley Lee Corey, AKA Monroe. Claims spent hour or so at House of Pancakes on Sunset Blvd. then attended motion picture "Boom" at Pantages Theater in Hollywood at 10:30 p.m. Show let out after twelve, returned home where Nabil told them Kennedy had been shot. Watched T.V. most of the night. Subject Corey spent the night.

Next day at approximately 10 a.m., subject's mother telephoned and informed her that Sirhan Sirhan was a suspect in the shooting of Senator Kennedy.

Interview of Barbara Antoinette KHOURY continued.

Subject and Corey drove to location of Sirhan home in Pasadena to console Adel and remainder of family. Subject found Sharif at home and he told her his brother Sirhan didn't even know what a gun looked like.

Subject claims this was last time she saw any of the Sirhan family.

Subject is Syrian, has lived at this address for approximately 3 years. Drives a '63 Baige Ford 4-door sedan.

Her remembrance of Sirhan that he was very quiet and studious. Says all of Sirhan family quite upset when Isreli-Arab war broke out.

Subject's husband (or ex-husband) formerly employed at "The Fez" restaurant. She worked with Beverley at "Greek Village" formerly.

While she was at Sirhan home in Pasadena, two unknown women and one man came in and left again.

JOHN ANTOINE KHOURY

John Khoury employed by the Ambassador Hotel in the controller's office. When interviewed stated that he left the Ambassador Hotel on the 4th of June at approximately 5:00 or 5:15PM and did not return until June 5, 1968. Other witnesses at the hotel, Fred Droz and Judy Groves both acquaintances of Khoury positively place Khoury on the second floor of the Ambassador Hotel in the vicinity of The Lobby and The Colonial Room between 9:30PM and mid night on June 4, 1968.

The resemblance of Andrese to Sirhan, coupled with the statement allegedly over heard by Martigani prior to the assassination, have resulted in numerous people including three Alhambra police officers definitely placing Sirhan in the beer bar during May 1968.

Wilson was re-interviewed and placed on the polygraph, the results are as follows: Wilson was truthful, was not associated with Sirhan, and was not involved in a conspiracy to assassinate Robert Kennedy.

The Alhambra Police Officers were re-interviewed at the Alhambra Police Station in the presence of Captain Fratt, Chief of Detectives. The officers cannot definitely state that the person they saw was Sirhan, only that the person resembled Sirhan.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) DATE: 8/13/68

FROM : SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re: JOHN ANTOINE KHOURY

In connection with his liaison responsibilities pertaining to captioned matter, SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR. obtained from Sergeant D. D. VARNEY, LAPD, S. U. S. Unit, the following information concerning JOHN ANTOINE KHOURY:

RJL/eb
(1) *eb*

56-156-PS

1, 2, 3

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED <u>10</u>
SERIALIZED _____	FILED _____
AUG 13 1968	
FBI — LOS ANGELES	
<i>A.O. Richards</i>	

KHOURY, John Antoine LA#879 362 K 462 7893
 1944 N. Beachwood Dr Hollywood Apt #8 Phone 462 7839
 Bus: 3400 Wilshire Blvd Auditor in Controller's Office DU 77 011
 AKA: John A. el Khoury Raymond Charles Helou
 Soc Sec # [REDACTED] Cal Op # M825 117
 Alien Registration # [REDACTED]
 Lebanese Passport # [REDACTED]
 Veh: 1967 VW
 Spouse: Khoury, Aira Inkeri (Halomen)
 Fe Cau 5-30-44 5-6 125/135 Blond, Gry
 Alien Reg. # [REDACTED] (Immigrant from Finland)
 American Airlines, Stewardess, Employee #41746 (May 6, 1966)

Physical Description: Male Lebanese 12-9-43 6 ft 150 Brn Brn
 Criminal Record: 1-8-68 487.3 PC GTA Released on Charge
 Vict: Maloof, Mary E. 2640 N. Walnut Grove
 S. San Gabriel Ph: AT 02298
 Attorney: James A. Kaddo 3810 Wilshire Blvd 386 7444

Previous Addresses:

8710 DelGany Ave # 29 (31)(9)	Playa Del Ray	8-67	to
911 N. Euclid # 7	La Habra	5-66	to 8-67
640 N. Ward	La Habra	12-64	to 5-66
1422 Anna Jeanne c/o Nickerson	"	6 Mo	
2562 S. Palm Ave c/o Kessler	"	6 Mo	
Dabbous Bldg, Sidani St Ras Beirut, Lebanon		Until Oct 1962	

Previous Employment:

Lahabra Drive in 1000 W Imperial	Cashier	1-63 to 7-67 (7/4)
Broadway shopping center Anaheim Calif	Sales	11-62 to 1-63 871/1802
VIC. Hashem & Co Beirut	Management	1962

Parents: Antoine Khoury Vancouver BC Canada
 Jane Khoury " " "
 Parents immigrated in 1966 (Probably)

Education: BA in Political Science, Cal state, Fullerton.

HISTORY

Subj was born 12-9-43, in Haifa, Palestine. Prior to entering the U.S. he attended the International college, Beirute, and used the name Khuri.

He entered the U.S. in Sept 1960 and was a high school student at U.S. Grant High School, Portland, Ore. He enrolled in Senior Soc. Studies and has a letter of recommendation from one George F. Flittie, teacher at Grant. He graduated from the school on 6-9-61.

He states on his application forms that he worked at the St. Georges Hotel in Beirut from June 61 until Nov 62, where he did auditing work and received \$200.00 per month. He worked for Mr. Francois Farhoury.

He enrolled at the American University of Beirut between Oct 10, 1961 and June 19, 1962. His courses included: Remedial Arabic, Biology, English communication Skills, Modern Europe & Near East, Sociology, Athletics, Intro to Philosophy. His grades were quite low, except a B in English.

Subj is in possession of a letter dated 2-13-62, from Mr. Raif Samara, Noary public, Capusins Bldg, Beirut, Lebanon, who states that

he has known the Khoury family for 4 years and vouches for John Khoury.

On June 4, 1962, a letter was sent and a person agreed to guarantee financially, Mr. Khoury. His name was Francois Fakhoury, Takkosh Bldg, Lyon St, Ras Beirut. This letter was not addressed to anyone in particular.

He was admitted to the United States on Oct. 2, 1962, as a straight student. Class (F-1). He entered at Idlewild Air Terminal, New York, N.Y. His first visa was good until 3-2-64.

On 12-14-62 he took the entrance exam at Fullerton Jr. College, and subsequently enrolled for the second semester 1962/63. His classes included: American Government, US History, Western Civilization, Econ, & Speech. He remained in school during the Summer of 1963 and took courses in Economics and History.

He continued his enrollment at Fullerton JC in 1963/64 and took courses in Accounting, Trigonometry, Comparative Government, Philosophy, physical Science, Algebra, psychology and Masters of World Literature.

His Visa was extended on 7-22-62, until 5-26-64.

Between the dates 3-5-64 and 3-29-64 he left the country, went to Canada, and then reentered through Chicago.

He reenrolled at Fullerton JC in the Fall of 1964 and took courses in Asiatic Civilization, Commercial Law, Sociology and World Religions. He Received as Associate of Arts degree on 6-18-1965, from Fullerton Jr. College. The degree was in Economics.

The Subj enrolled at California State College at Fullerton for the spring Semester, 1965. He graduated from that institution on 6-9-67 with a B.A. in Political Science.

His courses included American Economy, Legislative process, American Diplomacy, Soviet-UN-World affairs, Judicial Process, State and local Govt., Internal relations, Internal Trade, Govt & Pol, American Econ History, Money and Banking, Comparative Economic Systems, Political Parties and Pressure Groups, Public Admin, American Presidency, International Law. He remained enrolled during the summer sessions of 1965 and 1966. Between 12-10-65 and 11-20-67 he submitted his transcript to twelve (12) schools.

Between 12-1-65 and 12-31-65 he left the country, went to Canada and returned thru Blaine, Washington. The purpose of the visit was listed as Vacation and Travel.

During the year 1966 he used PO Box 55, Fullerton Calif, as his mailing address.

He again left the United States between 12-7-66 and 12-30-66, went to Canada, and returned via Seattle, Wm. He listed his reason as visiting his parents who had immigrated to Canada.

On Sept 20, 1966 he reported his Lebanese passport # [REDACTED] lost. A new passport was issued to him (# [REDACTED]).

Subject's application for Employment he states he was employed by California Stereo Center, 4022 W. Beverly Blvd, Phone 6651195, where he did general Clerical work and later Book keeping. He reported to Mr. Yuri Beresov, and received \$450.00 per Month. He states the business became Bankrupt in Dec. 1967. (This information cannot be verified at this writing)

On 7-14-67 the Subj. was married to Aira Halonen, at Las Vegas, Nevada. Marriage Certificate # A 184 663. At the time of their marriage, Miss Halonen was already on a permanent Resident Visa. This marriage made the Subj eligible for application for permanent residence as long as he remains married and living with his wife.

On Dec 14, 1967, he applied for employment with the Ambassador Hotel as Auditor and Management Trainee. At that time, he listed his address as 8710 Delgany Ave, Playa Del Rey, Phone 823 3090.

His application states he is married, no children, lived at his present address for 2 years, lived at his previous address for 3 years.

He states he exempt from the draft, but does not give a reason. He lists Economics and Business Administration as his College Majors.

He shows no physical limitations or recent illness.

For references he lists:

Mr. Wadiah Dib 6331 Hollywood Blvd 462 5384 Lebanon Consul

Mr Frederick Mason No Add Fullerton 8718600 Attorney

He states that he speaks and writes French and Arabic.

Mr Khoury reported to work on 12-18-67 as the Restaurant night auditor, at \$400.00 per Mo. At this time he lists his address as Box 2248, Hollywood.

On Feb 1, 1968 he was promoted to Rev. Audit & Accts Payable, as an Auditor, with a raise to \$425.00 per Mo. This was subsequent to a promotion on 1-5-68 when he was transferred to the Auditing office with a raise to \$415.00 per Mo.

On 3-7-68 he was granted permanent residence status because of his marriage and earlier application.

Mr. Khoury is currently working as Auditor in the Controller's office, Ambassador Hotel, 3400 Wilshire Blvd.

Mrs. Khoury is still employed with American Airlines as a Stewardess.

Sgt D.D. Varney
10833

KIMMEL, Nadine B. (DMV REG. INFO)
4418 Beck St., No. Hollywood

No date or time

Not interviewed. Lopez 11874, Metro.

The father of Paul Patterson, a Manhattan Beach Reserve Police Officer, on Wednesday, 6-5-68, at about 8 a.m. on a northbound freeway (?) saw a W/F 25, brunette, driving a '65 V.W., RQS 319 with "Fuck You Americans" on the rear bumper. DMV - Nadine G. Kimmel, 4418 Beck St., No. Hwd. Paul Patterson's home # 379-3633 business # 372-6434. This info received from Officer Ruben Santillanes, Manhattan Beach P.D., SP 21552

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LA 26-156
RJM/yfs

~~RE: ROBERT M. KLAASE~~

On July 19, 1968, Sergeant MIKE NEILSEN, Los Angeles Police Department furnished to Special Agent R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR. a copy of an interview with ROBERT M. KLAASE conducted on July 8, 1968. The interview is as follows:

INTERVIEW OF ROBERT M. KLASSE

I 1345

1 INTERVIEW OF ROBERT M. KLASÉ
2 TAKEN AT 7800 CLEARFIELD AVENUE
3 VAN NUYS, CALIFORNIA

4 MONDAY, JULY 8, 1968, 2:00 P.M.

5 QUESTIONED BY: SGT. C. E. COLLINS, #6207
6 SGT. J. R. MacARTHUR, #4372

7 SUMMARY REPORT DICTATED BY LAPD OFFICERS. REPORTED AND TRANS-
8 CRIBED BY SHARON THIELMAN, CSR, ON JULY 11, 1968.

9 Mr. Klase resides at 7800 Clearfield Avenue, Van Nuys, tele-
10 phone 989-2567. He is a self-employed bill collector,
11 business address 3850 Wilshire Boulevard, Room 200, telephone
12 385-2002. His date of birth is August 29, 1943.

13 The night the Senator was shot, my wife and a
14 friend, Judy Royer, had gone to the Ambassador Hotel. She
15 is a volunteer Kennedy campaign worker. We arrived at the
16 Hotel at approximately 8:30 P.M. We were in the Ambassador
17 Ballroom most of the evening. Sometime prior to the Senator
18 making his victory speech, I was asked by one of the Kennedy
19 campaign workers to watch one of the doors leading into the
20 pantry area. This door is the second door east of the stage.
21 I watched it for about ten minutes while the regular fellow
22 went and got some refreshment.

23 During this time, some people came out of the
24 kitchen and this group included the suspect who I later saw
25 the police take away. He was described as a male Mexican
26 in his early twenties, 5'6", 135 lbs., with black curly hair.
He was wearing light blue pants and a light blue shirt. The
clothes were fairly snug-fitting. He was standing at a

1 location where no one was supposed to be standing so I went
2 up to him and told him that he would have to move back. He
3 was very nice and moved back.

4 After the regular fellow, who was watching the
5 door, came back, I went into the pantry area and I met Judy
6 Royer. She was coming from the staff press room which was
7 located just west of the stage. We both walked slowly into
8 the pantry and down towards the Colonial Room. Judy was
9 commenting on the lack of security. She told some guy with
10 a rolled up picture of Kennedy he would have to leave the
11 pantry area. He told her he had part of an autograph of
12 Senator Kennedy and the Senator told him he would finish
13 signing it when he came back through the kitchen. Judy made
14 him leave the pantry area at that time.

15 We walked into the Colonial Room. We stayed there
16 for a short time and then went back out into the pantry area.
17 We were about in the center of the pantry area when we saw
18 the Senator and the crowd come through the door leading from
19 the stage. We turned around and headed back towards the
20 Colonial Room. We had reached the last serving table when
21 I heard what sounded like five firecrackers go off. I turned
22 around and all I could see was a mass of people milling
23 about and a lot of activity. I just stood there stunned. I
24 heard someone yell, "Guard the door" so I went to the doors
25 leading into the Colonial Room and stood guard. I looked
26 back and I could see someone wrestling up by the serving

1 tables. About this time, someone came running toward me
2 and ran into the Colonial Room. He stopped and talked to
3 one of the uniformed security guards. After that, I went
4 into the Colonial Room. I was in a daze for about four or
5 five minutes. A little while later, I saw the police carrying
6 the suspect out through the Colonial Room. It's the same
7 fellow I told would have to move earlier who was standing
8 near the pantry doors. No prior interviews.

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RAMPART DETECTIVE DIVISION

I-61

INTERVIEW - JUNE 7, 1968

KENNEDY SHOOTING

CR 68-521-466

KLEIN, JOSEPH THOMAS - 1713 Malvern #6, Fullerton Ph 879-9011

Fullerton Jr. College (Student) Ph 871-8000. Worked as Co-chairman of Kennedy Campaign for Orange County.

done
Mr. Klein states he was standing outside the main door across from the registration desk at the Ambassador hotel. Mr. Klein was with Patti Nelson of 15300 Cornuta Street, Bellflower Ph 213 867-4570 and Dennis Weaver unk add. in Garden Grove, Calif. Approx 2 minues after the conclusion of Kennedy's victory speach, Mr. Klein observed a M/poss Cuban or Mex 23-26 5-9 Slim very curly longer than normal blk curly hair long side burns wearing a lt color shirt (poss blu) and dark pnts, run from the direction of the shooting. The M/cuban or mex was pushing his way through the crowd with his lt hand and in his rt. hand he had a wrapped object. Mr. Klein described this object as approx 3 ft. long, wrapped in a blu material poss cloth or paper, the object was approx 3 in. in diameter. It was larger at one end than at the other. The M/cuban or mex ran through the door and out of sight. Mr. Klein states he was the first person out of the door. Mr. Klein remained at his location and in approx 2 minutes he received the info that Kennedy had been shot. Mr. Klein attempted to follow the M/cuban or mex but he was informed by an unk wit that the M/cuban or mex had jumped the hedge outside the Hotel.

Mr. Klein states he was later watfhing the T.V. pictures of the Kennedy shooting and he observed the M/cuban or mex on T.V. canel 7 5:30 pm 6-5-68. The M/ cuban or mex was near Kennedy approx 15 ft from the location of the shooting. Kennedy had stopped to sign an autograph and the M/cuban or mex was standing at the left side of the person receiving the autograph. Mr. Klein is going to F.B.I. office to look at the films of the T.V. program today. R.L. Cron 11478

KRAFT, GILMORE (Information, Not interviewed) No date or time

Witness Kraft, 401 St. Cloud Rd., BelAir, telephone 476-4755,

observed male Cauc. 20/22 yrs, 6-2, very thin, (mustache?), blk curly hair, blk trous., lt. tan shirt.

Above info. on attached note given to LAPD patrol officer, received by Simmons, Metro. Divn.

¹
LA 56-156
RJL/llg

Sergeant MIKE NIELSEN made available the results of a tape recording interview of JOSEPH A. LA HIVE. The interview took place on June 21, 1968 and the nine page transcription of that interview follows:

56-156-200

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 7 1968	
FBI — LOS ANGELES	

INTERVIEW OF JOSEPH A. LaHIVE

1 TAPE RECORDING OF
2 INTERVIEW OF JOSEPH A. LaHIVE
3 TAKEN AT 4055 TUJUNGA, #305
4 FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1968, 9:45 A.M.
5 QUESTIONED BY: SGT. C. E. COLLINS
6 TRANSCRIBED BY SHARON THIELMAN, CSR, ON JULY 10, 1968

7 SGT. COLLINS: This is an interview of Mr. Joseph
8 A. LaHive at 4055 Tujunga, Apartment 305. Phone number at
9 this location is 985-4681. Mr. LaHive is President of the
10 Van Nuys Democrat Club and was in attendance at the Kennedy
11 victory speech.

12 BY SGT. COLLINS:

13 Q Mr. LaHive, at the time of the shooting, can you
14 tell me where you were standing in the Hotel?

15 A I was standing in the corridor behind the stage
16 area, what we might classify as an anteroom. The Senator
17 passed to my left as he came off the stage and proceeded
18 through swinging doors into the kitchen area.

19 Q I see. Now, who was with you at that time?

20 A My lady friend, Miss Estelyn Duffy.

21 Q That's Estelyn, E-S-T-E-L-Y-N?

22 A That's right.

23 Q Duffy, D-U-F-F-Y?

24 A Correct.

25 Q Uh-huh.

26 A Nearby was Cap Hardy or Howard Hardy, I think is his
proper name, who works for Councilman Ed Edelman, and Bert

1 Spiceman, another member of the Van Nuys Democrat Club.

2 Q All right. Now, when were you first aware that
3 there was a problem or anything unusual occurring?

4 A When I heard the staccato burst of fire.

5 Q You heard some shots fired?

6 A Which a lot of people mistook for fireworks,
7 balloons and so on. It seemed to me. I reacted instantly
8 in the sense that they were shots.

9 Q How many shots did you hear?

10 A I immediately described it as six or seven.

11 Q What did you do at that time?

12 A Moved toward the area where the shots were heard.

13 Q What did you see first as you entered the kitchen?

14 A I was conscious of a woman moving, running toward
15 me, blood coming down the middle of her forehead and, ah,
16 screams and hollering of the people and the presence of a
17 man on the floor who appeared to be shot through the head.
18 Subsequently, found this to be Paul Schrade.

19 Q All right. Going back just a little bit, the girl
20 that you saw with the blood, was that on her head?

21 A Yes, it was on her head. Blood streaming down her
22 head, yes.

23 Q Do you know now who that person was?

24 A I understand it was a Mrs. Evans.

25 Q Fine. And then you proceeded on into the kitchen
26 and you saw a person that you have later identified as Mr.

1 Schrade?

2 A Yes.

3 Q And he was laying on the floor?

4 A Right, with a cluster of people about him. Now,
5 amongst the people in that cluster was Cap Hardy.

6 Q Cap Hardy was in that group next--

7 A There appeared to be another man there. I later
8 found out he was the one that was shot in the stomach in
9 that area but I didn't know that at the time. I didn't know
10 how he'd gotten into the *** where he was. My prime point of
11 concern at that instant in my mind was: Is the Senator hurt?
12 And I moved again forward realizing there was another person
13 in a prone position and that turned out to be the Senator.

14 Q All right. As you made your way through the area,
15 how would you describe it as far as people?

16 A Pandemonium, but I didn't find my course impeded
17 so that I had to struggle to go through. I seemed to have
18 a clear path except for TV cameraman or-- and equipment. I
19 think it was a camera, but I threw him aside and that was
20 right in the anteroom as I started through. Beyond that, I
21 had no impediment at all until I came in contact with the
22 suspect and the gun which was, of course, long after he had
23 already been knocked over against the table.

24 Q All right. How many people do you think were in
25 that area when you entered the kitchen?

26 A I have said about forty people.

1 Q All right. Now, your impression when you looked
2 at Mr. Schrade on the floor, did you think that he was alive
3 or--

4 A Well, my immediate reaction was that he had been
5 shot and he was dead.

6 Q All right. When you looked at Senator Kennedy, did
7 you have any impression?

8 A Yes, I had the impression, at least to me, that his
9 total face was immobile. I didn't think it was moving at all
10 at that instant. I think he may have been in the initial
11 stage of being knocked down and out. Blood was coming--
12 falling at a right ear and that was the only wound that I was
13 conscious of; that there was blood coming from behind the ear.
14 I saw from the eyes and staring and the mouth open what
15 appeared to be a-- at least a very seriously injured person.

16 Q All right. At that moment, what did you do?

17 A Moved forward because there was a struggle ahead
18 of me, toward the struggle. At that moment we did not have
19 any idea as to whether or not there was one, two or three
20 assassins. There was no way of determining that, not
21 knowing what happened, but I followed Rosie Grier toward
22 what appeared to be the only assassin still in the room.

23 Q All right. Now, you say you followed Rosie Grier,
24 did you recognize anybody else at that time?

25 A No, I did not.

26 Q What occurred next?

1 A I saw the gun on the table with about six men's
2 hands and arms all over it and the only thing I could accom-
3 plish at that point, at least in my rather pent-up feeling,
4 was to get that gun away.

5 Q All right. Now, you said you saw the gun on the
6 table. Was it in the possession of someone?

7 A I say about six hands were apparently right on top
8 of it.

9 Q Were one of those hands that of the suspect's?

10 A Yes, finger was-- First thing I did look for was to
11 see whether the finger was in the trigger guard and it still
12 was in the trigger guard and we were very conscious then that
13 there might be more bullets in there. The attempt was to get
14 your hand on the revolving barrel so that the trigger couldn't
15 be pulled any more.

16 Q Uh-huh. All right. Now, you were standing at that
17 time right with Rosie and you had your hand on a group of
18 hands that were holding this gun; is that right?

19 A I had my hand on the barrel of the gun rather than
20 on the butt.

21 Q All right. And what occurred next?

22 A Ah, Rosie appeared to have good control of the
23 suspect, his body laid across him. Naturally, sobbing and
24 crying, but at the same time was in control of the situation
25 and the next point was to try to get the gun released from
26 the suspect's hand. We couldn't make Rosie let go because

1 apparently he wanted to recognize to whomever the gun was to
2 be handed and I was close enough to him to shout over the
3 hubbub, "Rosie, give it to Rafer. Rafer is here. Give it
4 to Rafer." And Rafer came in behind us and with Rafer's
5 reaching over, Rosie released the gun to him. They had
6 already taken it out of Sirhan's hands.

7 Q All right. And what did you do at that moment then,
8 did you--

9 A I reached for Sirhan's leg--

10 Q All right.

11 A --left leg which I immediately picked up, threw
12 an arm lock on and held through until the police came.

13 Q All right. The police did arrive?

14 A The police arrived. It seemed like five or maybe
15 six minutes later.

16 Q And what did you do when you were first aware that
17 the police were there?

18 A It seemed the buffeting around and the trying to
19 transfer the suspect carefully to the police and protect him
20 from the people who would like to kill him, seemed to be a
21 rather hectic moment and we were pretty well jostled in this
22 time by both the police and the people trying to get at the
23 suspect. In fact, I found somebody was wiping my face with
24 ice because I was more or less covered with blood. I wasn't
25 aware of it and kind of surprised that somebody swabbing
26 away at my face but I had gotten two minor bruises on my face

1 from either being kicked or caught in the struggle with
2 Sirhan.

3 Q All right. The police arrived and you released
4 your hold, as I understand it, and then the police took
5 custody--

6 A Right.

7 Q --of the suspect?

8 A That moment, Jesse Unruh was on the area behind the
9 table, I think, or either that or right on the table or it
10 seemed to me he was up high and he is screaming, "I want him
11 alive. I want to hold you responsible for the policeman.
12 I want him alive." And this is the transfer.

13 Q Very good. As to the suspect, did you feel that he
14 was resisting during this struggle?

15 A Very much so. Resisting in a sense that his body
16 was struggling in a very wiry sense and he had, it seemed to
17 me, an incredible amount of strength for such a small man.
18 But his face was tremendously tranquil for a person in such
19 a condition as far as I was concerned. He seemed the least
20 wrought up of all the people involved, so much so that it was
21 hard to put that face as a person that's being attacked by
22 some pretty massive men.

23 Q Did you hear the suspect say anything?

24 A Not a word. Just grunted and let out a cry of pain
25 when I twisted his ankle and let out a gasp of air when Jesse
26 finally took his body off his stomach.

1 Q Jesse?

2 A I mean Rosie Grier.

3 Q Rosie Grier took his body?

4 A Yes.

5 Q All right. You said before that there was blood
6 on you. Do you know where that blood came from?

7 A There was two small cuts on my face but I don't
8 know where so much blood came from. No, I don't.

9 Q Did you see the suspect bleeding?

10 A No, I didn't.

11 Q Was there anybody else in your group that was
12 bleeding?

13 A Nope, not that I know of. I got blood on my suit.
14 I got blood on my face. I had some in my hand. I don't know
15 where it all came from.

16 Q All right. After the police took custody of the
17 suspect, what did you do?

18 A I waited until they took the rest of the victims
19 through the kitchen area because I wanted to proceed back
20 through to where I had been standing to pick up my girlfriend.

21 Q Uh-huh. All right. Now, have you made any state-
22 ments to people other than the news media that night?

23 A Official statements?

24 Q Official statements?

25 A No. No official statements to anyone.

26 Q The FBI has not interviewed you?

1 A No, they have not. In order to record my thoughts,
2 my friend, Gary Smith, who was in television business, made
3 a tape somewhat similar to this. Very quickly asked of the
4 incident because I said to him and I say now that as you read
5 more and as you see more of the material that comes out, you
6 become inclined to incorporate that into your commentary and
7 I don't want to embellish anything. I'd like to have it
8 clear from the beginning.

9 Q All right. Is there anything you can think of at
10 this time that you would like to add at this interview?

11 A Well, I don't think so.

12 Q Okay, well, thank you very much, Mr. LaHive.
13
14 * * * * *
15
16
17
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22
23
24
25
26

STATEMENT OF JOSEPH A. LA HIVE

DATE 6-5-68

4055 Tunjunga

Studio City

985-4681

772-4308

Assisted in disarming susp., saw Kennedy down. Was with Grier
and Johnson, I.D. gun and susp. "Swarthy" not Negro, not Mexican
poss. Phil., Male, 27/30, 140, "slight. Can I.D.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

FROM : SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

DATE: 8/13/68

Re: THOMAS CLEAVER LAYTON

On 8/8/68, Sergeant MIKE NIELSON, LAPD, S.U.S. Unit, made available a copy of an interview with THOMAS CLEAVER LAYTON conducted by the LAPD on 7/18/68.

A copy of that interview is attached hereto.

Att'd

RJL/eb
(1) *edr*

56-156-900

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED <i>mt</i>
SERIALIZED <i>pe</i>	FILED <i>ce</i>
AUG 13 1968	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	
<i>A. D. Richards</i>	

INTERVIEWS

FILE # I-1510PERSON INTERVIEWED: LAYTON, THOMAS CLEAVERDATE/TIME 7-18-68 2pmSEX M RACE CAUC HAIR BRN EYES BLU HT 6' WT 190 DOB 3-18-43RESIDENCE ADDRESS 8461 FRANKLIN PHONE —BUSINESS ADDRESS 3753 WILSHIRE PHONE 3851602

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

MR. LAYTON CAME TO THE ATTENTION OF THIS DEPT THROUGH RON McCAVOUR I-815 WHO IS A EMPLOYEE OF MR. LAYTON. DURING A INTERVIEW WITH MR. LAYTON REGARDING McCAVOUR IT WAS LEARNED MR. LAYTONS FIRM FURNISHED OFFICE HELP & TELEPHONE SOLICITORS FOR THE KENNEDY HEADQUARTERS.

MR LAYTON STATED HE WAS AT THE AMBASSADOR HOTEL PRIOR TO SENATOR KENNEDYS SPEECH. HE STATED HE ARRIVED AT APPROX 7³⁰AM AND TOUNED THE HOTEL LEAVING APPROX 9³⁰AM JUNE 4, 68. MR. LAYTON STATED HE SEEN NOONE WHO LOOKED LIKE SIEMAN & NO ONE IN A POLKA DOT DRESS.

MR. LAYTON IS THE MANAGER OF THE OLSTEN TEMPORARY SERVICES AT 3753 WILSHIRE BLVD. HE FURNISHED A LIST OF EMPLOYEES FROM HIS COMPANY WHO WORKED AT THE HEADQUARTERS.

HE STATED THE OTHER COMPANY FURNISHING OFFICE HELP FOR THE KENNEDY HEADQUARTERS WAS PEAK LOAD TEMP. OFFICE HELP

C- ATT. LIST OF NAMES

INVESTIGATORS MAKING INTERVIEW:

Cook J.W. #12113

APPROVED BY:

U. Nigbie by RS



POLICE DEPARTMENT
490 WEST FIFTH AVENUE
POMONA, CALIFORNIA 91766
TELEPHONE 622-1241 (AREA CODE 714)

MISC. INFO

INFORMANT

RECEIVED

JUN 7 1968

INTELLIGENCE DIV.

OFFICE OF THE
CHIEF OF POLICE

June 6, 1968

Thomas Reddin,
Chief of Police
Los Angeles Police Departemtn
150 N. Los Angeles Street
Los Angeles, California

Attention: Walter C. Colwell, Captain
Intelligence

Dear Chief Reddin;

Enclosed is a memo from Detective Staudenmayer of this Department, pertaining to some information concerning the Robert F. Kennedy shooting.

Mr. Kennedy made an appearance in Pomona, and spoke at a luncheon on Monday, May 20, 1968.

If we may be of further assistance, do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours truly,

RALPH E. PARKER,
CHIEF OF POLICE

Donald P. Burke, Captain
Plainclothes Division

DPB/bp
Encl:

INTER-OFFICE COMMUNICATION

CITY OF POMONA

DATE

JUNE 6, 1968

TO CAPT. BURKE FROM DET. STAUDENMAIER
SUBJECT INFO ON ATTEMPT 1871C SENATOR KENNEDY

INFORMANT: GILBERT RICHARD LE BEAU
1712 E. PRINCETON ST. ONTARIO
HOME 98 62822
BUSINESS - ROBBIE'S RESTAURANT
390 POMONA HALL EAST
NA. 32671 - FELICIA MARS

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTACTED THE ABOVE INFER. AT 7:10 PM 6/6/68 AT ROBBIE'S WHERE HE IS EMPLOYED AS A BARTENDER. MR. LE BEAU STATED THAT AFTER WATCHING NEWS BROADCAST REGARDING THE ATTEMPT ON SENATOR KENNEDY LIFE, THE DESCRIP. OF THE SUSP. BROUGHT TO MIND A PERSON THAT WAS PRESENT DURING THE SENATOR'S VISIT TO POMONA.

IMMEDIATELY UPON SEEING THE SUSPECTED PERSON'S PICTURE IN THE PAPER MR. LE BEAU RECOGNIZED THE PERSON TO BE THE SAME AS THE MAN HE HAD CONTACT WITH AT THE RESTAURANT. HE STATED HE HAD POSITIONED HIMSELF ON THE STAIRWAY LEADING TO THE ROOM WHERE THE SENATOR WAS TO GIVE A LUNCHEON SPEECH. WHILE AT THIS LOCATION HE OBSERVED THE MAN IDENTIFIED AS THE SUSP.

CONT.

TO _____

FROM _____

SUBJECT _____

AND A FEMALE COMPANION CLIMB OVER A RANTER AT LOCATION AND APPROACH THE LOCATION HE WAS GUARDING AND BEGAN SHOVELING AGAINST HIM AND ATTEMPTING TO GET PAST HIM AND UP THE STAIRWAY THAT THE SENATOR HAD JUST ENTERED. MR. LEBLANC STOPPED THIS MOTION BY HOLDING THE FEMALE SUBJ. BACK, WHO WAS BEING PUSHED FROM BEHIND BY THE SUSP. THE WOMAN TOLD HIM THAT "THE WE ARE WITH THE SENATOR'S PARTY AND HE JUST WAVED FOR US TO COME UP." MR. LEBLANC RELUCTANTLY ALLOWED THEM TO PASS ALTHOUGH THEY COULD NOT SHOW ANY TICKETS TO THE AFFAIR.

HIS SECOND CONTACT WITH THESE PEOPLE WAS WHEN HE OBSERVED THEM IN THE LUNCHEON ROOM WHILE KENNEDY WAS MAKING A SPEECH. HE STATED THEY WERE STANDING TOGETHER, THE MAN SUSP. LEANING UP AGAINST THE S. WALL OF LOCATION CARRYING A CREAM COLORED UNK. TYPE COAT DRAPED OVER HIS RIGHT FOREARM. HE APPROACHED THIS SUSP. AND

CONT

TO _____ FROM _____

SUBJECT _____

STATED "PARDON ME." THE SUSP LOOKED AT HIM AND STATED, "WHY SHOULD I." THE SUSP AT THIS POINT LOOKED AWAY AND MR. LEBEAU TURNED AND WALKED AWAY. THIS WAS MR. LEBEAU LAST RECOLLECTION OF THE SUSP AND HIS FEMALE COMPANION.

MR. LEBEAU DESCRIBES THE SUSPECTS:

THE MAN - POSITIVE, CERTAIN WITHOUT HESITANCY AS THE PERSON PICTURED IN THE FRONT PAGE OF THE LOCAL PAPER.

FURTHER - MALE, DARK LEAD. DARK CURLY HAIR, SHORT & BELLIGERENT.

THE WOMAN

W/F/A VERY LIGHT BRN. HAIR POSS BLND. SHOULDER LENGTH. ATTRACTIVE, SLIM FIGURE WEARING A SATIN TYPE MATERIAL BLOUSE, WHITE IN COLOR WITH AN UNK. COLORED SKIRT.

CONT.

INTER-OFFICE COMMUNICATION

CITY OF POMONA

DATE _____

TO _____ FROM _____

SUBJECT _____

THIS INFORMATION WAS GIVEN TO SGT.
WEINS L.A.S.O. INTELLIGENCE AS PER.
CAPT. MOONEY WHO WAS TALKING TO
HIM ON THE TELEPHONE WITH REGARD
TO THE ATTEMPT ON SENATOR KENNEDY'S
LIFE.

Det. Stankiewicz

12:20 Am.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 11/13/68

FROM : SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

RE: MURIEL C. LEE

On 11/12/68, Detective Sergeant ROBERT ROBINSON, Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD), SUS Unit, made available copies of two different interviews; a two-page copy of interview on 7/17/68 and a one-page copy of interview on 6/14/68, with MURIEL C. LEE which were conducted by personnel of the LAPD.

Attached hereto are the above described copies of interviews numbered I-311.

RJL/rse
(1)

Incorporate into report
56-156-*200*
SEARCHED _____ INDEXED *ac*
SERIALIZED *ac* FILED *ac*

NOV 15 1968

FBI - LOS ANGELES
William

INTERVIEWS

FILE # I-311

INTERVIEWED: LEE, Muriel C. (Mrs.) DATE/TIME 7/17/68- 10am

CE cauc HAIR blk EYES hazel HT 5-5½ WT 120 DOB _____

ADDRESS 1100 So. Bradshaw st., Monterey Pk. PHONE CU 34078

ADDRESS housewife PHONE _____

Q: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

A: Following interview contacted by phone above date and time by J.R. Mac

Mrs. LEE stated that on the night of 6/4/68 she arrived at the Hotel approx. 9pm. She stated she was a fan of Senator Kennedy recently been very active in politics. Further states that most evening she was in or near the kitchen area. During the Senator's was seated in the kitchen area on a chair which was used for singing people by ABC-TV. Just prior to the finish of the Senator's went out into the main kitchen area to see if I could get a drink. The busboy's directed me out of the kitchen to a bar area in the main got my drink and returned into the main kitchen area and was just the pantry area by the entrance near the Colonial Press Room when I later identified as gunshots. I looked toward where the gunfire coming, I saw PAUL SCHRADE go down and I saw a bunch of people with the suspect who had the gun. The only one I saw get shot was LEE. As they were taking the suspect out, I hit him with my purse. States she was interviewed by R. L. Sauter.

[Signature]

FILE COPY
INTERVIEWS

FILE # I-311

ERVIEWED: Lee, Muriel C. (Mrs.)

DATE/TIME 7-17-68 10 AM

CE C HAIR Blk EYES Hzl HT 5-5½ WT 120 DOB

ADDRESS 1100 S. Bradshaw St., Monterey Park PHONE CU 34078

ADDRESS Housewife PHONE

:(WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

wing interview contacted by phone above date and time by J. R.
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: I looked toward where the gunfire noise was coming, I saw
ade go down and I saw a bunch of people struggling with the
who had the gun. The only one I saw get shot was Paul Schrade.
ere taking the suspect out, I hit him with my purse.

states she was interviewed by R. L. Sauter.

FILE # 2-511

Person(s) interviewed: LEE, Muriel C. (Mrs)

date June 14, 1968

Time 7:15PM.

Business Address & Phone 627-7048

Residence Address & Phone 1100 S. Bradshawe, Monterey Park CU 34078

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

Information (To be complete the report should include Name, Address, Age, Sex, Race, Height, Weight, Hair, Eyes, and How Above woman came into the Police Bldg at approx 7:00PM and informed an officer at B.O.D. that she thought that she might be the woman that the police were looking for regarding the Kennedy shooting. I went down to B.O.D. and escorted this woman and her husband to an interrogation room on the 3rd floor. She stated that she was present in the serving kitchen area where the shooting took place and at the time the Senator was shot. She went on to state that after the shooting she talked to two waiters, one was a Negro, the other was a Male/Cauc of poss Dutch descent and described as old and short. The Cauc told her that the suspect (Sirhan) had asked him earlier two or three times if Senator Kennedy was coming through this particular area. Mrs. Lee feels that it might have been this conversation with this waiter that resulted in the police looking for the girl in the "Polka Dot" dress. She thinks that she might be this girl. Mrs. Lee is a Fem/Cauc 48 yrs, 5-5½" 120 lbs, blk hair, haz eyes. She claims that she was wearing a blk long sleeved dress and a large white hat similar to a "Chef's" hat (nothing with Polka dots however).

Mrs. Lee stated that she entered the "Embassy" room through the main doors at approx. 9:00PM, Tues, June 4th. Sometime later she entered the hall which leads to the kitchen area, passed through the doors leading to the kitchen and sat in one of two chairs located just inside these doors. Just before the Senator finished his Victory speech she left this location and went to one of the bars off the main lobby and got a drink. She returned shortly thereafter and was in the area of the doors leading to the Colonial Room when she heard the shots and subsequent commotion. She did not see the Senator after he was shot. The only person she recalls seeing at this time was Mr. Shrade and this was just after he had been shot and was down on the floor. Right after the shooting a large group of men who had Sirhan in custody passed by her and into the Colonial Room. She claims that she struck Sirhan on the head with her purse and they passed by. She does not recall seeing Sirhan at any time prior to this.

It is this investigators' opinion that this witness is not the woman sought that was wearing the "Polka Dot Dress", based on her age, physical description and her own description of the clothing that she was wearing.

Investigators making in(rview

R. L. SAUTER 4758

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

Approved by: *Lt. Rana*

57

FIELD INTERVIEWS

FILE #

Date June 14, 1968

Time 7:15PM

LEE, Muriel C. (Mrs)

Person interviewed:

627-7048

Business Address & Phone

Residence Address & Phone 1100 S. Bradshawe, Monterey Park CU 34078

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

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Investigators making interview

R.L. SAUTER 4758

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

Approved by

D. Pena

RK



FILE # I-311

INTERVIEWS
ERVIEWED: Lee, Muriel C. (Mrs.)

DATE/TIME 7-17-68 10 AM

CE C HAIR Blk EYES Hzl HT 5-5½ WT 120 DOB

ADDRESS 1100 S. Bradshaw St., Monterey Park PHONE CU 34078

ADDRESS Housewife PHONE

: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

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ho had the gun. The only one I saw get shot was Paul Schrade.
ere taking the suspect out, I hit him with my purse.

states she was interviewed by R. L. Sauter.

MS

DRS MAKING INTERVIEW:

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

thur

APPROVED BY:

S/Lt. Pena

INTERVIEWS

INTERVIEWED: LEE, Muriel C. (Mrs.) DATE/TIME 7/17/68- 10amCE cauc HAIR blk EYES hazl HT 5-5½ WT 120 DOB ADDRESS 1100 So. Bradshaw st., Monterey Pk PHONE CU 34078ADDRESS housewife PHONE

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FOR MAKING INTERVIEW:

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

thur

APPROVED BY

[Signature]

LEONARD, EDNA (Checker)
Thriftymart, 23rd & Cloverfield

6-7-68 10:30am
Sollee, S.M.P.D.

(Day of shooting, afternoon). Edna Leonard, checker at Thriftymart, and one of her customers (nurse in uniform) were on elevator talking to a friend regarding election and mentioned Kennedy's name. At this time unknown male said, "It won't do you any good to vote for him because he's going to die tonight, at which time nurses expressed disbelief and male stated, "Just watch T.V. and see." - Manager of Thriftymart is Arm Bond, GL 11717 (Poss).

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 7/19/68

Lieutenant ROY KEENE, Los Angeles Police Department,
made available the results of an interview with SUZANNE
LOCKE which is as follows:

*QD Interview attached
to original P.D. 302
See Ser 4-12/5*

On 7/11/68 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 56-156

by SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR./mdm Date dictated 7/12/68

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1
LA 56-156
RJI/vaa

On September 26, 1968, Sergeant MIKE NIELSEN, Los Angeles Police Department, S.U.S. Unit, made available a copy of a tape recorded interview conducted by the police department with DICK LUBIC. The interview was recorded at 9000 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 910, Hollywood, California, on August 9, 1968, by Sergeants C. E. COLLINS, and J. R. MAC ARTHUR.

A copy of the interview is as follows:

56-156-PDS

SEARCHED	INDEXED <i>MT</i>
SERIALIZED <i>MC</i>	FILED <i>MC</i>
SEP 1968	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	
<i>Bo Richards. aorg</i>	

*Correlate with airtel
La Jeanne sent re Chamander
& this s/b sent Ben for
information.*

F.B.I.

IV

TAPE #29299

DICK LUBIC

August 9, 1968

TRANSCRIPT #60
EXTRA COPY

1 TAPE #29299
2 TAPE RECORDED INTERVIEW OF DICK LUBIC
3 TAPED AT 9000 SUNSET BOULEVARD, SUITE 510
4 HOLLYWOOD, CALIFORNIA
5 AUGUST 9, 1968, 10:00 A.M.
6 PRESENT: SGT. C. E. COLLINS #6207, S.U.S. UNIT
7 SGT. J. R. MacARTHUR #7872, S.U.S. UNIT
8 TRANSCRIBED BY: STELLA C. ROTH, INTERNAL AFFAIRS DIVISION
9 ASSISTED BY: SGT. C. E. COLLINS

10 ** UNINTELLIGIBLE

11

12 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: Okay, getting back to the
13 matter at hand, you were in front of the rostrum, as I
14 recall, during the speech, and you anticipated that Senator
15 Kennedy would go out through the kitchen, and therefore you
16 proceeded to the kitchen ahead of him?

17 A Yeah.

18 Q You saw him as he entered the kitchen?

19 A Uh, yeah, I saw him as he came through the door.

20 Q You are familiar with the mock-up stuff when you
21 were downtown. Now, where were you standing when he came
22 through the door? There's a partition about 16 feet inside
23 that door. Do you recall that partition coming out from
24 the ice machine?

25 A Well, inside the door there's two doors there.

26 Q Yeah, that's right.

27 A Double door.

28 Q Double door, right.

29 A And I had come out the right door as you face
30 the kitchen. He had come in the left door with people

1 behind him. There are two doors here. I had come in this
2 door right here, and he came in this door here.

3 Q Where were you standing when he entered the
4 kitchen?

5 A Right here. **

6 Q All right, you're in the area where they were
7 conducting--I think ABC had been conducting some interviews
8 there?

9 A No, I think they had been conducting them right
10 here.

11 Q Did they have some drapes on the back up here
12 that you noticed? Gold drapes down over--

13 A I didn't observe any drapes. I think I told you
14 that before. I didn't remember drapes.

15 Q Yeah.

16 A I remember some drapes outside the room.

17 SGT. MacARTHUR: Yeah.

18 A There were drapes outside. To get into this
19 thing here there were some drapes, but I don't remember
20 drapes here, and I don't think they were conducting the
21 interview here. I think they started here and they were
22 walking here.

23 Q But earlier before this speech, they were
24 conducting interviews here?

25 A Oh, I wasn't in there then. And they still had
26 the deals--some of the deal in there; really, I don't

1 remember that. I just remember when they ** There was
2 somebody talking to him as they walked through there.

3 Q There was somebody talking to him as he walked
4 in?

5 A Yeah, he was walking in front and somebody was
6 walking behind him. There was somebody to his right talking
7 to him, some type of microphone, some guy, that's all I
8 can remember up to this point. They were walking very
9 fast. And what I consider walking as a fast pace. We go
10 through here.

11 Q All right, now, you're in front of the ice
12 machine?

13 A I'm right about here. He then reaches across **
14 He's still walking. This is where the fellow reaches across
15 to him, and he reaches to shake his hand.

16 (Unrelated conversation)

17 Q All right, you are in front of the ice machine,
18 and he stops to shake--shake hands?

19 A I guess he stopped. It seemed like he might
20 have moved just right across in front of him. The thing
21 that impressed me was he was out in front alone. There
22 were no people in front of him where as before most times
23 there had been people in front of him, like Barry or anybody.
24 He was just like standing alone, and then he reached across
25 to get that kitchen guy. Kitchen, you know. That's what
26 went on. Sirhan was on this table **

1 Q Well, when were you first aware of Sirhan? Did
2 you see him at all prior to the shot?

3 A No, I was aware of Sirhan when I looked up and
4 saw Kennedy hit. I mean I saw him starting, you know, like
5 he was erratic; and he was going like that and started to
6 fall. Then I turned and went right to this corner here
7 somewhere.

8 Q In your original interview I think you said that
9 you actually--you didn't hear the flash but you heard the
10 shot, and you thought you saw the gun?

11 A No, I could see the gun. I couldn't see Sirhan's
12 face though.

13 Q All right, now, when you could see the gun,
14 there was obviously a hand holding it--

15 A Yeah, I saw this.

16 Q Could you distinguish any clothing on it or
17 anything like that?

18 A No, I--I think he--I think it was a bare hand.
19 I mean, you know, I think he might have had a short-sleeved
20 shirt on. I don't think he had a long-sleeved shirt on or
21 a jacket. I don't know. It looked like he was from behind
22 somebody. There was somebody standing up like this, see,
23 so that to me it looked like he just had, you know, a hand
24 over here. That's why.

25 Q You say that you think he stepped from behind
26 somebody?

1 A I think--my recollection was that he had one leg
2 on that table like this, on this--one of these tables,
3 because he seemed to be higher than anybody else, and he
4 had a perfect view of everything **

5 Q BY SGT. MacARTHUR: You saw the hand out there,
6 but you didn't see the face, looked like it was coming over
7 somebody?

8 A Yeah.

9 Q Did you ever see the face, connect the face with
10 the arm and the hand and the gun?

11 A Oh, yeah, I saw it afterwards.

12 Q But that was after you ducked and went over?

13 A Yeah, when I was down here, I could see him
14 very--

15 Q What was he doing then?

16 A He was very still shooting the gun.

17 Q Oh, okay. In other words you saw--you could
18 identify that he was the one that had the gun?

19 A Sure, he still had the gun in his hand because
20 then they all jumped on him, and he was going like that and
21 they were jumping--you could tell that was the same--
22 nobody could change places with him. You could tell that
23 it was him. I mean I could tell you right now that, you
24 know, the first shot I couldn't tell; but after the crowd
25 started to move and I went down, then you could see him
26 standing right there.

1 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: He was still standing right
2 there? You could still see the gun in his hand and the gun
3 continued to fire?

4 A Yeah, that's why I got--that's why I got--that's
5 where I was scared, down here, because I could see the thing
6 popping off, and I thought somebody would hit his hand and
7 it might be at me, but then somebody grabbed him from behind.
8 A guy got up behind and grabbed from the neck, I think, and
9 other people jumped on him and dragged him down; and I think
10 most people in this room were not aware that Sirhan Sirhan
11 had shot Kennedy even while they were fighting with him on
12 the table. I think most of the people that came into that
13 room did not know that Sirhan Sirhan was the guy that shot.
14 I think because they had him on the table pinned down, he
15 was kicking and they were hitting him.

16 Q BY SGT. MacARTHUR: You got that folder?

17 Q SGT. COLLINS: No, I should have brought it.
18 Darn it, we got a bunch of the pictures now that showed us
19 a terrific hassle afterwards. You saw the--more than one
20 picture we had, didn't you?

21 A Yeah.

22 Q That showed the very first one?

23 A Yeah, you have more?

24 Q Yeah, we got a bunch of them now ** Oh, you saw
25 all the Life, too, though; didn't you? We got some others.
26 That was the point. In your previous interview you got to

1 the point where you saw the gun and the shots were fired,
2 but nobody ever pinned you down as to connecting that gun
3 to Sirhan; and during the course while the shots were being
4 fired, you could actually see the gun and the suspect all
5 in one?

6 A Yeah, because you see being that this ice machine,
7 there weren't too many people in between; everybody was
8 ducking down, or sitting there, or standing right there on
9 the floor. I had--there was no way I could see the guy,
10 but I kept trying to get back in that little corner there,
11 and that corner isn't very big and I kept--and I could see
12 it because I saw the thing, and I was--to me at first I
13 thought it was a joke. I thought when I first heard the
14 first shot and then I saw the second one, I couldn't believe
15 it. And then I heard somebody yelling, "Oh, my God, he's
16 killed--killed Kennedy." Somebody yelled that, and then
17 like, you know, oh, no, it couldn't happen, and he's still
18 shooting, and it seemed like time was going by yet he was
19 still shooting. I can't tell you how much time elapsed
20 from the first time he shot until the eighth time. I never
21 saw eight shots. I just saw the hand pumping, and then I
22 looked up and I could see him right there. There was no--
23 when I'm down here at first I couldn't see him because I
24 just saw the hand reach over, but when I get down then
25 everybody seems to get down, and I'm in a position to see
26 him.

1 Q Do you know Frank Burns? ** with Jesse Unruh?

2 A I might know him if I had pictures of him.

3 Q Well, he was standing right close. I was
4 wondering how close he was to you at that time.

5 A Big tall guy?

6 Q Yeah, dark hair, wears glasses.

7 A I don't--I'd have to see his picture. I don't
8 know. Did I call you about that deal that **

9 Q About what?

10 A About this picture I saw?

11 Q No, you didn't talk to me.

12 A There was the other officer said if I ever come
13 up on something to call him.

14 SGT. MacARTHUR: That's Sandlin and--

15 SGT. COLLINS: Strong?

16 SGT. MacARTHUR: Strong.

17 A The guy has a picture you might try to get a
18 hold of it. It's an eerie picture. His name is Ted
19 Thackery--Ted Charack. He's either a phony or he's trying
20 to promote the picture for money, or I don't know what he
21 wants, but he's got a picture of two different nights, one
22 of Sunday night--he had a meeting in the same place on
23 Sunday night, and I didn't even know about that, and the
24 second one is on Tuesday night, and there are the same
25 people in the crowd--certain people in the crowd on Sunday
26 night that are there on Tuesday night, and he blows up

1 these faces, and it seems like he says--from what I get
2 from the other friend of mine, that Sirhan Sirhan and
3 another guy are in the crowd both Sunday night and Tuesday
4 night at certain times during the--

5 SGT. MacARTHUR: This picture that man--I went
6 over and over and over with and the--

7 A You can only see the top of his head like this.

8 SGT. COLLINS: All you got's the hairline.

9 A Yeah, I can't believe that you can pinpoint
10 that as Sirhan and say, yeah, that's Sirhan. "Do you think
11 Mike would give me \$5,000 for it?" When a guy says that,
12 I figure he's trying to sell pictures. But it would be
13 worth it just to get--there's a lot of people--give them a
14 picture.

15 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: ** the fellow we're talking
16 about?

17 A Yeah, yeah, I think he's phony, trying something.
18 I belong to something called The Factory.

19 Q Yeah, I've heard of it.

20 A Private club. You've got to have a card to get
21 in. He called me one night, and he says, "I understand
22 you ** I understand you have some friends on Time Magazine."
23 I just happened to be with a guy from Time Magazine. **
24 "I've got some great film the night of the Kennedy assassi-
25 nation, and I think it can be made into money." I said,
26 "I've got friends in Time, why don't you talk to him?"

1 So all he really wanted to do was get into The Factory.
2 See, so I said, "Well, tell him to come over here and we'll
3 have a drink." Sure enough he comes over, and he says,
4 "Well, I got some film, but I'll talk to you tomorrow,"
5 you know, there's a lot of young, good-looking girls there
6 and everything, and he just left. You know, he was like
7 wanted to see in that place ** you can't buy anything. It's
8 just on a card, but it cost me 2.50 to get him in and all
9 that ** and then he became a very pesty guy. He came here
10 and he says, "I want to show you my film." And I says,
11 "I don't want to see your film." So he took it down to KHJ.
12 Then after awhile I decided to look at his film, and he
13 has some people and then he stopped it and blow it up and
14 say, "See, that's Sirhan; I know it is," but then--

15 Q That lousy film?

16 A Yeah, but I got to tell you something. Remember
17 I pointed out a guy that threw hippie beads?

18 Q Yes.

19 A Do you know who the guy was that threw hippie
20 beads?

21 Q Yes.

22 A Who was it?

23 Q The guy's name was Cousins--Kozan.

24 A Okay, now, I want to tell you something. In your
25 picture that you have--you showed me a picture taken from
26 up on the podium--of people in the audience. There is a

1 guy--do you know who that is?

2 Q He had Kennedy buttons--

3 SGT. MacARTHUR: In his eyes.

4 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: Is that who you're talking
5 about?

6 A This guy right here?

7 SGT. MacARTHUR: Kozan.

8 SGT. COLLINS: No.

9 A Do you have any of those pictures in that crowd?

10 SGT. COLLINS: No, I wish you'd told me that on
11 the phone.

12 Q BY SGT. COLLINS? This guy's in the crowd?

13 A Yeah, right in front.

14 Q Well, the guy that's right in front, that did
15 throw the hippie beads and everything, is the same guy that
16 came in and said he gave part of the last rights, bent down,
17 and he had a blue ** in that picture you standing in there
18 a guy with beady eyes, big eyes--not the guy with buttons
19 in them--this guy right here, yeah.

20 SGT. MacARTHUR: I don't think we really ever
21 tried to pick him out in this crowd.

22 SGT. COLLINS: No, I don't think we have.

23 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: Are those some of the pictures
24 he's talking about because he posed with some of those
25 pictures?

26 A Yeah, those are the pictures. That's it. That's

1 what he said is Sirhan Sirhan. And this guy here, who is
2 he? He thinks he's Sirhan's brother, and he's also got--
3 this is the guy right here, but there is an interesting
4 thing in this picture--I don't think those are his pictures,
5 by the way. He is representing a group of people.

6 Q BY SGT. MacARTHUR: Continental News, isn't it?

7 SGT. COLLINS: Continental News is who he works
8 with, but--

9 A I don't know whose pictures they are.

10 SGT. COLLINS: These are a bunch of pictures
11 out at UCLA. Some kids out there took them is where he got
12 them, as I recall.

13 Q Let me tell you about one picture that he's got
14 that's very interesting. There was a guy, a dark-complected
15 guy, not a Negro, not a Negro but an ethnic guy--could have
16 been Jewish, could have been Arabian--you don't know, but
17 he's standing up on the podium snapping pictures.

18 SGT. MacARTHUR: Yeah, we know who it is.

19 SGT. COLLINS: The Pakistanian.

20 A Is he a real newsman?

21 SGT. COLLINS: Yeah, he's from a local college.

22 A But the way he does it looks like he's not even
23 taking pictures.

24 SGT. MacARTHUR: Yeah, somebody else commented
25 that. Yeah.

26 A He sluded (sic) down if you know what I mean.

1 He signaled like going that way at the end.

2 Q BY SGT. MacARTHUR: He's on the stage all during
3 the speech?

4 A Yeah, he moves from one side of the stage on the
5 other, but he doesn't seem to be snapping anything. He
6 does it the way a real photographer would never do it.

7 SGT. COLLINS: He is an amateur from a local
8 college.

9 A I figured you'd know who he was.

10 SGT. MacARTHUR: Anybody suspicious, we know
11 who they are.

12 SGT. COLLINS: Well, this is interesting. You're
13 getting into an area, of course, that I know you consider--
14 put a considerable time--

15 A The polka dot girl, remember you asked me if
16 there was a girl behind me here?

17 SGT. COLLINS: I didn't, perhaps he did.

18 SGT. MacARTHUR: Uh huh.

19 A Did I see a girl behind me or a blonde-headed
20 girl. You showed me a picture of a girl in a polka dot
21 dress, a good-looking blonde on a polaroid. Well, I said
22 I never saw her. I'm saying it again, I never saw her;
23 but from what I understand, there really was a polka dot
24 girl that night. Now, I know you can't say it, but from
25 these people that I talked to, these nutty guys, some of
26 them might have merit in what they say. Apparently there

1 was a girl--I don't know that, but I'm just giving you a
2 story that I heard which could be true because there's a
3 couple of reporters, one from Newsweek, one from the New
4 York Times, and they don't go across country for phony
5 stories. But they were here. And then there's some other
6 guy out here in Los Angeles, Hollywood Citizen News, I
7 think, a police reporter there, investigating reporter,
8 which Time Magazine hired. Apparently the girl in the
9 polka dot dress was seen that day at the Ambassador Hotel.
10 This guy--I don't know if you knew him--his name is Hernando--
11 Fernando. He was of Mexican or Spanish descent. I don't
12 know if he's telling the truth or not, but he's got some-
13 thing, with this story--this is his story. The girl picks
14 up some guy at the Ambassador Hotel that day, and I don't
15 know if she goes to bed with him or something, but she
16 spends time with him, and she's very guilty about something
17 ** During the day she says to the guy, "Do you want to
18 watch Bobby Kennedy get killed tonight about 11:30 or twelve
19 o'clock, just come to the Ambassador --you know, whatever
20 this room was called"--and you'll see it or hear it." He
21 says he's got to--this Fernando says he's got the guy,
22 somebody that was with that girl, that told this story. I
23 don't know if you've ever heard that.

24 SGT. COLLINS: I haven't.

25 A He's got sketches of the girl that he's drawn
26 and showed it to the guy, and the guy picked out a picture

1 of certain people.

2 Q BY SGT. MacARTHUR: This is Fernando?

3 A Yeah, I don't know his last name. I just know--

4 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: Fabray, or something like that?

5 A Yeah.

6 Q BY SGT. MacARTHUR: Manny's friend?

7 A Well, he called me. The reason I got connected
8 with him was he understood that I had made a deal with this
9 guy, the nutty guy we just saw in the picture there,
10 Charack, and he says, "I haven't seen those films. Do you
11 think I could see them?" And I says, "Who the hell are you?"
12 And he says, "Well, Time Magazine told me that I could get"
13 --see, I used to be with Time. I work with them on certain
14 type ** and then he came and told me the story about this
15 dark-headed girl, not a blonde in a polka dot dress that
16 was seen with two dark-complected guys, one of them may
17 have been Sirhan's brother, during the day, and they had
18 stayed in that Ambassador all day; and what he things, in
19 his own mind, that there was a team-type job, no matter
20 what doors Sirhan had gone out--I mean what Kennedy had gone
21 out, there would have been somebody there to kill him. I
22 can't believe all this, and I have to--because they're
23 trying to make it like John Kennedy's thing which I've
24 heard everything that Jim Garrison's got to say. And now
25 it seems like somebody is making up the great second thing,
26 you know, the second double shooting. Then, also, the

1 speed of the first bullet between the first and the second
2 bullet, these guys have got it down to a science where they
3 can listen to the recordings of this guy who takes the
4 sound-- (phone conversation) Anyway the timing from the
5 first bullet to the second bullet was longer than any other
6 time of the shooting.

7 Q This is on Bobby Kennedy's shooting?

8 A Yeah.

9 Q Who's got the timing on the sound track?

10 A Somebody's got the tape on it. This is--
11 Fernando tells me, and they timed it from the first one to
12 the second, but I can take tapes or stop the tape and run
13 it, you know, but the interesting thing with the girl in
14 the polka dot dress arrived in Los Angeles the day--that
15 day, or the day before the Kennedy assassination from another
16 city from the East Coast, mostly, she's--he said "the bag
17 woman." She brough lots of money with her. She was seen
18 with lots of money. She was seen in the Ambassador by many
19 people. He's gone around to lots of people and showed them
20 this picture he's got, and they say it's her. After the
21 shooting she makes her way out of the hotel and leaves,
22 and nobody's seen her since. That's his story, but he's
23 got this guy--some guy--who he is he never would tell me,
24 in which the following happened. This guy was picked up
25 by this girl, when he picked her, either was trying to set
26 this guy up as a patsy or something, I don't know. But in

1 the course of conversation she mentions to him, "If you want
2 to see Senator Kennedy get killed, come to--"

3 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: Used the word "killed" not
4 shot or anything?

5 A Killed or shot, one of those two words. Either
6 killed or shot. Well, maybe she didn't say killed; maybe
7 she just said shot. You'd have to get him. You know, he's
8 very anti-police about telling them anything, he says,
9 because they're always after me. "They bug my phone and
10 all that." And I says, "Well--" ** the FBI and all that.
11 They're all--I can't believe it--they all want to play CIA,
12 and he comes--you know, he came in here once, and he looks
13 out the window, and he looks all around and he says, "You
14 sure the room isn't bugged?" ** "Christ sake, if you want
15 to talk, sit here and talk. All I got is my tape recorder
16 running, see?" And he says, "Have you got that on? I said,
17 "No." You know, give me that--oh, boy, James Bond stuff,
18 but you'd never know with these nuts--not nuts, but he wrote
19 a story, and it was in the Hollywood Citizen News. I saw
20 it the other day, "What Happened to the Girl in the Polka
21 Dot Dress?"

22 Q We saw that.

23 A The police and the FBI are really looking for
24 'em, but they don't know--

25 Q He says nothing in that article, though.

26 A All he does is the headlines.

1 Q All he's got is a headline and sold a lot of
2 papers in one day, and I'm sure it greatly increased
3 circulation for that day.

4 A Whether he's making up the story or not, but two
5 guys--one guy from Newsweek and one guy from New York Times
6 were so interested in the story that they came out here,
7 and with the Times Magazine Bureau on Wilshire Boulevard,
8 and I know they spent a lot of time here investigating
9 whether there was a girl in a polka dot--

10 Q BY SGT. MacARTHUR: Do you know who the guys
11 were by name?

12 A I could find out.

13 Q Yeah, let's get them and find out. We'll talk
14 to them because they have probably gone through it pretty
15 good with them.

16 A The Bureau Chief at Times knows Fernando. He'd
17 be the guy--I don't know his last name, but you see Time is
18 paying his expenses. He's been all over this damn country.
19 He doesn't stay here, this Fernando, he goes down to Mexico,
20 and he goes all over. I don't know what he does down there,
21 but apparently they're paying him for something. Time does
22 not come up with money ** They have their own investigator
23 and all that. They don't pay them both. They pay big
24 expenses, so they may have something to believe him. Time
25 is a pretty good magazine. If they believe it, they'll do
26 it. That's where I would go, Time Magazine. The Bureau

1 Chief here on the story, if he'll tell you, but this is
2 what Fernando--and he called me from this guy's office,
3 the Bureau Chief's office, and he says, "Do you know this
4 guy?" And I said, "Yeah." The Bureau Chief's name I knew.

5 Q Where is Time's office at?

6 A On Wilshire Boulevard, Beverly Hills. Then all
7 kinds of people, you know, ever since I went to you and
8 told all my story down there, I mentioned to one or two
9 other people that, you know, I had been to the Police
10 Department, and this ** You know Bill Turner? He came in
11 here yesterday and--

12 Q Who's Bill Turner?

13 A --out of a blue sky--Bill Turner ran for Congress
14 in San Francisco, former FBI agent, former something. I
15 don't know. He went from the FBI to another post in the
16 United States Government, like out of the country for three
17 years, then came back. Then he resigned his government
18 post, and he went up--he's an attorney now, but he's not
19 really an attorney, he's a writer for Ramparts Magazine.
20 It's a way out **

21 Q Oh yeah, I know the name now.

22 A Out of a clear blue sky he called me up yesterday,
23 and he started asking me about the same people you asked
24 me about the other day. This cop--I mean not cop--this
25 lawyer, Davis, George Davis, apparently there's a preacher
26 here that picked up--supposedly picked up Sirhan Sirhan

1 and wanted to sell him a horse or Sirhan wanted to sell a
2 horse to him, and he was to meet him at the Ambassador Hotel,
3 and they'd pay him \$400 at eleven o'clock at night; did you
4 hear that story?

5 SGT. COLLINS: Yes.

6 A And the preacher has disappeared, and they're
7 holding him incommunicado up in Northern California. George
8 Davis won't let anybody talk to him. I can't believe all
9 this stuff, and I believe that their story is just set up
10 to do this so people can start making dough out of them or
11 just--to me it's--I just don't understand it. A man is
12 shot--a senator is shot--it seems like it was clear cut
13 Sirhan did it, but all these background things now are kind
14 of eerie that Sirhan was in a plot. It was all a big deal.
15 He was paid off. There were more people in the plot, I
16 don't know. I don't think we'll ever know because that
17 guy's not going to open his mouth to anything. He's going
18 to say, okay, I shot him, give me the--I'm nuts. And that's
19 what they'll come in and tell them he's mentally sick, put
20 him in a mental home, and that's it. Nobody will ever
21 find out.

22 SGT. COLLINS: They pled straight not guilty, so
23 they're not going to do that.

24 A Oh, they did? I thought he was going to come
25 with the insanity thing. He pled straight not guilty? I
26 don't know why they would plead not guilty. There must be

1 other people besides me that saw him shoot. In other words,
2 they're people that are going to say, "I saw him shoot him."
3 And everybody on television saw him being arrested, I mean.
4 Warranted we can't get a fair trial.

5 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: Oh, I'm sure they know what
6 they're doing. By the way, you said Garrison was coming
7 out here, did he ever get--

8 A He was.

9 Q He was out here?

10 A Yeah, he come here. I talked to him on the phone
11 then, but another guy came out here with him and I said to
12 him, I said to the Police Department, and I told him I told
13 some officers everything I knew about what you told me and
14 about your investigators here told me. He said, "Well, why
15 did you do that?" And I says--well, I feel that--God damn
16 it, I don't know who to believe at this point. I've got
17 so much information on this, and I'm really tired of
18 talking about it, you know, because I don't really care any
19 more. If there was an assassination plot to kill John
20 Kennedy and you knew it, why in the hell hasn't anybody come
21 out with it? Why don't you go to the Federal Government.
22 If you say the Federal Government is the guy that did it
23 in some way, then you should have gone to the Time Magazine
24 and somebody would have printed it, but I don't think it's
25 true unless I see all your evidence, you know, unless you
26 show me a gun ** unless you show me a person--the persons

1 you said who had the shooter, and he says, "Well, I couldn't
2 do that because we're still going into court." You know
3 there was a Federal ruling on it. It was upheld in this
4 court and trial, and State trial, the first time it happened.
5 A Federal judge handed down a writ that they couldn't go to
6 trial, but they broke that and now they're going to trial
7 on this guy, Clay Shaw; so anyway I says, "Why don't you
8 come over to my office, and I'll set up a meeting with
9 people I know that are policemen and maybe they could tell
10 you something and you could tell them something." He says,
11 "I don't talk to policemen." He says, "I don't even trust
12 them in New Orleans, policemen." I said, "Okay." He's a
13 very mistrustful guy. He doesn't trust anybody. He doesn't
14 even trust his chief investigator. That's a very strange
15 kind of a deal down there, you know, he's got free run to
16 do whatever he wants.

17 Q The little bit I spoke to you before, though,
18 you thought he was a real sharp guy, though.

19 A No, I do think he's sharp, but he won't tell me
20 anything. I mean he's told me up to the point which he told
21 other people, you know, but he won't--well, in a way he's
22 right, if he has the evidence, you think he's going to
23 tell me, or you, or you? Because he can't. He's got to
24 wait until he goes to trial, then he'll bring it out. If
25 there is a trial.

26 Q Did he indicate to you that he thought there was

1 any conspiracy here in Los Angeles. That was he was here
2 for--I know that because Mark Lane, the writer, who makes
3 some nice stories, or writes stories, was here with him.
4 And apparently there are a lot of things that Mark Lane
5 knows that he--he's sort of--he's an investigator for
6 Garrison, too, although he says he isn't; but if you ever
7 ask, he brings out that little thing, New Orleans Parish
8 investigators--all these investigators love to carry these
9 things. He was here, too. Apparently they have been
10 working on something, whether it's the blue sky or just
11 doing the same thing you are, I don't know, but he was here.
12 Then Garrison came, then they both came back.

13 Q BY SGT. MacARTHUR: That was after you were in
14 to see us?

15 A Oh, yeah. Now one of the investigators asked
16 me to come down to New Orleans. Garrison would pay my way
17 down. Since then, to tell him what I saw of the Kennedy
18 thing, and apparently they've got now a substantial amount
19 of pictures, too. I don't know where, I guess they get
20 them from the news services, too.

21 SGT. COLLINS: Lots of them have been published.

22 A But it seems like he was conducting his own
23 little investigation down there about Robert Kennedy's
24 assassination and trying to link it to John Kennedy's
25 assassination. He definitely feels, by the way, the same
26 group killed John Kennedy that killed Robert Kennedy and

1 Martin Luther King. Ultra Right Wing Conservatives, conserva-
2 tives putting up large amounts of money and acting through
3 different people and some way or another convincing Sirhan
4 Sirhan to shoot him, or paying him off to shoot him. But
5 he mentioned one other thing which he also mentions, one
6 other thing which he also mentions, a special bullet that
7 Sirhan Sirhan used, It wasn't a common every day .22
8 caliber pistol that you could walk in the store and get.
9 It was a certain type of bullet that wouldn't cause deep
10 damage. How did Sirhan Sirhan know about that? Why would
11 Sirhan Sirhan shooting the gun at a target range a couple
12 weeks before--I read that in the paper, too, that he had
13 been out practicing shooting.

14 Q BY SGT. MacARTHUR: Did Garrison say that it was
15 a special bullet?

16 A I don't know how he--I know he hasn't got your
17 files, and he says it was some form of a special bullet
18 that certain people know about and others don't. The average
19 guy going in off the street with a .22 caliber pistol would
20 buy .22 caliber ammunition to fit the gun, but these bullets
21 were not regular bullets that you go off the street--you have
22 to go around to a sporting goods store or a special type
23 store to get these bullets. So I don't know if this is
24 true or not, but I assume he must know something because
25 he said--and people can direct you to what sporting good
26 stores to go to buy these bullets, and he also tied in that

1 Martin Luther King was killed with a special type bullet
2 out of that rifle, and he says now why are they all shot with
3 special type bullets? The same thing with John Kennedy,
4 he says, who knows? I don't really want to get that
5 involved with him. I got to get this thing off the ground.
6 We got 250 hotels. If there was truth in it, if there was
7 a plot to kill John Kennedy, and if there was a plot to
8 kill King and Robert Kennedy, there are people that I know
9 that would love to know about it, and they would do some-
10 thing on a national level. But people--and I'm talking now
11 about Ted Kennedy--they don't even want to talk about it.
12 I was back in Boston, June 29th, and I was with Ted Kennedy.
13 He doesn't want to talk about it. He doesn't--it's tight.
14 When Robert Kennedy didn't want to talk about John Kennedy,
15 his brother being killed, Ted Kennedy didn't want to--it's
16 the farthestest thing from his mind; and if there was a plot,
17 don't you think that these guys would want to know? They
18 would be the first ones to say, God damn it if somebody
19 shot my brother, I'd want to know, especially if he was
20 going to become president or running for president, and
21 especially if any other brother was the president. So I
22 think they either erased it from their mind or these are
23 nuts, Lee Harvey Oswald, so is Sirhan Sirhan. But how many
24 times does that really happen in our life time that a presi-
25 dent and a senator in the same family being shot? It
26 isn't that coincidental.

1 SGT. COLLINS: Once in history.

2 A Yeah, it never happened before. But one thing
3 he did say, Garrison said was, I think the Los Angeles
4 police are really close mouthed. There's nothing leaking
5 out. He says usually in any police department that I can
6 get--I can get information out of them, but this one I
7 can't get--which was an interesting thing. Everybody I
8 hear said that. All those reporters that I know, they'll
9 ask me if I know anything, and I'll say, "I'm not working
10 in that." If I was working around it, I'm sure it would
11 be different. We can't get a stitch of information. The
12 only guy that I knew was Fernando who said he had friends
13 in the Los Angeles Police Department, and I don't know
14 where he gets his stories, but the polka dot dress girl
15 might be interesting.

16 SGT. MacARTHUR: The beautiful thing about this
17 is that the judge said no comment, so no comment.

18 A Yeah, I'm just saying--

19 (Conversation not relating to subject) (Tape turned
20 off and restarted with related questioning)

21 A What's the most concrete piece of evidence?

22 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: It's all hearsay, really;
23 isn't it?

24 A Yeah, yeah, how do you know I'm not a policeman,
25 I can't go and subpoena or break in their house--not break
26 in--but sneak in their house and check on them? The next

1 thing--another thing, Sirhan's brother who was shot at in
2 the car by a Volkswagen Bus, Micro-Bus, I forget, green or
3 blue Micro-Bus, but a colored bus--that same bus was seen
4 at many different places. The reason that this guy Fernando
5 and some other people say that Sirhan's brother--Sirhan
6 might have told his brother, and nobody else, really what
7 had happened; so, therefore, whoever wanted him taken care
8 of would have taken care of his brother because they were
9 afraid that he might tell the story that Sirhan had told
10 him--what story, who knows.

11 Q That doesn't make sense, though does it, because--

12 A Well, why if you'd knock off a brother, then
13 you'd have Sirhan to contend with.

14 Q Sure because then Sirhan certainly would talk.

15 A Sure, but not only that, why would they knock
16 off the brother? I think maybe the brother even set up
17 that story. You never know. But somebody did shoot. I
18 saw the pictures in the L.A. Times that somebody shot at
19 him. Now, you ask me what is the most concrete piece--I
20 don't think anybody's really got anything. I mean of all
21 Sam Spade's walking around and all these James Bondish
22 type, I really don't think--I think they're all blowing in
23 the wind with some idea that there was some great master
24 conspiracy hatched by the CIA. This is what they want to
25 believe. The Free Press will put it in every day. The
26 CIA, led by Ultra Right Wing Conservatives, put up the

1 money that Sirhan was a dupe. Now I disbelieve that myself.
2 I think that my own opinion is that Sirhan Sirhan in some
3 way might have told somebody else. He may have been
4 involved with somebody else, but I don't think it was con-
5 cocted; it was not a conspiracy behind them. I think that
6 if two people get together and say I'm going to kill you,
7 that's--they conspired to kill you; that could be the con-
8 spiracy. And the other guy, whoever he may be, is scared
9 out of his mind to do anything that you might know about,
10 I don't know. The second thing is, and this is another
11 thing I've heard, is that Sirhan Sirhan and some people had
12 conspired and they had been paid as a group to do it. I
13 don't know. You know I'm not the FBI or the Los Angeles
14 Police Department. I don't think the FBI even knows. That
15 FBI agent that came to my house, Wolfe--

16 Q Oh, you remember his name now.

17 A Yeah, Richard T. Wolfe. I remembered it last
18 time; I gave it to you.

19 Q Well, I saw an interview; I couldn't recall.

20 SGT. MACARTHUR: Right. I think at the time
21 right then you didn't remember, and you said you had the
22 card, and you were going to let us know.

23 A I'll tell you why this is an interesting story
24 on Wolfe. Everything comes back to you. I have a partner
25 who was a former attorney general of the State of Utah in
26 this company, and they're Mormons. There's a lot of

1 Mormons in Utah, and so when Wolfe was in my house I said
2 I just come back from Salt Lake City. He said, "Gee, I
3 went to the University of Utah. I'm from Salt Lake," and
4 I said, "Are you a Mormon?" He said, "Yeah." I said,
5 "You don't happen to know Gordon Hines?" He said, "My
6 gosh, we graduated from law school." Well, that's my
7 partner. Gordon Hines was here and called Wolfe because
8 I told him it's an old friend of his. And Wolfe either
9 was transferred to another city or was out on an assignment.
10 She just said he was out of town. And that's how I remember
11 it because we kept calling for Richard Wolfe. They don't
12 put FBI on their cards. They just give you a phone number
13 with a street address. It doesn't say the Federal Bureau
14 of Investigation, and I thought the FBI gives you a card
15 and says the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Like you
16 give me a card and it's Los Angeles Police Department. That's
17 what I am looking for. I want to show you this. This is
18 like a business card of a bookkeeper.

19 Q BY SGT. COLLINS: I always thought they gave a
20 card with the FBI on it.

21 SGT. MCARTHUR: No, they're very, very **
22 themselves come up, they always identify themselves. The
23 thing of it is, I said, "Can I have a card?" and he was very--
24 "but I don't want to give you a card." But then he says,
25 "Yeah, here's my card," and it just said Richard Wolfe,
26 something street, Los Angeles, and the phone number like

1 don't call me, I really don't want to be bothered, but to
2 get back to the answer, I don't think anybody except the
3 Police Department or the FBI, whoever is implicated, knows
4 more than you do. I think it's a lot of hearsay. I think
5 it's stabbing in the dark trying to make a great story.
6 Everybody wants to make money. That's the whole thing.
7 I can see everybody--like that Charack, all he could think
8 about, "Do you think you can get \$5,000? Do you want to
9 buy it for five, and then you can promote"--I don't do
10 that. I'm in this business. I'm in closed circuit tele-
11 vision business, and I do news films. To me it's stupid to
12 make money off of this whole deal, and yet plenty of people
13 have sold these pictures you've seen for a fortune because
14 it's a once-in-a-lifetime shot. But I think it's all just
15 a bunch of hearsay, and they're all trying to convince
16 everybody else because it seems like it's a big circle,
17 one guy hears and it goes around, and did you hear what he
18 said, and yeah--you got these guys, these nuts on Channel
19 9. I used to produce that show, the Bohrman show. Well,
20 he believes that Sirhan was a plot. He'll come right out
21 on the air--well, figure all these housewives that are
22 frustrated in the daytime--this was our audience because
23 I used to sell the times for all these ** things. You got
24 every house in America--in Los Angeles watching him. They
25 love the show. He says, "Now, ladies, you tell your
26 husband when he gets home that it was a conspiracy to kill

1 Robert Kennedy. We know because there's certainly"--well,
2 figure it out, all those people. Then they start getting
3 that there was a conspiracy, but I think you got more
4 information than the FBI or anybody. If there was, you're
5 going to put it out.

6 SGT. COLLINS: Well, I'd hate to think ** such
7 as the one you're talking about, and--

8 A And never brought it forth.

9 SGT. COLLINS: And hid it from us and never
10 brought it forth.

11 (Overlapping voices)

12 SGT. COLLINS: And crack something wide open.

13 **

14 A That's why I called to your other two police
15 officers when this Charack called me for the film. And I
16 said I'd even set it up where they could go with me to look
17 at the film ** I can't think of his name. Sam said, "Well,
18 you go look at it, and if you think it's good enough, try
19 and get a copy." And I said, "All right, I will," but I
20 didn't think it was any good. I thought it was just shots
21 of film ** this Pakistanian guy that was up on the thing.
22 He didn't have anything except he tried to make it look
23 like this is the Charack film, that one head is Sirhan. He
24 said, "That's Sirhan. See him peeking over the crowd?"
25 Well, there are enough people in this community and the
26 country that would believe him and pay a thousand dollars

1
LA 56-156
RJL/mcr

On August 1, 1968, Sergeant MIKE NIELSEN, Los Angeles Police Department, made available to SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR., a copy of a 66 page interview conducted by the Los Angeles Police Department with RICHARD G. LUBIC.

The interview was conducted on July 17, 1968, and is as follows:

56-156- PD

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
SEP 19 1968	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	
A.O. Richards / CBR	

2
LA 56-156
RJL/mcr

F. B. I.

IV

TAPE RECORDED INTERVIEW WITH RICHARD G. LUBIC
July 17, 1968
Tape 29314

54-101-205-111

1 TAPE RECORDED INTERVIEW WITH RICHARD G. LUBIC
2 2010 HILLCREST ROAD, HOLLYWOOD, CALIFORNIA
3 TAPED IN ROOM 318, PARKER CENTER
4 WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1968, 3:30 P.M.
5 QUESTIONED BY: SGT. L. L. SANDLIN #3255
6 SGT. THOMAS STRONG, JR. #5972
7 TRANSCRIBED BY: STELLA C. ROTH, INTERNAL AFFAIRS DIVISION
8
9 (*) UNINTELLIGIBLE
10
11

12 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: I know you have given your
13 name, your weight, your age, and all this jazz. Now, will
14 you give it to me again because I don't know you.

15 A Yeah, my name is Richard Lubic, L-u-b-i-c.
16 Middle initial G.

17 Q What does the G stand for?

18 A It's just a middle initial.

19 Q Okay, and how do you spell the last name?

20 A L-u-b-i-c. I live at 2010, 2010 Hillcrest Road,
21 Hollywood 90028.

22 Q Telephone there?

23 A Yeah, 464--

24 Q This a residence?

25 A Yes.

26 Q 464--

A --5927. 464-8044.

Q Your date of birth is?

A June 8th, 1937.

Q And you weigh how much?

A 210.

1 Q How tall are you?

2 A Six.

3 Q Black and brown. Do you have a driver's license?

4 May I see that?

5 A (*) forgot and give me a ticket (*).

6 Q This is your temporary?

7 A Yeah.

8 Q (*)

9 A My insurance went up because I got an extra
10 ticket (*).

11 Q Thank you, sir. Now--

12 A --let me say this. There are certain things
13 that I won't tell you because I--I've got this confidence;
14 he calls me when he gets to town. Garrison. I'll tell you
15 as much as I know except certain things.

16 Q All right. Now you have--prior to this particular
17 time which was what, 3:30, you have been talking to two of
18 our men up in Room 803, and this is in regards to the shooting
19 of Kennedy at the Ambassador Hotel on June--or the morning
20 of June the 5th, were you there at that time?

21 A Yes.

22 Q And they have been talking to you about the layout
23 of the hotel?

24 A I was right next to him.

25 Q You were right next to him?

26 A Two steps behind him.

1 Q Two steps behind him.

2 Q Two steps behind him. Well, you have already
3 explained your situation to them, and we understand that
4 you are acquainted with Jim Garrison, the district attorney
5 of New Orleans, Parish or County, whatever they call it,
6 down there and that--can you tell us how long you have known
7 him?

8 A For about--well, since December of last year.

9 Q December?

10 A Actually about January 1st when I first actually
11 had contact with him.

12 Q BY SGT. STRONG: Of this year? January of '68?

13 A '67.

14 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: Now, at that time were you
15 employed by--

16 A --by RKO General.

17 Q By RKO General?

18 A Yeah.

19 Q When you first met Garrison?

20 A Well, let me--why don't I tell you the circum-
21 stances?

22 Q Certainly. Go ahead.

23 A I introduced a show in Los Angeles on Channel 9
24 called Tempo. It's a talk-type show which people call in.
25 Well, it would be controver--it's a controversy show. One
26 of the big controversial things is the John Kennedy assassi-

1 nation, so that we have people like Mark Lane who wrote a
2 book and other people. It always mystified me about the
3 Kennedy thing, so one time I called Garrison in New Orleans.
4 I couldn't get to him, but I talked to his chief investigator
5 and said that we have a show out in California, if he ever
6 came out, we would appreciate him coming on which he never
7 did. Uh, to be truthful with you, there is certain newsmen
8 in this town, and I'm not going to give you any names because
9 I don't think they really--

10 Q Well, it doesn't make any difference.

11 A --that work as semi-investigators for Garrison.
12 They don't get paid; they believe that there was a plot, a
13 conspiracy. That's how they found Edgar Eugene Bradley out
14 here in North Hollywood. Certain newsmen knew who he was
15 and looked at him and took pictures of him and everything,
16 and Warren Hall and the other people--I think there was
17 another person. These people I became familiar with and
18 told them because of my show, I would appreciate any help
19 they could give me--getting anybody from Garrison's staff on
20 because it makes for news. Uh, I used to be with Time
21 Magazine, and I knew Pierre Salinger quite well. I had Pierre
22 on the show. He came on and at that time I asked if John--
23 Robert Kennedy would run for president. He said, "Yes, he
24 thought," but he had just left Continental Airlines, so I
25 knew something was afoot. In--I guess in February or March
26 when Kennedy announced that he would run, I called Pierre

1 and said I can--this is against the FCC rules, you understand,
2 because I can't endorse a candidate in producing a television
3 show, but I said I would help him in all ways I could when
4 he came to Los Angeles; I would give him the time on the show
5 and help produce any ads or whatever work I could do for
6 the Kennedy campaign because I wanted Robert Kennedy to be
7 the candidate. So I became very acquainted with all the
8 people at Kennedy headquarters here, and Frank Mankiewicz
9 and Fred Dutton; and I went on the trips with them. Whenever
10 they came to California, I got on the plane and would go
11 with Kennedy.

12 Apparently somebody from Garrison's staff knew that I
13 was very close to Pierre Salinger, so one day they had an
14 investigator here from Garrison's staff who lives in Los
15 Angeles. They've had him in and out. This guy contacted me
16 and asked me--now, this was prior to the Indiana campaign, so
17 I don't know (*) and asked me if I knew Kennedy, and I said,
18 "Yes, I had met him, talked to him, been to a party with
19 him, and I was supporting him." They asked me if I would go
20 to him and then Garrison--I said--first of all this investi-
21 gator contacted me and asked me if I would go to Garrison.
22 I mean go to Kennedy and ask Kennedy if he would give
23 Garrison at any place in the country at that point they would
24 exchange or he would give Robert Kennedy all the information
25 about his brother. Well, I don't--I didn't trust the guy,
26 that was the investigator. I trusted him, but, you know,

1 they can tell a different story, so I said, "I have to talk
2 to Jim Garrison personally." Now, I had talked to him
3 previous to the thing, so Jim Garrison was in Palm Springs,
4 so he called me from Palm Springs.

5 Q BY SGT. STRONG: When was this, if you remember?

6 A Before the Indiana campaign, so you'd have to
7 date--you'd have to look up the Indiana campaign. He called
8 me from Palm Springs at my home. He said--I knew who he was
9 because I recognized him. I also taped the phone call which
10 I erased. He asked me if I would go to Kennedy and tell him
11 exactly what I told him; that he would give him all the
12 evidence of the conspiracy and who actually killed his
13 brother, the actual proof. Well, that mystified me because
14 as sort of a newsman and I--not an idea of making money. I
15 don't care about making money off of it. I wanted to know
16 in my own mind if there was a conspiracy, and he had any
17 evidence on it. I would much rather look at it myself before
18 I go to Kennedy, you know, and become stupid and say to him,
19 "Look, Senator, I know who killed your brother," or put it
20 to him. So he in turn sent one of his chief investigators
21 in here. I didn't want to be alone with the investigator
22 in the idea that maybe nobody would believe it, the story.
23 So I went to a well-known attorney here in Los Angeles who
24 is a good friend of Pierre Salinger's, a good friend of
25 Bobby Kennedy. We sat in his office, and he showed us I'd
26 say 70 percent of the evidence that Garrison has, and told

1 us a lot more that Garrison would show, except for 10 percent
2 Garrison has hidden; that he is very frightened that he will
3 never get to trial, and the comments were made that this
4 evidence, if you saw this police officer, it couldn't be set
5 up. None of this stuff was set up.

6 Q What was the attorney's name that you--

7 A --his name was Ronald Buck. He's in the nine (*).

8 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: B-u-c-k?

9 A Yeah, now he is the president of the company
10 called The Factory. It's a nightclub, and Pierre Salinger's
11 partner. You know, real good friends, and Ron can substanti-
12 ate this story. I don't know if he wants to get involved in
13 it now after Kennedy getting killed, but he believed the
14 story. Uh, basically, the story is that a group of people,
15 power groups, wanted to get rid of John Kennedy because he
16 stood for certain principles that they didn't stand for when
17 they hated the Catholics. Now, you got to take this in the
18 idea that I take it, middle of the road, and you either
19 believe or disbelieve it, or it's a great story. A group of
20 people, when John Kennedy was elected president, saw that
21 he was for more of a peace candidate than a war candidate;
22 and if you put together a war machine or an industrial war
23 complex machine, a lot of people want war in this country
24 because it makes a lot of money. Therefore, they hated him
25 for many reasons. One, he had made great inroads with
26 DeGaulle, which was known. I mean he had--Mrs. Kennedy went

1 over there, and DeGaulle, you know, really thought she was
2 the greatest thing. He had made great inroads with
3 Khrushchev; they had meetings. Third thing, and a very
4 important thing was the oil depletion allowance. John
5 Kennedy wanted to get rid of that, and so did Bobby Kennedy.
6 One week before his assassination, he came out and said he
7 would do something about the oil depletion allowance. Some
8 of the people there involved in Ken--Garrison's mind are
9 well-known oil people. If that depletion ever went, you know,
10 ever took the taxes from some of these oil people, they would
11 be paying millions or billions, and they didn't want that.
12 And the story gets really involved with high people in
13 government.

14 Q Are their names mentioned? Are these high people
15 named in the evidence you saw?

16 A Well, I know who the conspirators were, who he
17 calls the committee. I mean this is the group he--I don't
18 think he has the proof to point the finger and say you did
19 it, but he's got them like Edgar Eugene Bradley. He was
20 like a bookkeeper. Uh, they had three levels, the committee,
21 the bookkeepers and the actual shooters. I'll relate the
22 whole story to you as I heard it up to a point, and I'll tell
23 you what I can't tell you because the guy, has really told
24 me a lot, and I don't know if he's truthful or not; but then
25 it's a great story. If it is true, I felt that Robert
26 Kennedy should know about it, and that's why I went to him,

1 but I'll tell you what happened. In 1960 the National States
2 Rights Party was formed somewhere in south Memphis, I think.
3 It's an ultra-hate group. It hates the Jewish people, the
4 Catholics; it hates everybody only pure white Americans.

5 Q BY SGT. STRONG: I hate to interrupt you, but
6 could we interject in here? What is your faith?

7 A Jewish.

8 Q Jewish.

9 A But, but you got to understand it doesn't mean
10 anything to me about this.

11 Q Okay.

12 A The reason I'm saying it is if it--if you wanted
13 to appeal to me that way, if he said that they hated the
14 Jews, it wouldn't bother me because I have been in this
15 business so damn long that really it's like a police officer,
16 you don't care what the--but this is true; it's known. Where
17 did the National States Rights Party get their money. You
18 see, who gives them all their money? Well, there are groups
19 of people around this country that finance this great hatred.
20 Let's face it. These little guys that run around with shot-
21 guns and shoot everybody, they got to be paid. There was
22 a document which I saw that Garrison had in 1960 that said
23 we must eliminate three people, and they were all initialed,
24 J.F.K., M.L.K., and R.F.K. just on a piece of paper which
25 was taken by a certain police department in the South that
26 raided the headquarters and took all this hate stuff, and

1 these documents where Garrison had copies of this. This was
2 about 1960. At the same time let's assume that somebody in
3 this committee which I told you about is the hierarchy of
4 this conspiracy wanted to get rid of Kennedy.

5 Q Are you talking about President Kennedy?

6 A Yeah, I'm talking about John Kennedy, and I'll
7 lead you up to Senator Kennedy.

8 Q Very good.

9 A They agreed to put up ten million some odd
10 thousand dollars which is a lot of money, this committee
11 would ferret it out through a secondary committee that
12 didn't know where they were getting the money, and that
13 secondary committee would find out who could do it. There
14 were certain ones called splinter groups (*) during the
15 Cuban thing. The Cubans hated Kennedy. A lot of Cubans
16 hated him because he had never agreed that the Bay of Pigs
17 was a fiasco, and he really didn't know too much about, the
18 C.I.A screwed him up there. So he was very anti-CIA. In
19 fact, he would have done away with it. He was very anti-
20 J. Edgar Hoover. In fact, Bobby was anti-J. Edgar Hoover,
21 you know. Along comes this group that then very few people
22 in this country would know how to shoot a president unless
23 they're nuts, that can do it. So this group decided through
24 contacts they had in the Federal Government--there is a
25 group called the Far Eastern Group in the C.I.A., and I know
26 this to be true because a friend of mine is in the C.I.A.,

1 and he has told me that there--this does exist although he
2 doesn't do that work. They are, you know, like killers.
3 They know how to do it. They are paid to do jobs on people.
4 So through this group, through a great mass of different
5 people, somewhere around a hundred people were involved in
6 the assassination. They decided that they would assassinate
7 John Kennedy. Not decided, they planned it. The first
8 choice to shoot him was in Miami, but they couldn't do it.
9 The second choice was in Chicago. Now, I'm telling you a
10 story that is related to Jim Garrison by one of the shooters.
11 One of the actual guys that did the shooting on John Kennedy
12 which really is a weird thing because if he's got him, I
13 said, "Well, bring him out." I said, "Let's take his
14 pictures; let's go to Life Magazine; let's get it well-known
15 because if you've got the goddam evidence, Garrison," Jim
16 Garrison, "don't let it sit." He says, "I got to go to
17 court with it. That's the only way it's going to be believed
18 is in court." And the press has made him out as a nut any-
19 way.

20 So anyways a group was hired, anti-Castro Cubans, of
21 which there were four people. They had attempted this in
22 Chicago but aborted it at the last minute. Now comes Lee
23 Harvey Oswald. Lee Harvey Oswald was the (*) guy that was
24 cleared all the way to the top for all kinds of clearances
25 in cryptics, high-speed code. Garrison says he didn't go
26 to Russia to--to go over there to quit the United States.

1 He was sent over there and it makes a lot of sense. That's
2 why Edgar Eugene Bradley is so important. The theory is that
3 Lee Harvey Oswald can handle--can operate small hand-held
4 radios that are high-speed transmitters that really go up.
5 If you remember the U-2's were flying over Russia when Lee
6 Harvey Oswald was there. The only way these U-2's could
7 home-in to Russia was by hand-held radios on the ground
8 because there was no communication system in Russia, so they
9 had people planted there. This is what Lee Harvey Oswald
10 was supposedly doing. He was paid by the C.I.A. to do this
11 when the U-2's were over--they started flying over with these
12 spy-in-the-Sky Satellites. They had no more use for Lee
13 Harvey Oswald. Immediately they pulled him back. The govern-
14 ment even paid his way back here. He was used in--he went
15 to New Orleans and used in all these areas. He was used
16 there by certain people in government.

17 One of the things he got involved was a Fair Play For
18 Cuba, and supposedly he became an FBI informant informing
19 on people in this Fair Play thing. He was paid by the FBI
20 and there is substantiation documents that Garrison's got
21 that he stole actually from the FBI. I don't know how he
22 did it, and shows payoffs and shows everything. Whether
23 that's true or not, I don't know because I have never seen
24 an FBI agent pay anybody. But I know it could be done. Lee
25 Harvey Oswald was then told that a group would attempt to
26 assassinate John Kennedy in Dallas. They wouldn't kill him,

1 though, but they wanted him to go into a building and plant
2 two rifles, and which he did, and this was all put (*)
3 Garrison does not really know if he took a shot at him or not.
4 He can't prove that Oswald took a shot, but he can prove
5 that Oswald couldn't kill, because there is another building
6 behind where the shot actually came from. At this point
7 he's got a manuscript or a story written by a former C.I.A.,
8 or a Russian, or somebody that knew the whole thing, the
9 whole plot; and then when you hear this and you see the
10 actual pictures that Garrison's got, it sort of scares you.

11 I'm taking you up to Dallas now, and they plant Lee
12 Harvey Oswald in there, and Tibbetts was involved in some
13 way. Jack Ruby was an informant, a paid informant for the
14 Dallas Police Department. He was paid. The Dallas police--
15 certain members of the Dallas police, because of their
16 positions, could grant immunity to different people through-
17 out the city immediately when the shooting happened. The
18 Dallas Sheriff's Office, certain people, you know, the Chief
19 says, "Don't go after this guy," where your superior says,
20 "Don't go after the guy; go after him," you're going to do
21 it. I mean this--this happens a lot and that police depart-
22 ment is a funny kind of police department. Payoffs in Dallas
23 are well-known, so they picked Dallas because the people
24 that were involved in this committee and in the secondary
25 people or the secondary level could control certain people
26 in the community there. On the day before--two days before

1 the assassination, Special Agent in Charge of the FBI and I
2 saw the telegram and I know it's not a regular Western Union;
3 it was a Fax thing they sent over, you know, their bureau,
4 from the Special Agent in Charge to the Director saying he
5 had definite evidence and proof that an assassination plot
6 would be--would be launched against John Kennedy at Dealey
7 Plaza at 12 o'clock noon, and it even had the guy's name on
8 there, and I checked to see if he really was an FBI agent
9 and he was. He then had a second follow-up telegram asking
10 why he hadn't received an answer back and what to do.
11 Garrison said the informant that told him that there was
12 going to be a plot was Lee Harvey Oswald. The FBI agen--

13 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: What was this again now?

14 A The informant for the FBI that told them there
15 was a plot to attempt to assassinate Kennedy was Lee Harvey
16 Oswald. I mean, it's a weird story, but boy it--you got to
17 look at--if you saw all the stuff I saw in the pictures and
18 everything, then you'd say, "Gee, I don't know, he could have
19 made a lot of this stuff up." But it seems impossible. See,
20 he had a secondary telegram to the director saying, "Please
21 advise what you want to do." Now, the FBI, the director,
22 not being in charge of protecting the president and not
23 warning the president, and this is where I find a lot of
24 things, even if the guy knew he was going to be shot, he'd
25 do something. I--any man would unless there was force put
26 on him, (*) He then turned it over to the Secret Service

1 because their job was to protect the president. The telegram
2 never got to the Secret Service. Somewhere between the FBI
3 Director's Office and Secret Service the telegram disappeared,
4 but Garrison has a copy of the telegram. That's one thing
5 that happened. Uh, what happened was they picked Dealey
6 Plaza because the Secret Service had gone through the route
7 of the procession before, and at Dealey Plaza they would
8 make a complete left turn and go on an overpass where he was
9 going to make a speech. The Secret Service usually never
10 stops those cars at all. They are always at a certain speed,
11 around 30 miles an hour. They never slow the damn things
12 down. This they'd have to come to a dead stop almost. In
13 fact, they did come to a dead stop at the bottom of this
14 Plaza area. The speed in which he was shot, it was 11 point
15 something miles per hour.

16 There were four shooters. Now these shooters were
17 stationed at different spots around that. One was in that
18 grassy knoll. No one was in front of him, and I think two
19 were behind him, one of the buildings, just behind the Book
20 Depository Building and the County Records Building which
21 gave them a higher shot angle which the FBI couldn't even
22 prove how they, you know, they couldn't show that Oswald
23 could shoot him from that building. The best sharpshooters
24 in the country couldn't have done it. But behind him gives
25 them the angle, but they never checked that. These four men
26 were paid so much money, and they hated Kennedy anyways

1 because they were anti-Castro Cubans. They were from the
2 Splinter Group trained by the C.I.A. to invade Cuba, and
3 certain people of the C.I.A. were cognizant of what was going
4 to happen. Now, Oswald was a plant; he was a stooge; he was
5 going to go and plant these rifles and maybe take a shot at
6 him but miss because they--he was told that this would trigger
7 Kennedy to do something about Cuba, you see, and he was
8 involved in this plot and maybe it would help the government.
9 He didn't know, but in his travels he decided to tell the
10 FBI what he was doing because they were paying him, which
11 he did; and he told this particular agent about this plot a
12 couple days before. He told them who the people were.

13 So we get now to the day that it happens. The four
14 shooters positioned themselves at certain spots so they would
15 be 60 yards away each way, each direction. They had little
16 two-way radios, small ones with small antennas. One guy
17 yelled, "Fire," at this particular time when they reached
18 the certain spot on that street. They all fired simultaneous-
19 ly which meant that a lot of people said it sounded like a
20 volley of shots. This was in the Warren Commission Report
21 when a lot of people were interviewed. Not just three shots,
22 they shot four times. Each guy shot at the same time. The
23 first shot hit him in the front--excuse me, I think the first
24 shot hit him in the back. Yeah, coming from the--where the
25 Book Depository Building--supposedly County Records--hit him
26 in the back. The next shot simultaneously hit him in the

1 front. Now, I used to work for Time, and I saw the Zepruda
2 films. You saw the Zepruda films as police officers. You'd
3 wonder what the policeman on the motorcycle is doing going
4 like this as the flat of Kennedy's head is coming this way,
5 being shot from behind, it just isn't possible, I think, for
6 that bullet to turn around. So coupled with this information
7 that he was shot from the front, they used nonsighted rifles
8 Mausers because a sight would have corrected--they would have
9 tried to correct on that sight and zeroed in. Unsighted,
10 they couldn't correct, it would be just a straight shot.

11 Q BY SGT. STRONG: Look, what do you mean by that?
12 I don't understand that? I'm sorry to interrupt.

13 A Well, I'm not a gunman, but to put a sight on
14 their telescopic sight, they would have to overcorrect as
15 he was moving. These guys were perfect shots. They were
16 trained in marksmanship, so they used unsighted, just the
17 thing that sticks out because it was better shot for them
18 rather than using telescopic sights. Now, I don't know the
19 theory of that, but I assume that there must be some reason
20 for it. They used to use specially-made bullets. The butts
21 were made so they would dissolve or break up, and I know this
22 is true, it can be done on contact they would bust. One of
23 them missed Kennedy and hit a woman--do you remember a man,
24 hit him on the cheek and imbedded in the ground? The Dallas
25 police were right there to get it out of the ground and even
26 changed the sign post that was hit. They fired four shots.

1 Uh, out of the four, Connally was hit by this supposedly, and
2 Kennedy. Then two of the guys behind shot another two shots,
3 so six--six shots were fired. Garrison has one of the
4 bullets. I mean I saw the picture of it. He said he would
5 produce it, give it to Robert Kennedy and everything, and
6 it could be proved that it was shot from a Mauser, and the
7 guy that did the shooting would tell the whole story. Uh,
8 they were immediately arrested, these four people; and I think
9 seven or eight people were arrested, one with a Mauser in
10 his hand--a rifle in his hand. He said he had been hunting.
11 The car was from Louisiana, out-of-state license, but it
12 had been muddled, but he was working here. They had all gone
13 right through a police--there was a police--there happens to
14 be a police parking lot where someone was shooting from
15 because the police department is right near it. So they took
16 these people in and booked them--or not booked them, but
17 questioned them and let them go. These people--

18 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: --were four Cubans?

19 A Well, they were anti-Castro Cubans. They could
20 have been American, I don't know. I know one guy that
21 Garrison says he's got is a Cuban or a Latin, let's put it
22 this way. (*) use the term Latin. They then escorted
23 these people out to Dallas Airport in a police vehicle, and
24 they all got on an Eastern Airlines plane and took off and
25 went to another place and then went out of the country. They
26 were given like immunity by the police because certain police

1 were supposedly involved, and a certain Sheriff, certain
2 C.I.A. agents. The minute John Kennedy was assassinated, uh,
3 uh, Lyndon Johnson in some way, Garrison says, knew what had
4 happened, because of the power structure of the people that
5 were in this committee that had paid some of them had given
6 millions to Lyndon--Lyndon Johnson to be president. They
7 had him set up for 30 years in Congress and the Senate that
8 he couldn't do a thing about it, and he knew and he was told
9 that this had happened. So immediately he was--formed the
10 Warren Commission, and he was told that (*) Warren will you
11 look into this, you will not look into that, and everybody
12 on that Commission looked into certain things and didn't
13 look into other things, and there was a great--even some
14 members of the Commission said, "Why didn't we look at this?"
15 Anyways the Group got away.

16 There were 90 odd people in the whole thing including
17 the committee down to the shooters. Some of them have died
18 mysteriously, others have died of heart attacks, all this
19 jazz. Uh, I'm just trying to think now. At this point
20 Garrison then opened an investigation, I think a year after-
21 wards into the murder of John Kennedy because he had heard
22 from somebody or had evidence that the plot had started in
23 New Orleans, so he started subpoenaing people. One he had
24 was a ferry. A guy by the name of Pharie who was a homo-
25 sexual who kept lists of people. He was able to question
26 Pharie, and Pharie told him that he wrote a large report

1 about the exact thing, about his position there, about him
2 being on an air--he was a pilot. The four guys, if they
3 couldn't get out on Eastern Airlines, or the way they got
4 out, would meet him at this airport and he would fly them
5 out. He wrote a report about his position in the whole
6 thing. That report was taken by the FBI when they arrested
7 Pharie. They took in Pharie at the assassination. Some
8 reason they knew Pharie was involved, so they arrested him
9 or took him in. He had this notebook, a regular spiral note-
10 book, in which he had scribbled down all these things that
11 had happened to him. That's in the National Archives.
12 Nobody can see it. Except Garrison's got a copy of the exact
13 copy. I think it's the book, and he put in a copy in there.
14 How he got it, I don't know, but you read that and it's, you
15 know, stamped "Warren Commission Evidence," all this jazz.
16 And it actually says that he was supposed to meet four guys
17 and fly them out. How they would be carrying packages with
18 rifles in them. He wasn't supposed to be doing anything,
19 but he would be paid \$16,000 for the flight. Now, if this
20 is true, this--this leads you to there's something wrong.

21 Pharie died a week later supposedly of a heart attack
22 or committed suicide. Garrison says it was done by uh--
23 what's this acid they spray in your face?

24 Q Mace?

25 A No, it's new stuff. He says they get you really
26 good. He showed me how it's done. They walk along with--

1 you have to take it--do it in a room 72 degrees to get it
2 ready, something, pissuric acid or something like that.

3 Q I don't know what you mean. You know what, it
4 is prussic acid.

5 A That's it. They hit you with a spray and walk
6 real quick. They take pills so they don't get any, and when
7 the guy hits the ground, he's dead of a heart attack except
8 he says it's well-known in the C.I.A. guys that, you know,
9 for the guys that do it. He said except for one thing,
10 before when they did it to Pharie, they had a glass that
11 broke. His investigators found the glass and the FBI found
12 the glass, too. Now they don't use glass. The glass
13 supposedly breaks when they hit this thing and falls to the
14 ground. That's the evidence he had on this, so he feels
15 that Pharie was killed. Which leads us up to that he opened
16 the case on the indictment of Clay Shaw and Pharie. Pharie
17 died; Clay Shaw is free on bail. Shaw's defense has asked
18 where Garrison gets all his money. Now, first, he had a
19 hundred people, I think, in New Orleans that gave him money.
20 Now some of them pulled out; they're scared. Which brings
21 on in time now the Martin Luther King killing, he says, is
22 connected with a guy that will never admit that he shot him,
23 and he was paid. He--the bullets used to kill Martin Luther
24 King were specially-made bullets. They weren't regular
25 bullets that you buy in a store. He has definite proof of
26 this, and I believe that the bullets were specially made.

1 After the Robert Kennedy thing, affair, where I was going to
2 tell him that he had this evidence, I went before he gets
3 killed, I told Mankiewicz the story. Frank Mankiewicz, a
4 portion of the story in hopes that he would get me to Kennedy
5 and I would sit in a room with Kennedy and tell him just like
6 I'm telling you. "Look, I'm getting from the horse's mouth,
7 whether you believe it or not, I'm just saying this, I fear
8 for your life because this guy tells me that there are people
9 that want to shoot you." He has a plot whether it's true
10 or not, but I have seen so much stuff, and the more I've
11 seen it, and there are a lot of people that believe it. In
12 fact, the polls show 85 percent in the United States don't
13 believe that Lee Harvey Oswald did it alone, and I think this
14 has been by the press, these stories. So, therefore, I
15 wanted to go to him just as a person because I knew him. He
16 had done certain things for me, Kennedy, really, that if he
17 liked you, he really liked you. I have been with him on the
18 press plane and we'd have to leave, he'd say, "Come on with
19 us to Nebraska or Indiana. Come on, forget your job, I'll
20 pay your salary. Don't worry about it." Or, "Do you have
21 to leave now? You can stay with us." And I liked him, and
22 so I did a lot of work for him on the side.

23 Which brings us to the point where I felt that he should
24 know. One day Frank Mankiewicz came back here after the
25 Indiana campaign. Apparently they wanted to wait and see if
26 they'd win in Indiana before they had any answer. Mankiewicz

1 said the Senator does not wish to know any information, and
2 the answer is no, and he said that right in front of Dick
3 Cline in Kennedy Headquarters. The answer is no. So I took
4 it, and I got back to Garrison through a bachelor that works
5 for Garrison and told him the answer was no, but I felt that
6 he did know already--somebody else had told the story, and
7 I think that he couldn't do a thing about it. If it was as
8 powerful as Garrison said it was, what could he do. He
9 probably feared this--something could happen to him.

10 About six weeks ago I was in Salt Lake City, and Jim
11 Garrison was at the airport. He had handed--I guess he was
12 on some (*) so I went over to him, and I said, "Jim, how are
13 you?" He said, "What are you doing here? And I said, "You
14 knew, just here on business, in with a group in Salt Lake
15 City (*) I said, "Did you know I was right next to Robert
16 Kennedy when he got it?" He says, "Geez, I didn't know that.
17 I haven't talked to anybody that was there. So he said, "Let
18 me ask you a question. Do you think Sirhan Sirhan and all
19 these guys are tied up?" He says, "He's a company man."
20 Now what he means by company man either could be taken that
21 the committee has put out money to get rid of Kennedy or the
22 C.I.A. in some way had a direction on Sirhan. He says, "Watch
23 this come out in the evidence that he's in with some group
24 called a Free Jordanian Group, or something like that, and
25 he used special-type bullets, butts, that he bought that you
26 just don't buy at a regular store or don't ask for that type

1 if you're just a guy that doesn't know anything about guns.
2 Those bullets were--I don't know--this is what he tells me,
3 those bullets were a certain type that would really do a job.
4 Whether this is true or not, I don't know. I have never
5 checked the bullets. But I said, "Certainly they worked;
6 they did the job." He said that he probably was a dupe just
7 like Harvey Oswald except groups got to him and instilled
8 hatred in him, but had he missed, I know to be true and have
9 proof, that there were other people at that Ambassador who
10 would have made sure that he got killed that night. They
11 waited until it was announced on NBC that he had won
12 California's primary because that gave him a lead. That lead
13 couldn't have been stopped to a point at the Democratic
14 National Convention, so therefore a lot of people didn't want
15 him to become president in any way, shape, or form because
16 there may have been fear that he would reopen the Kennedy
17 thing. If that had happened, a lot of people would be in
18 deep trouble, so there was a plot to get rid of him. He said
19 that I even venture to say that James Earl Ray in some way
20 was near Sirhan Sirhan in Los Angeles on a certain night.

21 Now, this is as far as he has told me. He's going to
22 be in Los Angeles next week or the week after. He'll call
23 me when he gets here. I told him what I told the FBI, a
24 portion of my story, and I'll tell him I told you this because
25 it's a matter I feel that I don't want to make like I'm a
26 liar or anything. That story is so alarming, if it was true,

1 that I--I--I think that it should be known if it is true.
2 If it's a lie, take Garrison and then throw him out in the
3 river and let him be a joker for the rest of his life. But
4 the way he tells it, and he's no dummy, he's a district
5 attorney of a parish; he's a former FBI agent; he's a graduate
6 of Harvard Law School. He's no dummy. I mean if he's doing
7 it for headlines, he better get something quick because the
8 people are saying he's phony. But the Federal Government--
9 he knows, and he can show you, evidence that the Federal
10 Government is paying Clay Shaw's defense. Figure it out.
11 Who's putting up the money for Clay Shaw. He's broke. He
12 has no money but yet there's a fantastic defense against him.
13 Now, they have something from the Federal Government that's
14 stopping the whole trial. The Federal Government is (*)
15 in the state trial to stop it and there has been so many (*)
16 things thrown in his path that he said, "I'll betcha Clay
17 Shaw--" this is what he said, "Why I'm going to get to
18 Kennedy--I don't think Clay Shaw will ever get to trial.
19 He'll either die of a heart attack or somebody will get me."
20 And that's what I said, "Aren't you scared that if all this
21 is true that they'll be shooting you?" He said, "Well, right
22 now they wouldn't, but I am a little scared." Let's face it,
23 Robert Kennedy got shot. Martin Luther King got shot. John
24 Kennedy got shot, and I think I've got the whole story. There
25 are a lot of people who believe him. I'm not saying whether
26 I believe him or not. I'm saying that if you saw everything

1 he had, his detectives, and you worked in this every day in
2 your life, you'd either say that's a great story--that some
3 of the pictures he's got--and then the FBI telegrams and
4 documents of people that are living in foreign countries and
5 scared to come back to the United States because they were
6 involved in this. It's a weird story.

7 Q Well, now--

8 A --well, let me just say Edgar Eugene Bradley--

9 Q Oh, yes, let's go into him.

10 A He's here. Edgar Eugene Bradley was supposedly
11 in Dallas the day of the shooting. He says he was in El
12 Paso or somewhere else. They've got proof that he called
13 up a girl in Oklahoma City or Tulsa and asked her to--he
14 asked to bribe her or told her that he would make it right
15 for her if she told Garrison's investigators that he was there
16 that time or had left that night, that would make it impossible
17 for him to be in Dallas. She in turn said she wouldn't lie
18 for him. There are other things they've got that says he's
19 lying and he's--he was in Dallas. In fact, they've got a
20 guy that took a picture of him just by mistake. They found
21 a picture. They can prove that he was in Dallas. I mean this
22 was what he's saying. Garrison is not playing games, to
23 extradite him back and to go to all this problem with the
24 niece of the extradition secretary, he's got to have something
25 to do with it, so therefore Edgar Eugene Bradley is a former--
26 works for a right wing organization that is headed by a

1 preacher back east in New Jersey. As I say, the funds comes
2 from government--it's a red line or somebody broadcasting that
3 he goes around and solicits money or gets people to join this
4 group. He was formerly an OSS agent during the Second World
5 War. This was what Garrison said, or some type of an agent.
6 He was formerly associated with some forms of the FBI. He
7 was made the contact man to hire one--he knew Lee Harvey
8 Oswald. This Splinter Group, he was in--he was in second
9 level. He was given money to buy people. That's why Garrison
10 wants him back badly. One guy here was a phony. I think he
11 even went down to New Orleans and told a story, and I think
12 Garrison wiped him out because he really wanted to--what
13 Garrison says was sometimes they set up people that look
14 alike that you know in a mass thing like this, if it's planned
15 right, they put a guy here so he looks like somebody else.

16 And look at all the pictures up there, there's a lot
17 of people in these damn rooms that you can't even identify,
18 and it's going to take all the rest of our lives to find out
19 maybe one person. But you could believe that people do look
20 alike, and it was planned so well that certain people were
21 put in certain places to look that way, but the real guys
22 were taken out, got out, got away.

23 Q BY SGT. STRONG: That's a good picture of you in
24 there.

25 A Yeah, yeah.

26 Q I spot you when I see you.

1 A Yeah.

2 SGT. SANDELIN: We're now on Bradley. Don't
3 think I wasn't scared there. I was scared out of my wits.

4 Q BY SGT. SANDELIN: Did you--did you see any docu-
5 mentary evidence on Bradley when you were looking at all
6 this stuff?

7 A Bradley is a marked--they want Bradley back be-
8 cause they feel that they can tie him in right to the payouts.
9 In fact, they've got someone that says he gave them money.
10 The documentary--I didn't care much about Bradley, really.
11 All I cared about is if there was four shooters, then one of
12 them had shown up and he said, "I am a shooter," and Garrison's
13 got bullets, and he knows where one of these come from.

14 Q Well, why we ask you that question is because
15 Bradley is a citizen of Los Angeles, and--

16 A --well, I realize that.

17 Q --finish an extradition hearing.

18 A Being enacted on.

19 Q Yeah, and I just wondered what the deal was
20 actually.

21 A Well, I think that Bradley in some way must have
22 been involved because he has gone to great means to say that
23 he wasn't there to protect his name. Why couldn't he go down
24 there? The District Attorney there is not so much different
25 than Evelle Younger. Here's a District Attorney, he's got to
26 present his case. Now, a lot of people say that circumstantial

1 is the best way to conduct a trial. They say that they can,
2 by circumstantially connecting a lot of things, Garrison
3 could win his case down there and indict Clay Shaw and all
4 these people all the way up to Lyndon Johnson, due to the
5 stuff he's got. And he has shown me and I have seen from
6 other people that have worked for him. And the way he's
7 conducted his investigation, it was almost like an FBI
8 investigator, A C.I.A. investigation, the way he got into
9 certain places and stole documents that never would have been
10 made available.

11 Q Or bought them.

12 A Or bought them, sure. And former FBI agents
13 that have resigned that will tell the stories the way they
14 are, and former C.I.A. agents, or people that had, let's say,
15 that are known to have worked for C.I.A. and they are in
16 foreign countries will come here and tell the story only if
17 they are granted that they won't be shot on the way in or
18 way out, or whatever it is, because a lot of people have
19 been shot.

20 Q Now, let's disregard Garrison--your conversation
21 with Garrison in Salt Lake, or wherever it was. Do you
22 personally believe and have you uncovered any evidence in
23 your--on your own to lead you to believe that Sirhan is
24 involved in a conspiracy?

25 A Well, other people--here's something that is very
26 interesting. Garrison says this, and I have seen this happen,

1 face it, everybody was confused. Mayor Yorty was confused,
2 I mean he's--he said a lot to hurt the case in some ways,
3 but one of the things I noticed Mayor Yorty saying, and
4 where did Yorty really get the information unless somebody
5 shoved it in his hand and said, "Here it is," or a policeman.
6 I'm not saying anything about the police, don't get me wrong,

7 Q (*)

8 A He said that--that Sirhan was a member of the--
9 what's the name of the guy, the young Communist thing?

10 Q DuBois Club?

11 A Yeah, (*) with DuBois. He said--I remember seeing
12 on television he was a member of the DuBois, then when the
13 reporters asked him, he said, "Well, we have no real proof
14 that he was a member, but he was at meetings of the DuBois
15 Club." So I asked Garrison about that.

16 Q For your information The Fox Club on North
17 Vermont is ^{next to} a DuBois headquarters.

18 A The Fox Club is a--a--

19 Q Arabian nightclub.

20 A Arabian. Okay, okay, I know that. I know
21 certain things are happening, but this information was placed
22 into Yorty's hands, and Yorty said this at a press conference
23 to throw light that the guy was a Commie. In some ways, but
24 now it changes now that he really hated Kennedy supposedly
25 because of his alliance to Israel and the Jewish people which
26 the Arabs are supposed to hate. But the guy had been here

1 for so damn long. He went to school here, and let's face it,
2 he had as many American ideas as anybody else. When you get
3 here at a young age and you go through the local schools
4 and everything, somebody had to pump information into him
5 and get him to hate to shoot.

6 Q Wait, now, we're talking about--we're talking
7 about--

8 A --you asked me do I believe that there or do I--

9 Q --do you have any evidence is what I asked you.
10 Do you believe in your own heart, and do you have any concrete
11 evidence outside of--

12 A --I have no--I have no evidence. If I had
13 evidence, I'd bring it--give it to you.

14 Q We wish you would if you do.

15 A No, no, I don't.

16 Q If you ever uncover any.

17 A Well, I'm--I'm--look, I'm working on this on
18 my own.

19 Q Let me explain something to you here now, Richard,
20 now talking about hating someone and then joining with two
21 or three other people, one of the persons to commit an act
22 is two different things, and we must bear this in mind. Now,
23 we're speaking of Sirhan maybe being pumped full of hate by
24 someone. There's one thing, he doesn't have to act on it,
25 does he?

26 A No.

1 Q No, but if he conspires with one or two or three
2 people over on the other side here to buy a gun and to buy
3 ammunition and go kill someone--

4 A --where did he get the \$400 to buy it?

5 Q Well--

6 A --an insurance claim.

7 Q That's what we have been told. (*)

8 A That was half of what the money was supposed to
9 be received (*). Well, it was supposed to be a thousand
10 dollars. I heard that he was given a thousand dollars by
11 someone, unknown person. Garrison has proof of this. He
12 says that the money was given to him was a thousand dollars.

13 Q In addition to the so-called insurance money?

14 A I assume so. I don't know how much the insurance
15 was, but I'm saying there was extra money given to him. Uh,
16 Garrison feels that he was induced or seduced or whatever
17 you want to call it by a group of people of which he didn't
18 know too many of the people that he was in with. Now, to
19 get some guy to hate somebody to shoot him is very, very
20 hard to do. I mean, I couldn't do it, and you couldn't do
21 it because to get them aroused to a certain point, put the
22 gun in his hand or give him the gun to go to do it, or make
23 him buy the gun is very hard, and that is why sort of it's
24 in my mind it couldn't be connected, but how many times is
25 a president and then a guy like King and then in--the Senator,
26 all in the same family, all against war, violently against

1 war, how come they get shot? Now this is the average mind
2 of a person--he'll say it's hard to believe that they couldn't
3 be connected, but from what I've seen and what I've heard,
4 now getting back to the--the DuBois, put--at the same time
5 if you look back in Dallas, a Chief Curry issued certain
6 statements right away that were put in his hand that we have
7 a suspect who was a member of the Free Cuba--or whatever it
8 was--and they issued these statements immediately right after-
9 wards. This is a certain planned thing. It was done with
10 Martin Luther King with certain things. Now somebody got a
11 police radio--a lieutenant so and so in the Police Department
12 in Atlanta, or Memphis, excuse me, got on that police radio
13 and ordered police cars to a certain point in time. It was
14 all recorded because the police record their radio system,
15 yet that lieutenant that was on there was never there, and
16 he didn't say those messages, and this--even now, I mean,
17 it's been reported that somebody got in, took a transmitter,
18 got on the same frequency. Now that's easy to do. Most
19 police frequencies around the country are all the same, and
20 he ordered these police cars away from the area which tied
21 up this thing for about an hour and a half so that Earl Ray,
22 or whoever he was, could get away.

23 Q Well,--

24 A --now, I conceived there was deep confusion in
25 that hotel the minute that it happened. The people on the
26 outside of that ballroom didn't really know what was going

1 on except people yelling, "He's been shot." Well, they
2 didn't know, really, who's been shot. You could have made
3 your way out of that ballroom so easy if you had been
4 involved because all you had to do was walk through the
5 crowd. People had their heads down. I walked in that crowd,
6 and I said, "Gee, it would be so easy for nuts to be in here
7 to do this. There's so many people in here." Now, Kennedy
8 not wanting protection--he really didn't care about it, I
9 don't think. I think he knew that if somebody wanted to get
10 him, they'd get him, even the Los Angeles police special
11 squads, if they have them, couldn't have protected this guy,
12 because if somebody wants to kill you, I don't care who you
13 are, he's going to get you.

14 Q BY SGT. STRONG: Well, he shouldn't have been
15 killed in the area he was, that's the only thing (*).

16 A Let me say this. Had Sirhan missed, there was
17 somebody else supposedly to do him in in another area.

18 Q Well, the statements that you made, if someone
19 is going to get him, they're going to get him, that's a true
20 statement.

21 A Sure, that's whether it is an assass--I mean
22 that's a conspirator or not.

23 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: Getting back now to Sirhan,
24 this is what we are vitally concerned with.

25 A Listen, if I can help in any way, I would give you
26 my services to find out. I will--I'm looking at a certain

1 aspect of the thing. Whatever I find I'll--

2 Q --have you talked to anyone outside of Garrison?
3 And you understand now we appreciate your coming and talking
4 to us. Now, we are not arguing with you.

5 A I understand this.

6 Q But have you talked to anyone who, your being a
7 newspaperman, a man in the news media, have you talked to
8 anyone who has inferred or has told you that they have any
9 evidence regarding Sirhan being involved in conspiracy?

10 A It's what you consider evidence. You mean
11 outside of Garrison?

12 Q Uh huh.

13 A Garrison is the only one except for I'll say one
14 other person that knows Garrison and heard the same thing.

15 Q Have you talked to any other law enforcement
16 agency regarding the information you have given us today?

17 A The FBI.

18 Q The local FBI office in Los Angeles?

19 A I talked to Dick Wolf who came to my house who
20 is investigating the Kennedy assassination. I told him the
21 same story.

22 Q Have you talked to any news media besides your
23 own?

24 A No, the reason I never talked to news medias, I
25 know the news media--I mean, I don't want to talk to them,
26 I felt that if there is a story such as this, and if Sirhan

1 Sirhan is involved, then if I'd find out anything, I would
2 go either to the FBI or to the local police.

3 Q May we explain something to you now, Richard?
4 What do they call you, Dick?

5 A Yeah, call me Dick.

6 Q I'm Sandy and this is Tom. The Los Angeles
7 Police Department and the District Attorney's Office of the
8 County of Los Angeles is charged with the responsibility of
9 this case. The FBI is not; we are. Now if something blows
10 or something goes haywire, the FBI will never be held
11 accountable, but we will, like Dallas is.

12 A I realize that. I agree with you.

13 Q Now, I want to explain something to you. Because
14 Senator Kennedy was an officer of the United States Govern-
15 ment as a duly elected Senator, this is the sole reason why
16 actually the FBI is on this case. If he had been a City
17 Councilman they'd never--or a County Supervisor,

18 A They wouldn't care.

19 Q This is right. Now, this is why I want to talk
20 to you in this vein because in the future--now, I can't sit
21 here and neither can my partner sit here and tell you not
22 to talk to the FBI, but we would appreciate very much if you
23 have anything, and you uncover anything, that if you would
24 call us and talk to us first because we have the total--
25 I mean total responsibility.

26 A Well, let me just say this, the funny thing is,

1 and I told this to the officers upstairs--

2 Q Yeah.

3 A The day after the shooting of Senator Kennedy
4 I called the District Attorney's Office, Evelle Younger's
5 Office. I didn't know who to talk to. I said, "Look, I
6 was right next to the Senator when he was assassinated." I
7 told--that night in confusion even the police were confused
8 because there was a policeman, a young policeman there. He
9 didn't know what to do really. I went up to him, and I
10 said, "Look, I was in the room." (*) "I was in the room and
11 I was right next to him. You can see all the blood on my
12 leg." He said, "Don't bother me; I'm busy, buddy." And I
13 said, "Hey, look,"--you know, look, I can understand that I
14 would have done the same thing, too, people running around
15 with guns there, the police running.

16 Q I was a young policeman once.

17 A Okay, so the next day I called the District
18 Attorney's Office a couple days later, and I said, "Look, I
19 gave my name to a policeman there, but I think he was so
20 confused he didn't know what day it was, and I'd like to
21 tell--I was at the assassination and if you need me, call
22 me." That afternoon the policeman called back and said
23 this is police officer so and so, and he asked me where I
24 was, and I told him and he said, "Good. I'll put your name
25 down and if they need you, they'll call you." Okay,
26 apparently you moved your investigation from Rampart District

1 to the main thing. I don't know if you lost the papers or
2 not because my name got lost because Risener or Risen up-
3 stairs--

4 Q Right.

5 A --called the 9000 number building where I have
6 an office and asked the--this was just last week--I mean
7 this is now, we're a month and a half or two months--

8 Q --I know, let me--

9 A --I know, I'm just saying this is what's funny.
10 He said, "We've been having a hell of a time to find out
11 where you were." He says, "We want to talk to you about the
12 Kennedy"--he told me about the Rampart thing. I said, "Well,
13 I'll tell you anything you want to know. I'll tell you
14 where I was--you got all my pictures." The interesting part
15 was one week to the day the FBI was right at my house. Now,
16 I was at Salt Lake, and my wife called me and said, "There's
17 an FBI agent that called here and they want to see you."
18 She says, "Are you in any kind of trouble?" I said, "No.
19 No, it must be the Kennedy thing." Now, I felt that I--I
20 asked--I thought that the District Attorney's Office, this
21 policeman had given my name to the FBI. So I called this
22 guy Wolfhere at Los Angeles. I said, "Look, I'll be back"--
23 it was on a Friday--"I'll be back and I'll call you as soon
24 as I get in." He said, "As soon as you get in, call me and
25 I'll have somebody come out to your house and take your
26 statement." Well, I got in and I lost his name. My wife had

1 his name on a piece of paper, so I called the FBI, and I
2 said, "Look, I can't remember the guy's name. It's Dick
3 Lewis or Dick Smith," and she says, "Look, we've got plenty
4 of FBI agents, I'll transfer you." They transferred me all
5 around the place and then that Monday that guy called me up
6 and said, "Mr. Lubic, why didn't you call me when you got
7 back?" And I said, "To be truthful with you, my wife lost
8 your name or the phone number, so I asked information for the
9 number." He said, "I would like to come out and see you right
10 now." "Okay, come on out." Now I said to him--particularly
11 I said, "Well, I live at 2010 Hillcrest Road up in Hollywood."
12 He says, "Well, you live on the second floor, don't you?" He
13 says, "Is there room in your garage?" Now, I live in an
14 apartment, a double, two story--"because the last time I was
15 up there, there was no room in your garage." So that means
16 he had been there before now either to look for me, not
17 finding us home, but he knew exactly where I lived. He knew
18 my phone number which happens to be an unlisted line, so he
19 had had to get it from the telephone company.

20 So when he got there, I showed--told him everything,
21 drew the pictures where I was, and I related--I said, "Look,
22 I've never told this to an officer of law before, but I got
23 to tell you now. Kennedy is dead and it really has hit me--
24 this story which I told you. He argued about it, and he was
25 a nice guy, don't get me wrong; he was a very nice guy. And
26 he said to me--let me just finish this--he kind of disbelieved

1 it but you never know. I then said, "How did you get my
2 name? By the way, did you get it through the District
3 Attorney's office?" And he says, "No, I got it from a member
4 of the Kennedy staff." Okay, now I had told Frank Mankiewicz
5 this story. Apparently the FBI and Frank Mankiewicz--I said,
6 "Who on the staff?" He says, "I can't tell you that, but it
7 came from Washington. Your name came from Washington, not
8 from our local office here." Now, he is in charge of an
9 investigation, I guess, like you say because it is a Senator,
10 but I think they are involved in a lot just the same as you
11 are. I think they are looking to see if there is a con-
12 spiracy.

13 Q Absolutely.

14 A I mean, let's face it, just because he's an offi-
15 cer of the United States Government, I think they are deeply
16 involved to find out.

17 SGT. STRONG: We are deeply involved to find out
18 if there is a conspiracy, too--the Los Angeles Police
19 Department. And we're going to delve into it very thoroughly.
20 (*)

21 A I think this is the most important thing that you can
22 do.

23 SGT. STRONG: Absolutely.

24 SGT. SANDELIN: That's why I asked you a very
25 pertinent question.

26 A Yeah, if I have anything--if I can uncover

1 anything, you'll have it. I will because I--I am in sort
2 of position now where I think that Sirhan Sirhan didn't do
3 it by himself. I mean in the room I saw the gun, and I
4 saw--

5 Q BY SGT. SANBLIN: This is an opinion you have
6 formed?

7 A This is an opinion I formed because--

8 Q --how did you form this opinion?

9 A Because I feel that the guy--now, forget the
10 idea of me being there.

11 Q Just forget Garrison now. The Jewish thing (*)
12 Forget Garrison. We want to talk about you only.

13 A I feel that this guy in some way was driven
14 either by money in certain deposits put away and by certain
15 people telling him in California he'd never go to the gas
16 chamber because he wouldn't, because there's a moratorium
17 on death here that public opinion--and even you've seen it--
18 now public opinion in some way now would be for him, and
19 they have received letters praising the guy for shooting,
20 that he'd never go--the odds were that he may get the death
21 penalty but he'd never die, and he'd be let out. Now, how
22 old is 20--20 some years old?

23 SGT. STRONG: Twenty-three.

24 A Let's assume say you spend five years in the
25 county jail or in prison; you get out and they'll deport you
26 back to Jordan maybe, or you write a story and somebody will

1 pick it up because that's what happens. Now today's people
2 are made a hero, you know, if they commit crimes. Right now
3 the way of our courts are--you even said it when you came in
4 here--there's a certain--you can't even do, and him being non-
5 committal from what I have heard, he doesn't talk to anybody.
6 He's never even related to the case. Somebody--now, he's
7 not that bright that he's studied that much law to say
8 nothing, and he hasn't said a damn thing unless he has said
9 it to this lawyer of his. And I don't think the lawyer is
10 even going to say what he has told him because he can't.

11 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: But so far, Dick, you did not--

12 A --in my mind I say this. I feel he did not act
13 alone.

14 Q All right. But so far you personally have not
15 uncovered any person or group of persons that has talked to
16 him along these lines that has paid him any amount of money?
17 Now, I'm not being arbitrary. I'm not arguing with you, Dick,
18 but you have not uncovered yet, and I'm sure you are all ears
19 and eyes, and you yet have not uncovered anything pertinent
20 that you could really put your hand on that would indicate
21 that he was influenced by people or that he was paid by
22 people or was part of a group of people.

23 A I can answer your question up to this point.

24 Q You feel in your own heart (*)

25 A I feel that, and this is I--I--whatever you said,
26 I say I do not know of anybody that has actually given him

1 money, has been seen with him--I don't know the people that
2 he is associated with because I'm not an investigator. But
3 from what I have heard from other sources, Garrison and some
4 people with Garrison--

5 Q What do you think of the possibility of him being
6 turned on by a nationalistic fervor?

7 A Well, I said that could be turned on. You mean
8 a nationalistic fervor against Kennedy?

9 Q An Arabic nationalistic fervor after the Six
10 Days' War with Egypt?

11 A He could have been. He could have said it's a
12 terrible thing (*) but I think he's a little--long enough in
13 this country, let's face it.

14 Q You mentioned an office here. You say you have
15 an office?

16 A Yeah.

17 Q Where is that?

18 A 9000 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 510. We're just
19 moving in, and it's just being decorated. The name of the
20 company is Color Corporation of America.

21 Q BY SGT. STRONG: Color Corporation?

22 A Color, and I'm president if it, and it's a
23 locally-owned subsidiary of Gyro, G-y-r-o, Dynamics Corporation,
24 and I'm a vice president of Gyro.

25 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: This is a local firm, too?

26 A No, Gyro is in Salt Lake City. We are in the

1 closed circuit advertising business. And the reason I went
2 in there, Ron Buak is in there; Pierre Salinger is in that
3 office.

4 Q I see.

5 A And I knew them.

6 Q What is your telephone number there? Do you
7 have one yet?

8 A Well, it's not installed. In fact, I had the
9 number--the telephone company gave me the number, but it's--
10 it won't be in the telephone book. You can reach me through
11 these two.

12 Q Fine. Now, let's recap briefly here. You say
13 you met Garrison in December or January?

14 A January.

15 Q January of 1968? Now, how many times since you
16 met Garrison have you met him personally and talked to him
17 personally?

18 A Twice. The first time and one other, but I have
19 talked to him on the phone many times.

20 Q On the phone many times. This is from Los
21 Angeles to New Orleans?

22 A Or Palm Springs or in Los Angeles when he's here,
23 or other places that he is. He's very scared about phones
24 because they have bugged--I know his phones are bugged, but
25 he usually called from the New Orleans Athletic Club on a
26 special line, and that's where you can get a hold of him.

1 Q Now, back to your line of endeavor, you say you
2 started Tempo?

3 A I produced a show called Tempo.

4 Q Tempo I?

5 A Yeah, with Stan Barman (phonetic) and Maria Cole.

6 Q And when did you start this?

7 A In December.

8 Q In December of 1967?

9 A '67, right.

10 Q And how long did you produce that show?

11 A I worked there until April of this year.

12 Q April of this year, and that is CBS?

13 A No, no, that's RKO General, RKO General. But
14 in March of this year they appointed me news director of the
15 channel.

16 Q Channel 9?

17 A Channel 9.

18 Q You stayed there until April then?

19 A And I had a fight with management because Channel
20 9 doesn't make any money, and they wouldn't put up any more
21 dough, and I was working ten hours a day and I wanted more
22 money.

23 Q Good. You answered my next question.

24 A We had a fight. I had a fight with the president
25 and vice president and the general manager, and he said,
26 "There is the door," and I said good-bye.

1 Q What is his name?

2 A Wally Sherwin.

3 Q BY SGT. STRONG: Wally Shoen?

4 A Sherwin, S-h-e-r-w-i-n.

5 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: How did you think that these
6 so-called newsmen who were part-time detectives, to reflect
7 back to your statement, how do you think they got to know
8 about Bradley?

9 A I could tell you one person was following the
10 case of Garrison, became friends of him when they first
11 opened the trial or first indicted Clay Shaw, and he became
12 friends with him here working in Los Angeles. I think
13 Garrison got to him and said, "We have somebody we'd like
14 you to look at." They then said none of these guys get paid.
15 I think Garrison pays their expenses if they have to travel
16 so far, but they don't get paid. They do it because they
17 believe seriously that he's got something. Say, there is
18 another interesting thing, out at Van Nuys airport there is
19 a--B-25's that are being rebuilt and U-2's that are in
20 hangars out there, and they are heavily guarded by--by army
21 or air force police. There was a guy that was in a picture
22 that Garrison--that was a really strange thing, a picture of
23 a man that Garrison had that was connected in some way--
24 (end of one side of tape). And he was gone. Now if that
25 was a fantasy or anything, but this guy took his picture,
26 this local guy took a picture of the guy, put them together

1 with (*) and I saw both pictures and it's (*) the same guy.
2 Well, you could say those were the same pictures except one
3 was in New Or--or one was in Houston or Dallas, wherever it
4 was, but this one was taken out at Van Nuys because I saw a
5 sign, Van Nuys Savings and Loan, and a building behind, but
6 that has disappeared supposedly.

7 Q BY SGT. STRONG: When was this, point of time?

8 A Just about I'd say March.

9 Q You think those planes would still be out there?

10 A Oh, I think they're there. They take off at
11 night.

12 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: (*)

13 A You can sit out there and see it taking off.

14 Q Bearing in mind the fact that Oswald was done in
15 with by Jack Ruby, do you think there's any possibility of
16 this Clay Shaw and this Gene Bradley being knocked off by
17 their own people to shut their mouths?

18 A I don't know. If they work that way, I assume
19 they could. Garrison thinks that Clay Shaw will die of a
20 heart attack like 17 other people have died, like Sheriffs
21 of the Dallas County Police Department. Two Sheriffs hit
22 each other headon with a car and died. I mean that's kind
23 of--a 28-year-old Sheriff has a heart attack? I have looked
24 at every one of their records. He's got a file there that
25 he calls--what do they call the thing where they put it away
26 until 20--

1 Q Archives?

2 A He called it the Garrison Archives, and I mean
3 you can't get in that room. He's got guys --Dallas--I mean
4 New Orleans State Police or County Sheriffs in there all
5 trusted, then he's got a guy sitting in there. I think they
6 change the guard. It's like where you have Sirhan Sirhan.
7 But he lets you go in there and look at it because he doesn't
8 want to hide it, and he's got files on all these mysterious
9 deaths; and after you read these things, I mean police officers
10 being shot, somebody out here in Long Beach, California, that
11 was connected with the case was shot right in the Police
12 Department.

13 Q Have you ever talked to any members of the Sirhan
14 family yourself?

15 A No.

16 Q Have you ever seen them?

17 A On television.

18 Q Have you ever talked to any so-called friends or
19 associates of Sirhan Sirhan?

20 A No.

21 Q Have you talked to any member of the District
22 Attorney's Office or his defense attorney's staff or any
23 authorized agent that has talked to them outside of us?

24 A I don't think so. I talked to the District
25 Attorney when I told him about being there with Kennedy. The
26 reason I haven't done too much about this, except I have

1 certain--we have been setting up this company which is a large
2 thing. We're in all these hotels on closed circuit, and there
3 is a lot of money to be made in this, and I'm president of
4 the company, and I have been setting it up.

5 Q Have you ever been arrested?

6 A Yes.

7 Q What for?

8 A I was arrested in 1960, something I owned, a
9 company called Dick Hornbiok (phonetic) and Associates up in
10 Walnut Creek, California. I had a salesman who signed a
11 sales document with my name on it--his name and my name. It
12 was for a \$20,000 sale. He forged the customer's name. He
13 got the commission, took off. He left. I thought he was sick
14 or something; because I owned the company, the guy sued me on
15 a civil suit. I refused to pay it. It was two--a four
16 thousand dollar bill. I refused to pay it because I took out
17 a warrant on this guy for forgery, but because I owned the
18 company and because my name was on there, they--the police
19 thought that I might be involved in it. I went to police
20 headquarters--there was a sergeant--and not San Jose, but the
21 County--whatever county that is, and I always have nice cars.
22 I had a Cadillac. I have one now. For some reason this guy
23 doesn't like young guys that drove Cadillacs, and he says,
24 "Is that your Cadillac out in our driveway?" Well, it wasn't
25 in their driveway. It was parked out to the side. I said,
26 "Yes, it is." And I had a phone in it because I'm in the

1 communications business. He says, "How in the hell do you
2 make enough money to support that damn Cadillac with a phone
3 in it?" And I said, "I don't think that is any business of
4 yours." You know, I got mad because he really didn't have
5 the right to say that. Well, he didn't like that, and he says,
6 "You signed this guy's name because this Gary so and so, we
7 can't find him, so we think--would you write the signature
8 down here," and I wrote it down, and he said, "I got a hand-
9 writing expert here, the best in the country, that says you
10 signed that." I says, "I think you better prove it in court,
11 and I'll get my attorney." He says, "What do you mean you're
12 going to get your attorney?" I said, "First of all you made
13 me sign all this stuff here. I told you--"

14 Q --you had actually been booked?

15 A No, no, he had me in this room signing my signa-
16 ture, and I think that was against the law to be truthful
17 with you. And I did it because I didn't sign the thing, and
18 so I got really made, and I said, "Look, if you want to arrest
19 me, would you please do it so I can call my attorney, but I
20 don't think you can do it." He said, "I've got a handwriting
21 expert in the next room, but wait here." I said, "Unless you
22 arrest me right now, I'm going to walk out because I don't
23 think you have anything on me. I did not sign that. This
24 guy Gary so and so did it." All right, I had a communications
25 job in which I set up a trucking company's communications
26 nationwide. This was 1963 I went back to New Jersey and set

1 up this communications system for them. At the same time I
2 was offered a job as national director of television for Time
3 Magazine. It paid \$68,000 a year salary which is a big job.
4 I was 26 years old, and you know that's a damn good job, and
5 a hundred percent expenses, so I took that job. One month
6 later my dad calls me up. We're from Fresno and he's assist-
7 ant superintendent of Fresno County schools. I played
8 football there. Everybody knows me. I know the FBI agent
9 in charge of the office there. The FBI comes to my dad's
10 house and says, "I'm looking for your son." I dated this FBI
11 agent's daughter. And he says, "What for?" He says, "Some-
12 body up in Santa Clara has taken a warrant out for forgery,
13 and he skipped the country." My dad says, "No, he's living
14 in New Jersey. I'll tell you his address and everything."

15 So my Dad calls me up and he's really, you know, my
16 dad's a school teacher and all this, and here I got this
17 great job, and he says, "Rich, the F.B."--he was crying--"the
18 FBI was here to arrest you, what have you done?" I said,
19 "I don't know." So I called my attorney in California, and
20 I said, "The FBI has a warrant for my arrest, would you go
21 find out?" He said, "Well, don't do anything until they
22 arrest you." He says, "It may be--do you remember, did you
23 commit a crime?" I said, "No, but there is a deal up in
24 Santa Clara County," and that was it. Anyways the FBI
25 arrested me; that was the arrest. I don't know if you call
26 it arrest--they arrested me and took me to the United States

1 Commissioner for extradition to California.

2 Q Were you fingerprinted and booked?

3 A Oh, yeah, marshall and all that.

4 Q Pictures and all this?

5 A My uncle was a former--

6 Q --you were arrested in New Jersey?

7 A New Jersey.

8 Q By the FBI?

9 A By the FBI.

10 Q And extradited out here.

11 A Well, I was never extradited out here.

12 Q I see.

13 A I went to the United States Commissioner by the
14 name of Cancaras (phonetic) in Rutherford, New Jersey. My
15 uncle was a former Attorney General of the State of Pennsyl-
16 vania. And I didn't even mention it, but this guy graduated
17 from the University of Pennsylvania with my uncle, so he knew
18 the name. He said, "Are you a relative of a Lubic in
19 Pennsylvania?" I said, "Yes." He says, "Is your uncle a
20 former attorney general?" I said,--I mean, I said, "My uncles
21 all live there." He said, "I graduated with your uncle."
22 He said, "What the hell are you doing here?" He says, "I
23 don't want to know too much about it, it's not my job to know
24 anything about this; it's an extradition thing. They're going
25 to take you to the Hudson County Jail." And at that time the
26 Hudson County Jail, they had just arrested the warden of the

1 for all kinds of stuff, and I said, "Oh, man, I got a job
2 with Time and they're going to fire me if they hear this."
3 He says, "Have you got a hundred dollars on you?" I said,
4 "Yeah." He says, "Give me a hundred dollars and I'll--you
5 post a thousand dollars bail. Get the hell out of here."
6 The FBI takes me home. One of the guys I had gone--went to
7 the University of Idaho and played football up there. One of
8 the FBI agents had played against me in Colorado. It was so,
9 you know, he said, "What in the hell is going on?" So I told
10 him the story, and he said, "We hate this stuff. This is a
11 bill collection." Anyways no extradition. They were supposed
12 to send a guy out. I refused to be extradited. I wanted
13 them to be really--because that sergeant was the guy. It was
14 a sergeant so and so, I forget his name. I--one year later
15 the police chief of that guy--that town where I lived--came
16 up and said, "I have a warrant for your arrest." He said--
17 I said, "What for?" He said, "Well, a year ago the FBI
18 arrested you; nobody came to get you, but now they want to
19 take you back." That's a year later. I had contacted my
20 attorney, and I knew what it was about, the \$4,000, so I
21 called my attorney right away, and I said, "Look, Paul, I'll
22 send you the \$4,000; let's get this thing ended once and for
23 all," plus I had paid \$2,000 to attorneys and they (*) not to
24 be extradited.

25 Q This wasn't Paul Caruso?

26 A No, Paul Massisner (phonetic) in Fresno who went

1 up to Santa Clara and got an attorney there. He paid it off
2 and immediately they dropped charges, the people, the \$4,000--
3 I paid the \$4,000. They immediately dropped the charges. He
4 appeared--my attorney appeared before a judge there and plead
5 nolo contendere which they had to do or else I'd have to come
6 back. Now, I told my employers of Time Magazine about this,
7 and they were willing to pay my court trial, go back and do
8 it. So their attorneys, Kravitz, Wayne and Moore, in New York
9 (*) Time put up a lot of money for this to pay my way because
10 he believed my story, and it just so happens that it was nolo
11 contendere, and this was in 1966 it finally ended. But in
12 '67, one year later, I finally petitioned the court and they
13 had an order clearing record.

14 Q Why did you leave Time then?

15 A I left Time--it was--I was with Time for three
16 years. The reason I left Time was I was on the road 11 months
17 out of the year. I have three kids. I have one kid that has
18 asthma. New York is rough on asthma. I was offered the job
19 as president of a company out in the desert, Video Communi-
20 cations, at \$40,000 a year plus a percentage of the company,
21 25 percent, in the cable television business. We went out
22 there in the desert, and Video Communications has some, oh,
23 five thousand subscribers out in Desert Hot Springs and Paris.
24 I then--one year after that, January of 196--not January--in
25 October of '67, it was less than a year, I sold out to my
26 three partners because they really didn't want to expand.

1 They are three retired guys. Made some money in it, then I
2 started producing this show which was in December.

3 Q BY SGT. STRONG: Let me ask you a question here.
4 You know Attorney George Davis?

5 A I have heard of the name. He's a big attorney
6 from San Francisco.

7 SGT. SANDLIN: Right.

8 A Yeah, he was with Ruby in some way. Yeah, he
9 had some connection.

10 Q BY SGT. STRONG: Have you ever personally met him?

11 A No.

12 Q He was on your show, the Tempo show, here a few
13 days ago?

14 A Well, I don't buy this of now.

15 Q Pardon?

16 A I'm not there any more.

17 Q You're not attached with the show any more?

18 A No, I left there.

19 Q Well, I thought you might have something still--

20 A --I know the associate producer. He keeps me
21 filled in with a lot of stuff that comes up.

22 Q Has he mentioned anything about this conversation,
23 this telephonic conversation that he had with George Davis
24 in San Francisco?

25 A (*)

26 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: Do you think that?

1 A Anyways that's the arrest thing, and really it--
2 it cost me a lot of money. It cost--my dad had a heart
3 attack over it, ill feeling thinking that I was a criminal,
4 my mother-in-law, you know. The FBI arrests you, what do
5 you do? But it's--I have an order clearing record and all
6 that.

7 Q BY SGT. STRONG: That's the only arrest you have
8 ever had then?

9 A Yes, correct.

10 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: Do you think that Garrison is
11 paid by the Kennedy family (*) from the Kennedy family?

12 A There have been statements that he is being paid
13 by the Kennedy family by people not connected with them. I
14 don't know. I know this, that Kennedy--I mean Garrison had
15 a man working for him that got into this Garrison's vault,
16 took a lot of papers out and left. A highly trusted guy.
17 Now, they said Garrison said that this guy worked for the
18 Kennedy family.

19 Q You said something prior that Garrison had a
20 hundred men backing him down there on this.

21 A Yeah, a hundred businessmen or some figure like
22 that put up so much money. But when Clay Shaw's defense asked
23 to petition the court, who were these people--a lot of them
24 dropped out. They didn't want their names to be known, so
25 Garrison did the same thing, who's paying Clay Shaw's defense,
26 and some little attorney said, "Well, I'm handling it free of

1 charge just like this guy about Earl Ray says, "Well, we
2 don't need any money," but he's made three trips to London.

3 Q Now, this Ronald Buck president of The Factory?

4 A Yeah, he's an attorney, Ronald Buck.

5 Q He is an attorney but he is president of The
6 Factory?

7 A Yeah.

8 Q What do you want to call it a nightclub?

9 A It's a discotheque.

10 Q Okay, now, you saw all this evidence that you
11 are speaking of, pictures, in his office?

12 A Well, I saw the pictures and a lot of the evidence
13 in his office, but later on I saw more of it, but he saw a
14 substantial amount for him to say, "I'll call Pierre Salinger
15 right now and tell him about it."

16 Q Who brought this evidence to Ronald Buck's office?

17 A And investigator for Garrison who I had Garrison
18 send somebody because I didn't believe the story, and finally
19 he brought his briefcase in.

20 Q Do you think Mr. Buck has any of that material in
21 his office now?

22 A No, because the investigator made sure that he
23 took everything with him.

24 Q How many times did you go to Ronald Buck's office
25 and see this material?

26 A Just once. I had this man meet me at Ronald Buck's

1 office. The reason--

2 Q --do you remember what time that was?

3 A It was at night, around 6:30 or 7 o'clock.

4 Q And what day--I mean was it the spring or summer?

5 A Yeah, the spring. It was near the Indiana
6 campaign. About the same time that they asked me to do this.
7 Now, the reason I used--not used, but I asked Ronald Buck is
8 Ronnie Buck is a close personal friend of Peter Lawford who
9 is the brother-in-law of John Kennedy who is still pretty
10 good--in with the family. Pierre Salinger and he knew Robert
11 Kennedy, and I thought he being an attorney and a very
12 substantial-type guy, and if he believed the story as I heard
13 it, then there might be something to it.

14 Q BY SGT. STRONG: How old is this Ronald Buck
15 would you say?

16 A Thirty-eight years old.

17 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: How many hours were you in
18 Ronald Buck's office that evening when you looked at this
19 stuff?

20 A Two to two and a half (*) maybe three.

21 Q Now, you have described that Kennedy's reaction
22 to Garrison's offer to lay this all out on the table for him
23 was refused? By Kennedy through--

24 A Well, Mankiewicz refused it. Whether Kennedy
25 knew, I don't know, but the answer was no.

26 Q Uh huh. And Jack Ruby, was there evidence

1 presented there at that time that this Jack Ruby--

2 A --yeah.

3 Q --was really part of the committee or--

4 A --no, not the committee.

5 Q Or the shooters?

6 A No.

7 Q BY SGT. STRONG: What nettle (sic) would he be
8 put in the bottom (*)

9 A They put him in an area where they knew--first of
10 all he was a pimp. I mean he worked for the Dallas police--
11 because all the Dallas policemen knew him, but it was purely
12 a money deal. When he was arrested, they found that som
13 many thousand dollars in his trunk, and then they went to his
14 house and found thousands and thousands of dollars in his
15 bedroom. Now he was hurting for money, yet he had like
16 \$18,000 in cash. The story was because he hated Oswald and
17 all this stuff--Garrison says that's not true. He was paid
18 to do it. He had--walked right in there. In fact, I mean
19 everybody seen him, and he just seemed to walk right in.

20 Q BY SGT. HANDLIN: Has Garrison ever talked to
21 you personally, or do you know if he has ever contacted Mrs.
22 Oswald in person?

23 A I don't know.

24 Q You don't know?

25 A He may have.

26 Q You don't know this of your own knowledge?

1 A It's a good question. I'll ask him really,
2 because he's going to be here next week, and I'll talk to
3 him. I--I--assume he probably has.

4 Q It would be interesting to see what she has
5 divulged to him, if anything, if she's aware of her husband's
6 alleged activities with the C.I.A.

7 A I think.

8 Q And FBI and all that?

9 A Well, there was a story of the day of the
10 shooting, right after the shooting, she was away from Dallas
11 with her mother in a car--or somebody, mother-in-law, or
12 somebody, and the FBI agent wouldn't tell her--it was when
13 he was killed, Oswald killed, that the FBI agent would not
14 tell her that he was killed although he heard it over his
15 radio, FBI radio, and he took her to some--something, Flagg,
16 Texas, and they kept her in a room there and wouldn't let
17 her go back to the hospital where Oswald was being held. And
18 I remember this story being related to me by a guy that
19 works for Garrison, so apparently they did have some communi-
20 cation with Maria Oswald.

21 Q Do you have any opinion at all how much Garrison
22 has spent on this?

23 A I'd say well over a million dollars. He'd have
24 to. I saw one guy that was out here that was an investigator
25 that was the sharpest guy I've ever seen. And then I heard
26 he was a former C.I.A. agent and left the country. He was

1 working in L.A. and I used to see him up on Sunset Strip.
2 He used to be at the Hamburger Hamlet up on Sunset, and I
3 met him there once and he told me he was a former C.I.A.
4 agent, and he was a former pilot of a B-29, and he flew for
5 C.I.A. in the Congo, and he was--he showed me--I believed
6 him because he said, "It's just getting too hot here; I got
7 to leave; I've been working for Garrison." But apparently
8 Garrison has paid people then when it got too hot, he left.
9 This guy has disappeared completely, so I know he took off.

10 Q Now, you spoke of Garrison being scared of the
11 fact that he would not be able to ever get this whole thing
12 into court. In talking to him on this vein, has he told you
13 this personally?

14 A Yes.

15 Q Has he ever mentioned any names of people, or
16 what did he call it?

17 A Took a shot at him?

18 Q No, who would try to keep him from presenting
19 this in court.

20 A Well, this committee.

21 Q This committee.

22 Q BY SGT. STRONG: Okay, that's the next question
23 I want to get into. Let's go through the committee. You say
24 you know the names of high-up--let's go to the top.

25 A Now this I told you that he can't prove this,
26 or he can, but--okay, there was a General Walker.

1 Q General Walker?

2 A Walker that Kennedy threw out of the Army that
3 Lee Harvey Oswald was supposed to have taken pot shots at.
4 He was in great--he had--well, let's put it this way. There
5 are--there is a right wing and there is a left wing. There's--
6 there are a lot of people in this government that have
7 penetrated certain areas of the government that have a lot
8 of influence. General Walker, being a general, knew certain
9 people that could connect him to other people in the military
10 and the C.I.A. that had been former military that had been in
11 the C.I.A. He is supposedly involved. A great right wing
12 guy. In fact, he has radio shows, is H. L. Hunt. H. L. Hunt
13 would have been hurt in many ways if the oil depletion
14 allowance had gone through. He violently hated Catholics.
15 Now this is all supposition in the mind--in the mind, but I
16 know this is--this is the Garrison thing. I mean some of
17 these names have been told to me by Garrison's people.
18 Garrison himself would never tell me these things.

19 Q Now, have these two names been told to you by
20 Garrison people?

21 A Yes.

22 Q These are not opinions you have?

23 A No, these are people that were mentioned.

24 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: Ever mention a man by the name
25 of Lewis?

26 A I know he was a perjurer or something. No.

1 Q Now, they have never mentioned his name?

2 A No, they have--they said there are ten people on
3 that committee of which the next name would be Jim Wells.

4 Q BY SGT. STRONG: Well, how does Jim Wells--

5 A Well, Jim Wells--there is a county named after
6 him in Texas, Jim Wells County, a rich oil guy, and he is
7 the guy that has put up a lot of money for Lyndon Johnson,
8 and it was this Jim Wells County that a disputed election of
9 Lyndon Johnson to become a Congressman where they had votes
10 (*) He's been a long-time friend of Lyndon Johnson, and he's
11 very wealthy. The name Brown and Root, (phonetic) is a large
12 industrial military complex. They build 80 percent of all
13 the bases in Vietnam and all over the world. Brown is dead
14 or Root is dead, one of the two, but very close to Lyndon
15 Johnson, tied up in oil ventures and joint ventures with these
16 people. Those four names, or five names, are basically the
17 only ones. There are some others, but right now I just
18 don't remember.

19 Q Okay, that is the top level, now let's go down
20 the middle level, the money, the bookkeepers, now who--

21 A --well, I assume Edgar Eugene Bradley is the
22 bookkeeper because he had been, or a finder,

23 Q Okay, anyone else that you put in this level?

24 A There are some other people I just--I'll give
25 you my file when I get home. I'll call you and tell you the
26 names because I've got a file on them. I got tapes.

1 Q How many people (*)

2 A I don't know. I don't know. There is 90 some
3 people in the whole thing, so I'd say ten at the top and
4 others at the bottom are not even connected or don't even
5 know.

6 Q (*)

7 A They just receive payoffs and they were told to
8 look the other way, or like Tippet, Officer Tippet, the
9 guy that was shot never wore a uniform in three years. He
10 was an undercover detective and he was in uniform in a police
11 car that day. Now if the president's there, maybe you'd be
12 in uniform. If the president came here, but Dallas is a
13 funny police department.

14 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: Has the FBI or the Secret
15 Service or any other governmental agency looked at your files
16 or listened to the tapes that you have at all?

17 A No, the only time I've told is this FBI agent
18 who is kind of interested, yet, I don't think he wanted to
19 get involved in it. To be truthful, I really don't think--
20 he said to me, "Look, I'm an American citizen and if I knew
21 this was going--even as an FBI agent, and somebody told me
22 not to investigate this, and I investigated it and found out
23 it to be true, I'd have to say something." Now there are
24 other FBI agents that must have investigated this and found
25 out certain things. Why haven't they come out? We had a
26 little back-to-back bout about it which was very interesting

1 because I'd never talked that far to an FBI agent, but I
2 think his mind was thinking that this could be true, but he
3 left. Now, I don't know if he found reports to this effect
4 or not. I think--I'm sure he did.

5 Q In talking to Garrison or his people, how much
6 have they implicated the National States Rights Party?

7 A Well, the National States Rights Party--

8 Q --no, have they implicated them, I'll ask you
9 that?

10 A Yes, there is this thing, this document, that
11 they, the National States Rights Party, said to stop the
12 Communists, take over America and all this stuff, and the
13 black take over and all this. We must eliminate--

14 Q Do you think there is any tie-up between the
15 National States Rights Party and this committee? (*)

16 A Only on money principles. I think some of the
17 people on the committee through other agencies or otherwise
18 Federal money to the National States Rights Party, let's face
19 it, they do it to the Ku Klux Klan, too. And there are people
20 in the Communist Party that are not in the Communist Party
21 that want to see the Communists do certain things that give
22 money to their group (*).

23 Q Now, I have one other question here that you have
24 been following very closely, we understand this. What is
25 your reaction--what is your opinion of the investigation being
26 conducted by the Los Angeles Police Department and the

1 District Attorney's Office in relation to this case?

2 A I don't know your investigation (*)

3 Q Well, you read the newspapers and you--

4 A --I think it has been kept very quiet, your
5 investigation. I think that's what you have to do with the
6 recent rulings of the Supreme Court. You can't say a damn
7 thing or you're--

8 SGT. STRONG: This right here.

9 A What's that?

10 SGT. STRONG: This is a court order that we wish
11 you to--I don't know whether you have read this court order.
12 This is the court order from Judge Alarcon that states that
13 you--now that we have discussed this--you can't discuss the
14 case because you are bound by this court order just like we
15 are, and later on--

16 A --I mean to the FBI, what if they--

17 SGT. STRONG: No, it goes on. You can read the
18 whole article there. You can read it there and it says--a
19 copy of the order itself, and we're required to do this to
20 everybody we talk to.

21 A I know. I know.

22 SGT. STRONG: For your own edification you should
23 read it there.

24 A Yes, everybody does deputize or--you know ever
25 since Kennedy got shot, I've had a nail-biting thing. I
26 can't stop biting my nails. It's a reaction I went to the

1 doctor about it (*) It's nervousness. But it's interesting.
2 Do I get to keep this?

3 SGT. STRONG: No, this is just a copy that--is
4 this extra?

5 SGT. SANDLIN: This is an extra copy.

6 SGT. STRONG: Extra copy for him to keep?

7 SGT. SANDLIN: Yes, we'll note that we served it
8 on you.

9 A Oh, all right, very good. I want you to know that
10 really everything I told you is basically the truth. I mean
11 it is the truth, and I told you a lot of things because the
12 guy, Garrison, has--I mean he has trusted me because up to a
13 point I have never in any of the programs I've produced, any
14 of the newscasts, I have never said anything wrong about the
15 guy, and I won't say anything wrong about you because I
16 believe that if you have an investigation until you get to
17 court that's when it is--when this trial is over, then you
18 can talk about it.

19 Q BY SGT. SANDLIN: One question along this line
20 which you don't have to answer because it is of a political
21 nature, were you a strong supporter of Robert Kennedy in
22 your own political way?

23 A I'm a Democrat. I would have voted for him, yes.
24 I believed in some of his things. I also believed in some
25 of the things that Rockefeller said. I would have voted for
26 him.

Sgt. Strong: Good. Okay, thank you very much.

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